# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 7 June 2020

Version 6.02

### Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

: SIGMADUR 550 BAS RAL 9005

- : 5500095L.20
- n : Not available.
  - : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda</li> <li>Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu</li> <li>Sumare / SP, Brasil</li> <li>55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)</li> </ul>
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

English (US) Brazil
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Code 5500095L.20 Product name SIGMADUR	550 BAS RAL 900	Date of issue 5	7 June 2020	Version	6.02
Section 2. Hazards	s identific	ation			
		of the mixture consist , 2.7% (Dermal), 36.1	ing of ingredient(s) of ι % (Inhalation)	unknown acute to	oxicity:
		of the mixture consist ironment: 57.4%	ing of ingredient(s) of ι	unknown hazards	to the
GHS label elements					
Hazard pictograms			>		
Signal word	: Danger	• •			
Hazard statements	May be har Causes ski Causes ser Harmful if ir May cause Suspected	ious eye irritation. haled. respiratory irritation. of causing cancer. of damaging fertility or	in.		
Precautionary statements		- 1			
Prevention	clothing. W open flame ventilating c static disch	ear eye or face protect s and other ignition so or lighting equipment.	use. Wear protective tion. Keep away from h urces. No smoking. Us Use non-sparking tools to the environment. Av	heat, hot surfaces se explosion-proc s. Take action to	s, sparks, of electrical, prevent
Response	POISON Cl wash it befo unwell. Wa several min	ENTER or doctor if you ore reuse. IF ON SKIN ish with plenty of water utes. Remove contact	edical advice or attentio a feel unwell. Take off N: Call a POISON CEN r. IF IN EYES: Rinse c lenses, if present and cal advice or attention.	contaminated clo TER or doctor if y autiously with wa	othing and /ou feel ter for
Storage	: Store in a w	vell-ventilated place. K	eep container tightly clo	osed. Keep cool.	
Disposal		contents and containe tional regulations.	r in accordance with all	l local, regional, r	national
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged of	or repeated contact ma	ay dry skin and cause i	rritation.	

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number

: Not applicable.

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
barium sulfate	20 - <30	7727-43-7
xylene	20 - <30	1330-20-7
n-butyl acetate	5 - <7	123-86-4
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4
Silica, vitreous	2 - <3	60676-86-0
carbon black, respirable powder	1 - <2	1333-86-4
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7
toluene	0.1 - <0.2	108-88-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures				
Eye contact	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.			
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.	3		
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.			
Ingestion	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.			
Indication of immediate med	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician Specific treatments	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.			
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	it		
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. No known significant effects or critical hazards.			

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	on	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools

and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
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### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
barium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction			
xylene	Minsitry of Labor and Employement (Brazil, 11/2001). TWA: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.			
n-butyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).			
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		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.		
ethylbenzene		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. <b>Minsitry of Labor and Employement</b> <b>(Brazil, 11/2001).</b> TWA: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
carbon black, respirable powo	der	TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours. <b>Minsitry of Labor and Employement</b> (Brazil, 11/2001). TWA: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
toluene		Minsitry of Labor and Employement (Brazil, 11/2001). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 290 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.		
Recommended monitoring procedures	atmosphere or biological of the ventilation or other protective equipment. R standards. Reference to	ngredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory eference should be made to appropriate monitoring national guidance documents for methods for the bus substances will also be required.		
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engin contaminants below any also need to keep gas, v	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the required cases, fume scrubbers, f	on or work process equipment should be checked to ensur uirements of environmental protection legislation. In some filters or engineering modifications to the process sary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
ndividual protection measure	es			
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoking a Appropriate techniques s Wash contaminated clot safety showers are close	and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing hing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and to the workstation location.		
Eye protection <u>Skin protection</u>	: Chemical splash goggles	5.		
Hand protection	be worn at all times when this is necessary. Consi check during use that the should be noted that the different for different glov	ervious gloves complying with an approved standard should in handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate dering the parameters specified by the glove manufacture e gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It time to breakthrough for any glove material may be ve manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately		
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeate	ed handling, use the following type of gloves:		
	Not recommended: nitrile	e rubber		

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	• •
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 22°C (71.6°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.31
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)
Viscosity	: 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

English (US)

Brazil

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
carbon black, respirable powder	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg	-
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes Respiratory Sensitization Not available.	<ul> <li>There are no data avai</li> <li>There are no data avai</li> <li>There are no data avai</li> </ul>	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
<u>Conclusion/Summary</u> Skin Respiratory <u>Mutagenicity</u>	: There are no data avai : There are no data avai				

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Not available.

### Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
xylene ethylbenzene carbon black, respirable powder	- -	3 2B 2B	- - -
toluene	-	3	-

#### Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate toluene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
toluene	Category 2		-

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### Aspiration hazard

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effec	<u>ts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not

expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such

English (US)

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Code 5500095L.20 Product name SIGMADU	R 550 BAS RAL 9005	Date of issue	7 June 2020	Version	6.02
Section 11. Toxic	ological inf	ormation			
	kidneys, liver a dizziness, fatig consciousness through the sk vapors in com expected from cause irritatior vomiting. This and also chror	and central nervous gue, muscular weak s. Solvents may car in. There is some e bination with consta exposure to noise and reversible dan takes into account nic effects of compo	atory system irritation and system. Symptoms and ness, drowsiness and, in use some of the above e evidence that repeated ex- int loud noise can cause alone. If splashed in the mage. Ingestion may cau , where known, delayed a nents from short-term ar of exposure and eye cor	signs include h extreme cases ffects by absorpt coosure to orga greater hearing eyes, the liquid se nausea, dia and immediate ind long-term ex	neadache, s, loss of otion unic solvent loss than l may rrhea and effects
Short term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	: There are no o	data available on the	e mixture itself.		
Potential delayed effects	: There are no o	data available on the	e mixture itself.		
Long term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	: There are no o	data available on the	e mixture itself.		
Potential delayed effects		data available on the	e mixture itself.		
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>				
Not available.					
General	: Prolonged or r or dermatitis.	repeated contact ca	n defat the skin and lead	to irritation, cra	cking and/
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of exposure.	causing cancer. Ris	sk of cancer depends on	duration and le	vel of
Mutagenicity	: No known sigr	nificant effects or cri	tical hazards.		
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of	damaging the unboi	n child.		

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Fertility effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMADUR 550 BAS RAL 9005	15090.3	3804.3	N/A	27.1	3.5
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
carbon black, respirable powder	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

#### **Other information**

: Not available.

English (US)

### Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
xylene n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene toluene	- - -		- - -		Readily Readily Readily Readily	 

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.16	7.4 to 18.5	low
n-butyl acetate	1.78	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.15	79.43	low
toluene	2.73	8.32	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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### Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

Brazil	: None identified.
<b>Risk number</b>	: 33
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of previous issue	:	6/7/2020
Version	:	6.02
Prepared by	:	EHS
Key to abbreviations	:	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
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### Section 16. Other information

	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient	
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,	
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)	
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods	
	by Rail	
	UN = United Nations	
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014	
	ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### <u>Disclaimer</u>

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.