SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 29 May 2021 Version 11

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: 66-120 MONARCH MOPAKO WALL/CEILING PAINT INTERIOR LATEX FLAT- MIDTONE BASE	
Product code	: 00401325	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	: Consumer applications, Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Manufacturer <u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	 PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272 (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México) 	
Technical Phone Number	: 1-800-441-9695 (8:00 am to 5:00 pm EST)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 4.4% (oral), 23.4% (dermal), 12.7% (inhalation)
	This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).
GHS label elements	

United States

Page: 1/13

Version 11

Product name 66-120 MONARCH MOPAKO WALL/CEILING PAINT INTERIOR LATEX FLAT-MIDTONE BASE

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms



	•
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	Mixture
Product name	66-120 MONARCH MOPAKO WALL/CEILING PAINT INTERIOR LATEX FLAT- MIDTONE BASE

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
∠ ímestone	≥10 - ≤20	1317-65-3
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	13463-67-7
Kaolin	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	1332-58-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	14808-60-7

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Version 11

Product name 66-120 MONARCH MOPAKO WALL/CEILING PAINT INTERIOR LATEX FLAT-MIDTONE BASE

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact	 No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion Over-exposure signs	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	 No specific data. No specific data. No specific data. No specific data.

Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

<u>Extinguishing media</u>	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.

United States Page: 3/13

Version 11

Product name 66-120 MONARCH MOPAKO WALL/CEILING PAINT INTERIOR LATEX FLAT-MIDTONE BASE

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	-	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Date of issue 29 May 2021

Version 11

Product name 66-120 MONARCH MOPAKO WALL/CEILING PAINT INTERIOR LATEX FLAT-MIDTONE BASE

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Do not store below the following temperature: 5°C (41°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
∠ mestone	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Kaolin	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	United States Page: 5/13

Version 11

Product name	66-120 MONARCH MOPAKO WALL/CEILING PAINT INTERIOR LATEX FLAT-
	MIDTONE BASE

Sect	ion 8. Exposure controls/personal pro	otecti	on
		OSH	IA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).
			/A: 10 mg/m ³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form:
		Res	pirable
		TW	/A: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form:
			pirable
		OSH	IA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TW	/A: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
		dust	
	Key to abbreviations		
А	 Acceptable Maximum Peak 	S	 Potential skin absorption
ACGIH	 American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. 	SR	 Respiratory sensitization
С	= Ceiling Limit	SS	 Skin sensitization
F	= Fume	STEL	 Short term Exposure limit values
IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit		TD	= Total dust
OSHA	 Occupational Safety and Health Administration. 	TLV	= Threshold Limit Value
R	= Respirable	TWA	= Time Weighted Average
Z	= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances		
Consult	local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.		
Recom proced	imended monitoring : If this product contains ingredients with atmosphere or biological monitoring n		ure limits, personal, workplace equired to determine the effectiveness of

OSHA	= Occupational Safety and	He	alth Administration.	TLV	= Threshold Limit Value
R	= Respirable			TWA	 Time Weighted Average
Z	= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.120	0 5	ubpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances		
Consult	local authorities for a	aco	ceptable exposure limits.		
Recom proced	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	:	If this product contains ingredients with atmosphere or biological monitoring m	ay be re	quired to determine the effective

		the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	- :	Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Page: 6/13 **United States**

Date of issue 29 May 2021 V

Version 11

Product name 66-120 MONARCH MOPAKO WALL/CEILING PAINT INTERIOR LATEX FLAT-MIDTONE BASE

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 113.33°C (236°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.]
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.31
Density(lbs / gal)	: 10.93
Solubility	: Soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-	: Not applicable.
octanol/water	
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: 71% (v/v), 54.274% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 45.726

Version 11

Product name 66-120 MONARCH MOPAKO WALL/CEILING PAINT INTERIOR LATEX FLAT-MIDTONE BASE

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
M mestone	LD50 Oral	Rat	6450 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
K lin	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Kaolin	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat Rat	>5.07 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rai	>5000 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
rritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
<u>Sensitization</u>				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Classification				

Version 11

Product name 66-120 MONARCH MOPAKO WALL/CEILING PAINT INTERIOR LATEX FLAT-MIDTONE BASE

Product/ingredient name OSHA IARC NTP Infanium dioxide crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)</th> 2B 1

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, eyes, bone marrow. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs,

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, stomach.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	on	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	1	No specific data.
Skin contact	1	No specific data.
Ingestion	1	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Version 11

Product name 66-120 MONARCH MOPAKO WALL/CEILING PAINT INTERIOR LATEX FLAT-MIDTONE BASE

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxic	ity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name		Dermal (mg/kg)	(gases)	(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
66-120 MONARCH MOPAKO WALL/CEILING PAINT INTERIOR LATEX FLAT-MIDTONE BASE Limestone	30270.5 6450	23186.6 N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

Date of issue 29 May 2021

Version 11

Product name 66-120 MONARCH MOPAKO WALL/CEILING PAINT INTERIOR LATEX FLAT-MIDTONE BASE

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	Acute LC50 >56000 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water		96 hours 48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class (es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
			ited States Page: 11/13

Version 11

Product name 66-120 MONARCH MOPAKO WALL/CEILING PAINT INTERIOR LATEX FLAT-MIDTONE BASE

14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

DOT	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:	
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated	Listed
4-nonylphenol, branched	Listed
SARA 302/304	

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

MARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Version 11

Product name 66-120 MONARCH MOPAKO WALL/CEILING PAINT INTERIOR LATEX FLAT-MIDTONE BASE

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 1 * Flammability : 1 Physical hazards : 0

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Date of previous issue	lity : 1 Instability : 0 : 10/5/2020 : EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

<u>Disclaimer</u>

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.