SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: AMERCOAT 385ASA CURE
Product code: 00334383
Other means of identification
Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/mixture: Coating.
Uses advised against: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL
Tweemontstraat 104
B-2100 Deurne
Belgium
Telephone +32-33606311
Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS: PMC.Safety@PPG.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier
+31 20 4075210

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Flam. Liq. 3, H226
Skin Corr. 1B, H314
Eye Dam. 1, H318
Skin Sens. 1, H317
Repr. 2, H361
Aquatic Acute 1, H400
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.
SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.2 Label elements
Hazard pictograms:

- Flammable liquid and vapour
- Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- May cause an allergic skin reaction
- Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
- Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements:
- Flammable liquid and vapour.
- Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements
Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.
Response: Collect spillage. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage: Not applicable.
Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
P280, P210, P273, P391, P310, P501

Hazardous ingredients:
- Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine
- 4-nonylphenol, branched
- 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin
- 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol

Supplemental label elements: Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles: Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification: Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
### Conformance Statement


**AMERCOAT 385ASA CURE**

**Code**: 00334383  **Date of issue/Date of revision**: 21 April 2020

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures: Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Identifiers</th>
<th>% by weight</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine</td>
<td>REACH #: 01-2119972320-44 EC: 500-191-5 CAS: 68082-29-1</td>
<td>≥10 - ≤25</td>
<td>Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)</td>
<td>[1][5]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td>REACH #: 01-2119510715-45 EC: 284-325-5 CAS: 84852-15-3 Index: 601-053-00-8</td>
<td>≥5.0 - ≤10</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonylphenols</td>
<td>EC: 294-048-1 CAS: 91672-41-2</td>
<td>&lt;1.0</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10) EUH071</td>
<td>[1][5]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>naphthalene</td>
<td>REACH #: 01-2119561346-37 EC: 202-049-5 CAS: 91-20-3 Index: 601-052-00-2</td>
<td>&lt;1.0</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4, H302 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)</td>
<td>[1][2]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol</td>
<td>REACH #: 01-2119560597-27 EC: 202-013-9 CAS: 90-72-2 Index: 603-069-00-0</td>
<td>&lt;1.0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

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**English (GB)**

**United Kingdom (UK)**

**3/18**
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type
[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
[5] Substance of equivalent concern
[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain
watering
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations
SECTION 4: First aid measures

**Skin contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - redness
  - dryness
  - cracking
  - blistering may occur
  - reduced foetal weight
  - increase in foetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - stomach pains
  - reduced foetal weight
  - increase in foetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

Notes to physician:
In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician:
In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**
- No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**5.1 Extinguishing media**

- **Suitable extinguishing media**: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- **Unsuitable extinguishing media**: Do not use water jet.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

- **Hazards from the substance or mixture**: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- **Hazardous combustion products**: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
  - carbon oxides
  - nitrogen oxides
  - halogenated compounds
  - metal oxide/oxides

**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

- **Special precautions for firefighters**: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- **Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders**: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill**: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill**: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product.

6.4 Reference to other sections: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures**: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during...
SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, dry, and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limit values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>naphthalene</td>
<td>EU OEL (Europe, 6/2019). TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Recommended monitoring procedures: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs
### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Effects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>150 mg/m³</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Dermal</td>
<td>25 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>32 mg/m³</td>
<td>General population</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Dermal</td>
<td>11 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>General population</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Oral</td>
<td>11 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>General population</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Oral</td>
<td>0.56 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>General population</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine</td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Dermal</td>
<td>0.56 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>General population</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>0.97 mg/m³</td>
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<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Dermal</td>
<td>1.1 mg/kg bw/day</td>
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<td>Systemic</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
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<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Oral</td>
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<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
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<td>DNEL</td>
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<td>Systemic</td>
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<tr>
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<td>DNEL</td>
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<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Short term Dermal</td>
<td>7.6 mg/kg bw/day</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Short term Dermal</td>
<td>15 mg/kg bw/day</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Oral</td>
<td>2.1 mg/kg bw/day</td>
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<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Oral</td>
<td>3.25 mg/m³</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>10.2 mg/m³</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Dermal</td>
<td>23.4 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Dermal</td>
<td>42.4 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>General population</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Dermal</td>
<td>3.57 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>25 mg/m³</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Local</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>25 mg/m³</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PNECs**
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls**: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**: Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

**Skin protection**: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Gloves**: Butyl rubber

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

**Other skin protection**: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Compartiment Detail</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Method Detail</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>0.043 mg/l</td>
<td>Assessment Factors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0 mg/l</td>
<td>Assessment Factors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Sewage Treatment</td>
<td>3.84 mg/l</td>
<td>Assessment Factors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>434.02 mg/kg dwt</td>
<td>Equilibrium Partitioning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Marine water sediment</td>
<td>43.4 mg/kg dwt</td>
<td>Equilibrium Partitioning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>86.78 mg/kg dwt</td>
<td>Equilibrium Partitioning</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Not available.

