### SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 20 June 2022

Version 13

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product name : Custom Tinted Low VOC Acrylic Modified Alkyd Enamel

Product code : ALK-300ZVM-1
Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against**: Not applicable.

Manufacturer : PPG Industries, Inc.

One PPG Place, Pittsburgh, PA 15272

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada)

SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

**Technical Phone Number** : (740) 363-9610 (DELAWARE, OH) 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. EST

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

**RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1** 

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 100%

(oral), 100% (dermal), 100% (inhalation)

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

# GHS label elements Hazard pictograms







### Signal word

**Hazard statements** 

: Danger

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

### **Storage**

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

#### **Disposal**

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Supplemental label elements

: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

**Product name** 

: Custom Tinted Low VOC Acrylic Modified Alkyd Enamel

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
reptan-2-one	≥20 - ≤37	110-43-0
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	≥20 - ≤42	98-56-6
acetone	≥10 - ≤20	67-64-1
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	13463-67-7
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥10 - ≤20	108-65-6
diiron trioxide	≥10 - ≤20	1309-37-1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥5.0 - ≤10	64742-95-6
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤6.7	95-63-6
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	7429-90-5
IRGAZIN DPP ORANGE 16A	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	84632-59-7
carbon black	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	1333-86-4
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	95-93-2
xylene	≤1.9	1330-20-7
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	64742-94-5
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	64742-48-9
Stoddard solvent	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	8052-41-3
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	<1.0	136-51-6
ethylbenzene	<1.0	100-41-4
cumene	<1.0	98-82-8
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	≤1.0	22464-99-9
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	<1.0	68955-83-9
naphthalene	<1.0	91-20-3
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	<1.0	27253-31-2
2-butanone oxime	<1.0	96-29-7

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

**Inhalation**: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness
Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds

carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides Cyanate and isocyanate. hydrogen cyanide

Formaldehyde.

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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly

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### Section 7. Handling and storage

### Special precautions

closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Ingestion of product or cured coating may be harmful. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
reptan-2-one	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).			
	TWA: 233 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.			
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).			
	TWA: 465 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.			
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.			
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	IPEL (-).			
· ·····	TWA: 0.57 ppm			
	STEL: 1.71 ppm			
acetone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).			
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.			
	TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.			
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).			
	TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.			
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.			
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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

titanium dioxide OSHA PI

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

diiron trioxide

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

aluminium powder (stabilised)

**IRGAZIN DPP ORANGE 16A** 

carbon black

1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene xylene

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

IPEL (-, 10/2017). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 30 ppm STEL: 90 ppm

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable

fraction

TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable

fraction None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).

[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]

TWA: 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).

[Aluminum, metal and insoluble

compounds]

TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable

fraction

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Al) 8 hours. Form:

Respirable fraction

TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Total

dust

**ACGIH TLV (United States).** 

TWA: 10 mg/m³ Form: Inhalable TWA: 5 mg/m³ Form: Respirable

**OSHA PEL (United States).** 

TWA: 5 mg/m³ Form: Respirable TWA: 15 mg/m³ Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).

TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable

fraction

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). [Xylene]

STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

[Xylenes]

TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

None.

**United States** 

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calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

2-butanone oxime

ethylbenzene

cumene

naphthalene

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy
Stoddard solvent

None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).

TWA: 525 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 2900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.

None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).

TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

Absorbed through skin. TWA: 245 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).

[Zirconium and compounds]

STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

[Zirconium compounds]
TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). [cobalt and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.

Inhalation sensitizer.

TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).

Absorbed through skin. TWA: 52 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). [cobalt and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer.

Inhalation sensitizer.

TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.

IPEL (-). TWA: 3 ppm STEL: 9 ppm

Key to abbreviations

A = Acceptable Maximum Peak S = Potential skin absorption
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. SR = Respiratory sensitization
C = Ceiling Limit SS = Skin sensitization

F = Fume STEL = Short term Exposure limit values
IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit TD = Total dust

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

TLV = Threshold Limit Value

R = Respirable

TWA = Time Weighted Average

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

# procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Eye/face protection Skin protection **Hand protection**

: Chemical splash goggles.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the

protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### Gloves **Body protection**

: butvl rubber

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

### Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Respiratory protection

Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air-fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Various

Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not applicable.
Melting point : Not available.
Boiling point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: -20°C (-4°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Evaporation rate: Not available.Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.

