# Section 1. Identification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Product name</strong></th>
<th>SIGMACOVER 256S BASE 4199</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Product code</strong></td>
<td>00316035</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other means of identification</strong></td>
<td>Liquid.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Product use</strong></th>
<th>Consumer applications, Professional applications, Used by spraying.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Use of the substance/mixture</strong></td>
<td>Coating.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Uses advised against</strong></td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Supplier**

- PPG Canada Inc.
  - 5676 Timberlea Blvd
  - Mississauga ON L4W 4M6
  - Canada
  - +1 905-629-7999

- PPG Industries, Inc.
  - One PPG Place
  - Pittsburgh, PA 15272

**Emergency telephone number**

- (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)
- (514) 645-1320 (Canada)
- 01-800-00-21-400 or + 52 55 5559 1588 (Mexico)

**Technical Phone Number**

- 888-977-4762

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# Section 2. Hazard identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture**

- FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
- ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
- SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
- EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
- SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
- CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1
- SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 1
- Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

**GHS label elements**
Section 2. Hazard identification

Hazard pictograms:

- Flammable liquid and vapor
- Harmful if inhaled
- Causes serious eye irritation
- Causes skin irritation
- Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation
- May cause an allergic skin reaction
- May cause cancer
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (hearing organs)

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:

- Flammable liquid and vapor
- Harmful if inhaled
- Causes serious eye irritation
- Causes skin irritation
- Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation
- May cause an allergic skin reaction
- May cause cancer
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (hearing organs)

Precautionary statements

General: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage: Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 53.2% (Oral), 67.4% (Dermal), 74.4% (Inhalation)
Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Product name : SIGMACOVER 256S BASE 4199
Other means of identification : Not available.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Synonyms</th>
<th>% (w/w)</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline silica, respirable powder (&lt;10 microns)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>10 - 30*</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Epoxy Resin</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>10 - 30*</td>
<td>SUB110652</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>5 - 10*</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>barium sulfate</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>5 - 10*</td>
<td>7727-43-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>3 - 7*</td>
<td>25068-38-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>3 - 7*</td>
<td>64742-95-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>1 - 5*</td>
<td>95-63-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>1 - 5*</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>0.5 - 1.5*</td>
<td>107-98-2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

**Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

**Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

**Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.
Section 4. First-aid measures

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- irritation
- redness
- dryness
- cracking

Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- carbon oxides
- nitrogen oxides
- sulfur oxides
- phosphorus oxides
- halogenated compounds
- metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Section 7. Handling and storage

Special precautions: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Storage temperature: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).  TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable  
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).  TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable  
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).  TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust  
CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate  
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction  |
| Epoxy Resin xylene                       | None.  
CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  
15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  
8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.  
8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.  
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).  STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  
STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

barium sulfate

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).
TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).
TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).
TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
TWAEV: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust.
TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust.

Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
8 hrs OEL: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours.
8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours.
CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).
TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
TWAEV: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).
TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
15 min OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.
8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.
CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
STEV: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</th>
<th>TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.</th>
<th>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</th>
<th>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
<td>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</td>
<td>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 min OEL: 553 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8 hrs OEL: 369 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
<td>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</td>
<td>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
<td>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</td>
<td>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEV: 553 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</td>
<td>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</td>
<td>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
<td>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</td>
<td>STEV: 553 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWAEV: 369 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
<td>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</td>
<td>STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.</td>
<td></td>
<td>TWAEV: 369 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.**

**Recommended monitoring procedures**: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Appropriate engineering controls**: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls**: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Eye/face protection**: Chemical splash goggles.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves**

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection**: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Color** : Green.

**Odor** : Aromatic.

**Odor threshold** : Not available.

**pH** : Not available.

**Melting point** : Not available.

**Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)

**Flash point** : Closed cup: 31°C (87.8°F)

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.

**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.

**Evaporation rate** : Not available.

**Vapor pressure** : Not available.

**Vapor density** : Not available.

**Relative density** : 1.49

**Density (lbs / gal)** : 12.43

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility : 28% (v/v), 21.535% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w) : 78.465

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt;1.7 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>4.3 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>barium sulfate</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;2000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;5000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt;2 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;2 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>3.48 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>8400 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>18000 mg/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>5 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>17.8 mg/l</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>17.8 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>3.5 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>13 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>5.2 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Sensitization

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)</td>
<td>skin</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>Sensitizing</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline silica, respirable powder (&lt;10 microns)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Known to be a human carcinogen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylbenzene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2B</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Carcinogen Classification code:
- IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4
- NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen
- OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline silica, respirable powder (&lt;10 microns)</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Not determined hearing organs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylbenzene</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
<td>Not determined</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 11. Toxicological information

**Target organs**: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, heart, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

**Aspiration hazard**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Information on the likely routes of exposure**

**Potential acute health effects**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Eye contact</th>
<th>Inhalation</th>
<th>Skin contact</th>
<th>Ingestion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>: Causes serious eye irritation.</td>
<td>: Harmful if inhaled.</td>
<td>: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.</td>
<td>: No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Eye contact</th>
<th>Inhalation</th>
<th>Skin contact</th>
<th>Ingestion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness</td>
<td>: No specific data.</td>
<td>: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking</td>
<td>: No specific data.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

**Short term exposure**
Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

General: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Oral (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Dermal (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Inhalation (gases) (ppm)</th>
<th>Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)</th>
<th>Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SIGMACOVER 256S BASE 4199</td>
<td>8383.5</td>
<td>2158.3</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>24.2</td>
<td>2.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>4300</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>barium sulfate</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>8400</td>
<td>3480</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>3500</td>
<td>17800</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>17.8</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>5200</td>
<td>13000</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)</td>
<td>Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l</td>
<td>Daphnia</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic ethylbenzene</td>
<td>Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l</td>
<td>Daphnia</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 23300 mg/l</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 &gt;4500 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistent and degradability
Section 12. Ecological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Inoculum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)</td>
<td>OECD 301F</td>
<td>5 % - 28 days</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Not readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Log(P_{ow})</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>3.16</td>
<td>7.4 to 18.5</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene</td>
<td>3.63</td>
<td>120.23</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>3.15</td>
<td>79.43</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (\(K_{oc}\)) : Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods :

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

Section 14. Transport information
Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>TDG</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>PAINT</td>
<td>PAINT</td>
<td>PAINT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine pollutant substances</td>
<td>(trizinc bis(orthophosphate), Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))</td>
<td>(trizinc bis(orthophosphate), Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional information

TDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.
IMDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
IATA: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Proof of classification statement: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

Section 15. Regulatory information

National Inventory List
Canada inventory (DSL): All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 2  Flammability: 3  Physical hazards: 0

(*): Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 2  Flammability: 3  Instability: 0

Date of issue/Date of revision: 16 January 2020

Canada  Page: 15/16
Section 16. Other information

Organization that prepared the MSDS: EHS

Key to abbreviations:
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- N/A = Not available
- SGG = Segregation Group
- UN = United Nations

▲ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.