Section 1. Identification

chemical name: AMERCOAT 385 CURE
GHS product identifier: AMERCOAT 385 CURE
Code: 00327797

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses

Supplier's details
PPG Industries International Inc. Taiwan Branch.
No.209, Hong Tzuenn Rd Ping Chen City, Taoyuan County, Taiwan
Tel: 886 3 3663922
886 3 3751639 (Automotive OEM Coatings Products).
Fax: 886 3 2182667

Emergency telephone number
North: +886-3-3663922
North: +886-911998320
South: +886-7-8718105
South: +886-932793707

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture:
- FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
- ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5
- ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
- ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
- SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
- SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
- SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
- REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility) - Category 2
- REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Unborn child) - Category 2
- SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
- SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
- SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
- LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 60.7% (Oral), 63.5% (Dermal), 26.1% (Inhalation)
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 64.1%
Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms:

- Flammable
- Corrosive
- Skin corrosion
- Toxicity

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
- Flammable liquid and vapour.
- Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
- May be harmful if swallowed.
- Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- May cause respiratory irritation.
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:
- Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:
- Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage:
- Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal:
- Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
- Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Section 3. Compositioninformation on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance/mixture</th>
<th>Concentration %</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres</td>
<td>25 - &lt;50</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>10 - &lt;20</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine</td>
<td>10 - &lt;20</td>
<td>68082-29-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td>5 - &lt;10</td>
<td>84852-15-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>3 - 5</td>
<td>64742-95-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>1 - 3</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene</td>
<td>1 - 3</td>
<td>95-63-6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain
- watering
- redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- respiratory tract irritation
- coughing
- nausea or vomiting
- headache
- drowsiness/fatigue
- dizziness/vertigo
- unconsciousness
- reduced foetal weight
- increase in foetal deaths
- skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- redness
- dryness
- cracking
- blistering may occur
- reduced foetal weight
- increase in foetal deaths
- skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- stomach pains
- reduced foetal weight
- increase in foetal deaths
- skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)
Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- carbon oxides
- nitrogen oxides
- halogenated compounds
- metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Section 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling**
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**
Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)</td>
<td>TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 6/2014).  STEL: 4 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 6/2014).  STEL: 542.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 6/2014).  STEL: 542.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene          | TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.  
|                                 | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  
| TW Ministry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 6/2014).  
|                                 | STEL: 184.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  
|                                 | STEL: 37.5 ppm 15 minutes.  
|                                 | TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours.  
|                                 | TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.  

**Appropriate engineering controls**: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Individual protection measures**

**Respiratory protection**: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Hand protection**: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves**

**Skin protection**: butyl rubber

**Eye protection**: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>Amine-like</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour threshold</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>&gt;37.78°C (&gt;100°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Closed cup: 34°C (93.2°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burning time</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burning rate</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour density</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>1.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Kinematic (40°C): &gt;0.21 cm²/s</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Chemical stability**

The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

**Incompatible materials**

Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides, halogenated compounds, metal oxide/oxides.

**Hazardous polymerisation**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

##### Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt;1.7 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>4.3 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>2.14 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1300 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>3.48 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylbenzene</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>8400 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapour</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>17.8 mg/l</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>17.8 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>3.5 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapour</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>18000 mg/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>5 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

##### Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Irritant</td>
<td>Human</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine</td>
<td>Eyes - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Erythema/Eschar</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

##### Sensitisation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine</td>
<td>skin</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>Sensitising</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

##### Mutagenicity

Not available.

##### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

##### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

##### Teratogenicity

Not available.
Section 11. Toxicological information

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Narcotic effects, Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Narcotic effects, Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
<td>Not determined</td>
<td>hearing organs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Aspiration hazard**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

**Potential acute health effects**

**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Ingestion** : May be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

**Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

**Eyes** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

- pain
- watering
- redness
## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Inhalation
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - respiratory tract irritation
  - coughing
  - nausea or vomiting
  - headache
  - drowsiness/fatigue
  - dizziness/vertigo
  - unconsciousness
  - reduced foetal weight
  - increase in foetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

### Skin
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - redness
  - dryness
  - cracking
  - blistering may occur
  - reduced foetal weight
  - increase in foetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

### Ingestion
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - stomach pains
  - reduced foetal weight
  - increase in foetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

**Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**

**Short term exposure**
- **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.
- **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

**Long term exposure**
- **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.
- **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**
- Not available.

### General
- Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

### Carcinogenicity
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Mutagenicity
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Teratogenicity
- Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### Developmental effects
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Fertility effects
- Suspected of damaging fertility.
**Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Skin contact**: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Oral (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Dermal (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Inhalation (gases) (ppm)</th>
<th>Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)</th>
<th>Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AMERCOAT 385 CURE</td>
<td>3712.3</td>
<td>1882.3</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>12.3</td>
<td>5.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc (Mg₃H₂(SiO₃)₄)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>4300</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td>1300</td>
<td>2140</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>8400</td>
<td>3480</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>3500</td>
<td>17800</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>17.8</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine, Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction, 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol. May produce an allergic reaction.

**Section 12. Ecological information**

**Toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine 4-nonylphenol, branched Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>EC10 1.78 mg/l</td>
<td>Algae</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 12. Ecological information

### Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine ethylbenzene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Not readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Log$P_{ow}$</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>3.16</td>
<td>7.4 to 18.5</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched ethylbenzene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>251.19</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene</td>
<td>3.15</td>
<td>79.43</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene</td>
<td>3.63</td>
<td>120.23</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient ($K_{oc}$)**: Not available.

### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN3470</td>
<td>UN3470</td>
<td>UN3470</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN proper shipping name</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE</td>
<td>PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE</td>
<td>PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transport hazard class(es)</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8 (3)</td>
<td>8 (3)</td>
<td>8 (3)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Packing group</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>II</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Environmental hazards</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes. The environmentaly hazardous substance mark is not required.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes. The environmentaly hazardous substance mark is not required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Marine pollutant substances</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Polyamide, 4-nonylphenol, branched)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional information

UN : None identified.

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

TCSCA List of toxic chemicals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Listed no.</th>
<th>Series no.</th>
<th>Product name</th>
<th>RQ</th>
<th>Class</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>165</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

List of chemicals for which manufacturing or handling is defined as “work specially hazardous to health” : This product contains substances “Specially hazardous to health”: xylene, toluene.

Regulations Applicable:
1. Rules for Occupational Safety and Health Facilities
2. Regulations for the Labeling and Hazard Communication of Hazardous Chemicals
3. Prevention Rules for Organic Solvent Intoxication/Poisoning.
4. Standards of Permissible Exposure Limits of Airborne Hazardous Substances in Workplace
5. Traffic Safety Regulation of Road.
Section 16. Other information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>References</th>
<th>Not available.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Organisation that prepared the MSDS | Name: PPG Industries International Inc., Taiwan Branch  
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| Person who prepared the MSDS | Title:  
Technical manager  
Technical manager  
Name: (Signature):  
Tony Cheng  
Daniel Wu |
| Date of issue | 16 August 2019 |
| Date of previous issue | 6/16/2019 |
| Version | 4 |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Remarks: New SDS layout incorporating TW Table 2017

Key to abbreviations:  
ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway  
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road  
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail  
UN = United Nations

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.