Relative density : 1.37

Density ( lbs / gal ) : 11.43

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

**Volatility** : 44% (v/v), 46% (w/w)

% **Solid.** (w/w) : 54.05

Physical property values shown in this section are calculated averages. For specific product information, contact your PPG Sales Representative.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

**Incompatible materials**: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: Cyanate and isocyanate. carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds Formaldehyde. hydrogen cyanide carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### **Information on toxicological effects**

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
reptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16.7 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
4-chloro- $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -trifluorotoluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	33080 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-
acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	76000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
1,2,4 difficulty is on 20110	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	- 110013
aluminium nowder (stabilised)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
didiffilliant powder (stabilised)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	- 110013
IRGAZIN DPP ORANGE 16A	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	_
interneting of the control of the co	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	_
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	6700 mg/kg	_
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	_
Aylerie	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
mary aronn.	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	_
Naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	_
hydrotreated heavy	LD00 Domina	, abbit	- 0000 mg/kg	
Trydrotteated fieavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	
Stoddard solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	_
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
Cury ID Crizerie	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 mg/l	- 110013
	LD50 Definal	Rat	3.5 g/kg	_
cumono			39000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m	4 110urs

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### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
2 othylhovanoia agid	LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit	1400 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	1098 mg/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>x</b> ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Sensitization**

Ī	3	Route of exposure	Species	Result
	neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
<b>4</b> -chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	-	2B	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
diiron trioxide	-	3	-
carbon black	-	2B	-
xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
cumene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

**Carcinogen Classification code:** 

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### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
heptan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Stoddard solvent	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
cumene	Category 2	-	-
naphthalene	Category 2	-	-
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Category 1	oral	gastrointestinal trac

### **Target organs**

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, peripheral nervous system, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, adrenal, testes.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

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### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic xylene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Stoddard solvent ethylbenzene cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

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### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

Potential delayed effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

**General** 

: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity
Reproductive toxicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Sustom Tinted Low VOC Acrylic Modified Alkyd	9372	7535.7	N/A	71.2	6.5
Enamel					
heptan-2-one	1600	10206	N/A	16.7	1.5
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	13000	2500	N/A	33.08	N/A
acetone	5800	15800	N/A	76	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
diiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
IRGAZIN DPP ORANGE 16A	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	6700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
cumene	1400	12300	N/A	39	N/A
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	1098	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-butanone oxime	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<mark></mark> reptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
acetone	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5540 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
diiron trioxide	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

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### **Section 12. Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
<mark></mark> eptan-2-one	OECD 310	69 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
acetone	-	90.9 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	-	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
acetate				
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
peptan-2-one	-	-	Readily
acetone	-	-	Readily
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	-	-	Readily
acetate			
xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
peptan-2-one	2.26	-	low
acetone	-0.23	3	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	1.2	-	low
acetate			
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low
IRGAZIN DPP ORANGE 16A	2.1	-	low
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	4	-	high
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	2.8 to 6.5	-	high
heavy arom.			
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	high
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
cumene	3.55	35.48	low
naphthalene	3.4	85.11	low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been

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### Section 13. Disposal considerations

cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### 14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene)	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	6581.1	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(xylene, acetone)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

**DOT** 

: Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

**IMDG** 

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** 

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

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### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

#### **United States**

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules:

4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene Listed 40 CFR 799.5089

**SARA 302/304** 

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

**RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1** 

**CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B** 

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

**HNOC** - Defatting irritant

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
reptan-2-one	≥20 - ≤37	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	≥20 - ≤42	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
-,-,-,-		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
acetone	≥10 - ≤20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	HNOC - Defatting irritant CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
2 methoxy i methylethyl decide	_10 _20	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	≥5.0 - ≤10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
light aromatic		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

<del></del>		
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤6.7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
1,2,4 difficulty/bonzone	_1.0 _0.7	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
carbon black	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
1,2,4,5-tetrametriyiberizene	21.0 - 25.0	
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
xylene	≤1.9	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
-		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
heavy arom.		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
NI In the - ( three I )	>4.0 <5.0	HNOC - Defatting irritant
Naphtha (petroleum),	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
hydrotreated heavy		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
Stoddard solvent	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Gloddaid Solveill	=1.0 - =0.0	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	<1.0	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
ethylbenzene	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
cumene	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	1	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		OARONOGENIOTT - Category To

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium	≤1.0	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
salt		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt	<1.0	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
salts		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
naphthalene	<1.0	FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 2
парпинаюте	11.0	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
nondenousie opid opholt oplt	-1.0	
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	<1.0	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1
2-butanone oxime	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	I	<u> </u>

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### **SARA 313**

	Chemical name	CAS number	<b>Concentration</b>
Supplier notification	: 1/2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	3 - 7
	Aluminium powder (stabilized)	7429-90-5	1 - 5
	xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1
	cumene	98-82-8	0.1 - 1
	Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	68955-83-9	0.1 - 1
	naphthalene	91-20-3	0.1 - 1
	neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	27253-31-2	0.1 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

### California Prop. 65

MARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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Date of issue 20 June 2022

Version 13

Product name Custom Tinted Low VOC Acrylic Modified Alkyd Enamel

### **Section 16. Other information**

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 \* Flammability: 3 Physical hazards: 1

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 1

Date of previous issue : 6/3/2022 Organization that prepared : EHS

the SDS

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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