Odour : Characteristic.

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : Insoluble in water.

Melting point/freezing point : May start to solidify at the following temperature: <-7°C (<19.4°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: 4-nonylphenol, branched. Weighted average: -50.75°C (-59.3°F)

Initial boiling point and boiling range : >37.78°C

Flash point : Closed cup: 47.78°C

Evaporation rate : 0.22 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : liquid

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : Greatest known range: Lower: 0.6% Upper: 7% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.)

Vapour pressure : 0.8 kPa (5.9 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density : Highest known value: 7.59 (Air = 1) (4-nonylphenol, branched). Weighted average: 6.05 (Air = 1)

Relative density : 1.63

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Water Solubility at room temperature : 0.5 g/l

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Lowest known value: 220 to 250°C (428 to 482°F) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.).

Decomposition temperature : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): >0.21 cm²/s

Explosive properties : The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.
## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides, halogenated compounds, metal oxides.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt;3160 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>3492 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>2.14 g/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1300 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;5.2 mg/l</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;5 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>805 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>2500 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>naphthalene</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt;20 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>490 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>1.28 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1280 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1200 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>23133.32 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Irritation/Corrosion
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Potential acute health effects

#### Carcinogenicity

- **Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Mutagenicity

- **Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Reproductive toxicity

- **Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Teratogenicity

- **Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Information on likely routes of exposure

- **Potential acute health effects**: Not available.
### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### Inhalation

- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Ingestion

- Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

#### Skin contact

- Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Eye contact

- Causes serious eye damage.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

##### Inhalation

- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - Reduced foetal weight
  - Increase in foetal deaths
  - Skeletal malformations

##### Ingestion

- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - Stomach pains
  - Reduced foetal weight
  - Increase in foetal deaths
  - Skeletal malformations

##### Skin contact

- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - Pain or irritation
  - Redness
  - Dryness
  - Cracking
  - Blistering may occur
  - Reduced foetal weight
  - Increase in foetal deaths
  - Skeletal malformations

##### Eye contact

- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - Pain
  - Watering
  - Redness

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

##### Short term exposure

- **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.

- **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

##### Long term exposure

- **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.

- **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

#### Conclusion/Summary

- Not available.

#### General

- Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

#### Carcinogenicity

- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Mutagenicity

- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Teratogenicity

- Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

#### Developmental effects

- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Fertility effects

- Suspected of damaging fertility.

#### Other information

- Not available.
**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine, 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin, 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol. May produce an allergic reaction.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>EC50 3.2 mg/l</td>
<td>Daphnia</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 9.2 mg/l</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>EC10 1.78 mg/l</td>
<td>Algae</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine</td>
<td>Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td>NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s)</td>
<td>Acute LC50 0.017 mg/l</td>
<td>Algae</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonylphenols</td>
<td>Acute LC50 175 mg/l</td>
<td>Freshwater Daphnia</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary**

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Inoculum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>75 % - Readily - 28 days</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary**

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Not readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 12: Ecological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP_{ow}</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>251.19</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin</td>
<td>-1.66 to -1.4</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>naphthalene</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>85.11</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})** : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product**

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 2008/98/EC.

**European waste catalogue (EWC)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waste code</th>
<th>Waste designation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>08 01 99</td>
<td>wastes not otherwise specified</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Packaging**

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Type of packaging**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>European waste catalogue (EWC)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Container 15 01 06</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
### 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>UN3469</td>
<td>UN3469</td>
<td>UN3469</td>
<td>UN3469</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proper shipping name</td>
<td>PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE</td>
<td>PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE</td>
<td>PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE</td>
<td>PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>3 (8)</td>
<td>3 (8)</td>
<td>3 (8)</td>
<td>3 (8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine pollutant substances</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>(4-nonylphenol, branched)</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional information**

- **ADR/RID**: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
- **ADN**: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
- **IMDG**: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
- **IATA**: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**14.6 Special precautions for user**: Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**: Not applicable.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)**

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation**

**Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

**Substances of very high concern**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Intrinsic property</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Reference number</th>
<th>Date of revision</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4-nonylphenol, branched</td>
<td>Substance of equivalent concern for environment</td>
<td>Candidate</td>
<td>ED/169/2012</td>
<td>12/19/2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched</td>
<td>Substance of equivalent concern for environment</td>
<td>Candidate</td>
<td>ED/169/2012</td>
<td>10/29/2013</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)
Not listed.

Seveso Directive
This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IATA = International Air Transport Association

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flam. Liq. 3, H226</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Corr. 1B, H314</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye Dam. 1, H318</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Sens. 1, H317</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repr. 2, H361</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Acute 1, H400</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of abbreviated H statements
AMERCOAT 385ASA CURE

SECTION 16: Other information

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Acute Chronic 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Acute Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Acute Chronic 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1 ASPURATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
Skin Sens. 1B SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Disclaimer
The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.