SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name: SIGMACOVER 280 BASE REDBROWN
Product code: 00144493
Other means of identification: Not applicable.
Product type: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/mixture: Coating.
Uses advised against: Not applicable.

Manufacturer: PPG Industries, Inc.
One PPG Place
Pittsburgh, PA 15272

Emergency telephone number: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)
(514) 645-1320 (Canada)
01-800-00-21-400 or + 52 55 5559 1588 (Mexico)

Technical Phone Number: 888-977-4762

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture:
- FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
- ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
- ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
- SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
- EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
- SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
- CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
- TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2
- TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2
- SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
- SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity:
16.8% (Oral), 50% (Dermal), 63.1% (Inhalation)

GHS label elements
SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
- H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.
- H312 + H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
- H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
- H315 - Causes skin irritation.
- H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H350 - May cause cancer.
- H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
- H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)

Precautionary statements

Prevention:
- P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P264 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:
- P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P302 + P352 + P312 + P362 + P364 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P333 + P313 - IF skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage:
- P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal:
- P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
- Causes digestive tract burns. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60°C (140°F). Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

See toxicological information (Section 11)
Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres</td>
<td>≥20 - ≤50</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xyylene</td>
<td>≥10 - ≤20</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Epoxy Resin (700&lt;MW&lt;=1100)</td>
<td>≥10 - ≤20</td>
<td>25036-25-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>crystalline silica, respirable powder (&gt;10 microns)</td>
<td>≥10 - ≤20</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>diiron trioxide</td>
<td>≥5.0 - ≤10</td>
<td>1309-37-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium powder (stabilized)</td>
<td>≥1.0 - ≤5.0</td>
<td>7429-90-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>crystalline silica, respirable powder (&lt;10 microns)</td>
<td>≥1.0 - ≤5.0</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>≥1.0 - ≤4.0</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>≥1.0 - ≤5.0</td>
<td>107-98-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td>≥0.10 - ≤2.7</td>
<td>84852-15-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, &lt; 2% aromatics</td>
<td>≥1.0 - ≤5.0</td>
<td>64742-48-9 (EC 918-481-9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toluene</td>
<td>&lt;1.0</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4: First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
SECTION 4: First aid measures

Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- carbon oxides
- nitrogen oxides
- metal oxide/oxides
- Formaldehyde.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Small spill
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Special precautions
Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Advice on general occupational hygiene
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres</td>
<td><strong>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</strong> STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</strong> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>None.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Epoxy Resin (700&lt;MW&lt;=1100)</td>
<td><strong>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</strong> TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>crystalline silica, respirable powder (&gt;10 microns)</td>
<td><strong>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</strong> TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>diiron trioxide</td>
<td><strong>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</strong> TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aluminium powder (stabilised)</td>
<td><strong>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</strong> TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>crystalline silica, respirable powder (&lt;10 microns)</td>
<td><strong>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</strong> TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td><strong>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</strong> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td><strong>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</strong> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td>None.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, &lt; 2% aromatics</td>
<td><strong>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</strong> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toluene</td>
<td>None.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Key to abbreviations

- **C** = Ceiling Limit
- **STE** = Short term exposure limit
- **IPEL** = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit
- **TLV** = Threshold Limit Value
- **TWA** = Time Weighted Average

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

#### Recommended monitoring procedures

- If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

- Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Environmental exposure controls

- Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves: butyl rubber

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: Liquid.
Color: Not available.

Odor: Aromatic.

Odor threshold: Not available.

Molecular weight: Not applicable.

pH: Not available.

Melting point: Not available.

Boiling point: >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point: Closed cup: 29.3°C (84.7°F)

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.

Decomposition temperature: Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Not available.

Evaporation rate: Not available.
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.
Relative density : 1.42
Density ( lbs / gal ) : 11.85
Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Solubility in water : Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not available.
Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility : 73% (v/v), 29.868% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w) : 70.132

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability : The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt;1.7 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>4.3 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Epoxy Resin (700&lt;MW &lt;=1100)</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;2000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>diiron trioxide</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;2000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aluminium powder</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;5 mg/l</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(stabilised)</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>10 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;15900 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>17.8 mg/l</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>17.8 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>3.5 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>13 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>5.2 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

4-nonylphenol, branched

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td>Skin - Erythema/Eschar</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>24 hours 500 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Skin

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin - Erythema/Eschar</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin - Erythema/Eschar</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>crystalline silica, respirable powder (&gt;10 microns)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Known to be a human carcinogen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>diiron trioxide crystalline silica, respirable powder (&lt;10 microns)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>2B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toluene</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Carcinogen Classification code:
- IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4
- NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen
- OSHA: +
- Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol toluene</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Target organs

Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, ears.

### Aspiration hazard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, &lt; 2% aromatics toluene</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

- **Eye contact**: Causes serious eye irritation.
- **Inhalation**: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
- **Skin contact**: Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- **Ingestion**: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- **Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness.
- **Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- irritation
- redness
- dryness
- cracking
- reduced fetal weight
- increase in fetal deaths
- skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- stomach pains
- reduced fetal weight
- increase in fetal deaths
- skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

General: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity estimates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Oral (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Dermal (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Inhalation (gases) (ppm)</th>
<th>Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)</th>
<th>Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SIGMACOVER 280 BASE REDBROWN</td>
<td>5643</td>
<td>1882.9</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>18.3</td>
<td>2.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>4300</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Epoxy Resin (700&lt;MW&lt;=1100)</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>diiron trioxide</td>
<td>10000</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>3500</td>
<td>17800</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>17.8</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>5200</td>
<td>13000</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td>1300</td>
<td>2140</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toluene</td>
<td>5580</td>
<td>8390</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>diiron trioxide</td>
<td>Acute EC50 &gt;100 mg/l</td>
<td>Daphnia</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>Acute LC50 23300 mg/l</td>
<td>Daphnia</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td>Acute LC50 &gt;4500 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toluene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>3.16</td>
<td>7.4 to 18.5</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>3.15</td>
<td>79.43</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td>2.73</td>
<td>251.19</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toluene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>8.32</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) | Not available. |

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods:
The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

SECTION 14: Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>Mexico Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN1263</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN proper shipping name</th>
<th>Mexico Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PAINT</td>
<td>PAINT</td>
<td>PAINT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transport hazard class(es)</th>
<th>Mexico Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Packing group</th>
<th>Mexico Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Environmental hazards</th>
<th>Mexico Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>(4-nonylphenol, branched)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Marine pollutant substances</th>
<th>Mexico Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product RQ (lbs)</th>
<th>Mexico Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RQ substances</th>
<th>Mexico Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional information

Mexico: None identified.

IMDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IATA: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user: Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Mexico
Classification
- Flammability: 3
- Health: 3
- Reactivity: 0

International regulations
- Montreal Protocol
  Not listed.
- Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
  Not listed.
- Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
  Not listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)
- Health: 3
- Flammability: 3
- Physical hazards: 0
  (*): Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of previous issue: 11/26/2019
Organization that prepared the MSDS: EHS

Key to abbreviations:
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- N/A = Not available
- SGG = Segregation Group
- UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader
The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

Disclaimer
The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.