SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 1 June 2021 Version 11

Section 1. Identification	
Product name	: LOW VOC SLOW BASECOAT CONVERTER
Product code	: 287103SP
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Industrial applications.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer <u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	 PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place, Pittsburgh, PA 15272 (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 1-800-647-6050

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 6.2% (oral), 6.2% (dermal), 6.2% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	

Product name LOW VOC SLOW BASECOAT CONVERTER

Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: LOW VOC SLOW BASECOAT CONVERTER

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
	≥75 - ≤90 ≥10 - <20	98-56-6 67-64-1

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids
apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is
irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained
personnel.Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water
or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep
person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Inhalation :	May cause respiratory irritation.		
Skin contact :	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.		
Ingestion :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Over-exposure signs/symptoms			
Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing		
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking		
Ingestion :	No specific data.		

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessaryNotes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.Specific treatments: No specific treatment.Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is
suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put
For emergency responders	:	on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non- emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store below the following temperature: 5°C (41°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
 ✓-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene acetone 	IPEL (-). TWA: 0.57 ppm STEL: 1.71 ppm ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 npm 8 hours.	
TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.		

А = Acceptable Maximum Peak S = Potential skin absorption ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. SR = Respiratory sensitization SS = Skin sensitization С = Ceiling Limit F = Fume STEL = Short term Exposure limit values IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit TD = Total dust OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration. TLV = Threshold Limit Value = Respirable = Time Weighted Average R TWA

Z = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	es	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

: Liquid.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
Not available.
: Not available.
: >37.78°C (>100°F)
: Open cup: -4.44°C (24°F)
: Not available.
: 1.23
: 10.26

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	 Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water. Not applicable.
Viscosity	: ₭nematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: 94% (v/v), 93.846% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 6.154

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure		
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	33080 mg/m ³	4 hours		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2.7 g/kg	-		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-		
acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	76000 mg/m ³	4 hours		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15.8 g/kg	-		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-		
<u>Conclusion/Summary</u> Skin	: There are no data available on tl	he mixture itself.				
Eyes	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.				
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
<u>Sensitization</u>						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	: There are no data available on the second se	he mixture itself.				

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Respirato	ry :	There are	e no data a	vailable on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	L			
Conclusion	/Summary :	There are	e no data a	vailable on the mixture itself.
<u>Carcinogeni</u>	<u>city</u>			
Conclusion	/Summary :	There are	e no data a	vailable on the mixture itself.
<u>Classificati</u>	<u>on</u>			
Product/in	gredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
4-chloro-α,	α,α-trifluorotoluene	-	2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
4-chloro- α , α , α -trifluorotoluene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
acetone	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Target organs

 Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).
 Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: liver,

gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, adrenal, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	o <u>ms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms m		e following:				
		respiratory tract irritati coughing	on					
Skin contact		Adverse symptoms m irritation redness dryness cracking	erse symptoms may include the following: tion less ess					
Ingestion		No specific data.						
Delayed and immediate effect					-			
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data ava concentrations in exce health effects such as effects on the kidneys headache, dizziness, loss of consciousness through the skin. The vapors in combination expected from exposi irritation and reversibl This takes into accoun effects of components dermal routes of expo	ess of the sta mucous me , liver and ce fatigue, muso s. Solvents me re is some e with constar ure to noise a e damage. In nt, where kno s from short-t	ted occupation mbrane and r entral nervous cular weaknes hay cause sorvidence that r nt loud noise of lone. If splas ngestion may own, delayed a erm and long	onal exposure espiratory sy system. Syr ss, drowsines ne of the abo epeated expo can cause gre hed in the ey cause nause and immedia	e limit may res stem irritation nptoms and s s and, in extr ove effects by osure to organ eater hearing res, the liquid ea, diarrhea a te effects and	sult in adverse and adverse signs include eme cases, absorption nic solvent loss than may cause nd vomiting. I also chronic	
<u>Short term exposure</u>								
Potential immediate effects	1	There are no data ava	ailable on the	mixture itself				
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data ava	ailable on the	mixture itself				
<u>Long term exposure</u>								
Potential immediate effects	1	There are no data ava	ailable on the	mixture itself	-			
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data ava	ailable on the	mixture itself				
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>:s</u>						
General	1	Prolonged or repeated dermatitis.	d contact can	defat the ski	n and lead to	irritation, cra	cking and/or	
Carcinogenicity	1	Suspected of causing exposure.	cancer. Ris	k of cancer de	epends on du	iration and lev	/el of	
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant o	effects or crit	ical hazards.				
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant	effects or crit	ical hazards.				
Numerical measures of toxic	:ity							
Acute toxicity estimates								
Product/ingredient name			Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/	

			(ppin)	(iiig/i)	l)
4-chloro- α , α , α -trifluorotoluene	N/A 13000 5800	2500	N/A N/A N/A	N/A 33.08 76	N/A N/A N/A

United States	Page: 10/14

Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone		Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5540 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum	
acetone	-	90.9 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability		
acetone	-			-		Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
acetone	-0.23	3	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any
	regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered
	when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere
	inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

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14. Transport information

•	1	1	1
	DOT	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	11	П	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	43097.1	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(acetone)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

DOT	 Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules:

4-chloro- α, α, α -trifluorotoluene

Listed

40 CFR 799.5089

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	≥75 - ≤90	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant
acetone	≥10 - <20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

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Health : 2 * Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0
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(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)Health : 2Flammability : 3Instability : 0Date of previous issue: 7/31/2020Organization that prepared: EHSthe SDS

Date of issue 1 June 2021

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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.