### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product name</th>
<th>AMERCOAT 91 V9T1R CURE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Product code</td>
<td>AT91-B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product type</td>
<td>Liquid.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product use</th>
<th>Industrial applications, Used by spraying.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use of the substance/mixture</td>
<td>Coating.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uses advised against</td>
<td>Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sigma Paint Saudi Arabia Ltd.
PO Box 7509
Dammam 31472
Saudi Arabia
Tel: 00966 138 47 31 00
Fax: 00966 138 47 17 34

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS**: ndpic@sfda.gov.sa

**1.4 Emergency telephone number**: 00966 138473100 extn 1001

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product definition</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]**

- Acute Tox. 4, H332
- Skin Corr. 1B, H314
- Eye Dam. 1, H318
- Skin Sens. 1, H317

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms**: [Symbol Image] [Symbol Image]
SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
- Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Harmful if inhaled.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:
Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

Response:
- IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage:
Not applicable.

Disposal:
Not applicable.

Hazardous ingredients:
- benzyl alcohol
- cyclohex-1,2-ylene diamine

Supplemental label elements:
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification: Causes digestive tract burns.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures: Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Identifiers</th>
<th>% by weight</th>
<th>Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>REACH #: 01-21199492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5</td>
<td>≥25 - ≤50</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319</td>
<td>[1][2]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>salicylic acid</td>
<td>REACH #: 01-2119486984-17 EC: 200-712-3 CAS: 69-72-7 Index: 607-732-00-5</td>
<td>≥1.0 - &lt;3.0</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361d</td>
<td>[1]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type
[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
[5] Substance of equivalent concern
[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Inhalation**: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Potential acute health effects**

- **Eye contact**: Causes serious eye damage.
- **Inhalation**: Harmful if inhaled.
- **Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- **Ingestion**: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- **Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness
- **Inhalation**: No specific data.
- **Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur
- **Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
SECTION 4: First aid measures

Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Hazard from the substance or mixture: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous combustion products: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- carbon oxides
- nitrogen oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters
Special precautions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows.
Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)
See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

Recommendations
Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions
Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limit values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>IPEL (PPG).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 5 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 10 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Recommended monitoring procedures**: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Appropriate engineering controls**: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Gloves**: butyl rubber

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Other skin protection**: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: 

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*English (GB) United Arab Emirates 6/12*
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance
- Physical state: Liquid.
- Colour: Clear.
- Odour: Characteristic.
- Odour threshold: Not available.
- pH: In water.

Melting point/freezing point: May start to solidify at the following temperature: 3.3°C (37.9°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: cyclohex-1,2-ylenediamine. Weighted average: -9.45°C (15°F)

Initial boiling point and boiling range: >37.78°C

Flash point: Closed cup: 93.33°C

Evaporation rate: 0.007 (benzyl alcohol) compared with butyl acetate

Flammability (solid, gas): Liquid

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 13% (benzyl alcohol)

Vapour pressure: Highest known value: 0.05 kPa (0.4 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (cyclohex-1,2-ylenediamine). Weighted average: 0.02 kPa (0.15 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density: Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (benzyl alcohol).

Relative density: 1.08

Solubility(ies): Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Water Solubility at room temperature: 0 g/l

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature: Lowest known value: 436°C (816.8°F) (benzyl alcohol).

Decomposition temperature: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Viscosity: Kinematic (40°C): >0.21 cm²/s

Explosive properties: Product does not present an explosion hazard.

Oxidising properties: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability
The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:
oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;4178 mg/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>2000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cyclohex-1,2-ylenediamine</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1.23 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>salicylic acid</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>4556 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>0.891 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity estimates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral Inhalation (vapours)</td>
<td>3754.47 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral Inhalation (dusts and mists)</td>
<td>78.57 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>5 mg/l</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Teratogenicity
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
Not available.

Aspiration hazard
Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects
Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.
Ingestion : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Skin contact : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation : No specific data.
Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - stomach pains
Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - redness
  - blistering may occur
Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain
  - watering
  - redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure
Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure
Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects
Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.
General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information : Not available.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Causes digestive tract burns. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>salicylic acid</td>
<td>Acute EC50 1147.57 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia longispina - Neonate Daphnia magna - Neonate</td>
<td>48 hours 21 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 5.6 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>salicylic acid</td>
<td>2.26</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 2008/98/EC.

European waste catalogue (EWC)
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waste code</th>
<th>Waste designation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>08 01 99</td>
<td>wastes not otherwise specified</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Packaging

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.1 UN number</th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN3066</td>
<td>UN3066</td>
<td>UN3066</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.2 UN proper shipping name</th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PAINT</td>
<td>PAINT</td>
<td>PAINT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.4 Packing group</th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.5 Environmental hazards</th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Marine pollutant substances</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional information

ADR/RID: None identified.
IMDG: None identified.
IATA: None identified.

14.6 Special precautions for user: Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation
Annex XIV
None of the components are listed.
Substances of very high concern
None of the components are listed.
SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Not applicable.

Other national and international regulations.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302  Harmful if swallowed.
H314  Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317  May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318  Causes serious eye damage.
H319  Causes serious eye irritation.
H332  Harmful if inhaled.
H361d  Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4  ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Eye Dam. 1  SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2  SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Repr. 2  REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B  SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Sens. 1  SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

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