SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16 June 2019
Version : 11

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
- Product name : AMERCOAT 91 HARDENER
- Product code : 00281051
- Other means of identification : Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
- Product use : Professional applications.
- Use of the substance/mixture : Coating.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
PPG Coatings SPRL/BVBA
Tweemontstraat 104
B-2100 Deurne
Belgium
Telephone +32-33606311
Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : PMC.Safety@PPG.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
Supplier
+31 20 4075210

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- Product definition : Mixture
- Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
  Acute Tox. 4, H332
  Skin Corr. 1B, H314
  Eye Dam. 1, H318
  Skin Sens. 1, H317

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements
SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid breathing vapour.

Response: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage: Store locked up.

Disposal: Not applicable.

Hazardous ingredients:
benzyl alcohol
cyclohex-1,2-ylenediamine

Supplemental label elements:
Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles:
Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements:
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards:
Other hazards which do not result in classification: Causes digestive tract burns.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures: Mixture
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Identifiers</th>
<th>% by weight</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

**Type**

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
[5] Substance of equivalent concern
[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Inhalation**: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact**: Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation**: Harmful if inhaled.
SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain
- watering
- redness

Inhalation: No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- redness
- blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous combustion products: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- carbon oxides
- nitrogen oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for firefighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill:

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill:

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)
See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
No exposure limit value known.

Recommended monitoring procedures: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Effects</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Oral</td>
<td>4 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>General population</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Dermal</td>
<td>4 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>General population</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>5.4 mg/m³</td>
<td>General population</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Dermal</td>
<td>8 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Short term Oral</td>
<td>20 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>General population</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Short term Dermal</td>
<td>20 mg/kg bw/day</td>
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<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term</td>
<td>22 mg/m³</td>
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</table>
### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>DNEL</th>
<th>Exposure route</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Systemic</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cyclohex-1,2-ylenediamine</td>
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<td>Short term Inhalation</td>
<td>27 mg/m³</td>
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<td>Systemic</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>40 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>Population</td>
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</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Short term Dermal</td>
<td>110 mg/m³</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
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<td>salicylic acid</td>
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<td>Short term Inhalation</td>
<td>0.125 mg/m³</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>Local</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>0.25 mg/m³</td>
<td>Population</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>0.25 mg/m³</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Short term Inhalation</td>
<td>0.5 mg/m³</td>
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<td>Local</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Long term Oral</td>
<td>0.75 mg/kg bw/day</td>
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<td>Long term Dermal</td>
<td>0.75 mg/kg bw/day</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>1.5 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>1 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>1 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>2.3 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>4 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>4 mg/m³</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Local</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PNECs**

PNECs - Not available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls**: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**: Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

**Skin protection**: Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

**Hand protection**: Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Use eye protection according to EN 166.
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Gloves : butyl rubber

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Clear.
Odour : Amine-like.
Odour threshold : Not available.
pH : insoluble in water.
Melting point/freezing point : May start to solidify at the following temperature: 3.3°C (37.9°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: cyclohex-1,2-ylenediamine. Weighted average: -9.45°C (15°F)

Initial boiling point and boiling range : >37.78°C
Flash point : Closed cup: 89°C
Evaporation rate : 0.007 (benzyl alcohol) compared with butyl acetate
Material supports combustion. : Yes.
Flammability (solid, gas) : liquid
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 13% (benzyl alcohol)
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Vapour pressure: Highest known value: 0.05 kPa (0.4 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (cyclohex-1,2-ylenediamine). Weighted average: 0.02 kPa (0.15 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density: Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (benzyl alcohol).

Relative density: 1.08

Solubility(ies): Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature: Lowest known value: 436°C (816.8°F) (benzyl alcohol).

Decomposition temperature: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Viscosity: Kinematic (40°C): >0.21 cm²/s

Explosive properties: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;4178 mg/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>2000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1.23 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>4556 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>0.891 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity estimates
## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation (vapours)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3754.47 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>78.57 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation (dusts and mists)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Irritation/Corrosion**

**Conclusion/Summary**

- **Skin**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- **Eyes**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- **Respiratory**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitisation**

**Conclusion/Summary**

- **Skin**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- **Respiratory**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary**

- There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary**

- There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary**

- There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary**

- There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure**

- Not available.

**Potential acute health effects**

- **Inhalation**: Harmful if inhaled.
- **Ingestion**: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
- **Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- **Eye contact**: Causes serious eye damage.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

- **Inhalation**: No specific data.
- **Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
- **Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
- **Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure**
- **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.
- **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

**Long term exposure**
- **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.
- **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**
Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**
Not available.

**General**
Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Other information**
Not available.

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains cyclohex-1,2-ylene diamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Salicylic acid</td>
<td>Acute EC50 1147.57 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia longispina - Neonate Daphnia magna - Neonate</td>
<td>48 hours 21 days</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 5.6 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary**
There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**
There are no data available on the mixture itself.
SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP_{ow}</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>salicylic acid</td>
<td>2.26</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.4 Mobility in soil

- Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.
- Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

- PBT : Not applicable.
- vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

- **Product**
  - Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
  - Hazardous waste : Yes.
  - European waste catalogue (EWC)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waste code</th>
<th>Waste designation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>08 01 11*</td>
<td>waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Packaging**
  - Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of packaging</th>
<th>European waste catalogue (EWC)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Container</td>
<td>15 01 06 mixed packaging</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.1 UN number</th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN3066</td>
<td>UN3066</td>
<td>UN3066</td>
<td>UN3066</td>
<td>UN3066</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.2 UN proper shipping name
PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
| 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |

14.4 Packing group
| III | III | III | III |

14.5 Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant substances
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.

14.6 Special precautions for user
Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation
Annex XIV
None of the components are listed.
Substances of very high concern
None of the components are listed.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles
Not applicable.
Other EU regulations
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)
Not listed.
Seveso Directive
This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.
SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IATA = International Air Transport Association

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 4, H332</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Corr. 1B, H314</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye Dam. 1, H318</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Sens. 1, H317</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 4, H302</td>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 4, H332</td>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye Dam. 1, H318</td>
<td>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye Irrit. 2, H319</td>
<td>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Corr. 1B, H314</td>
<td>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Sens. 1, H317</td>
<td>SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

History

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16 June 2019
Date of previous issue : 15 May 2018
Prepared by : EHS
Version : 11

Disclaimer
SECTION 16: Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.