

Date of issue 5/17/2021 (month/day/year)

Version 19

## Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : SIGMACOVER 300 K BASE BROWN  
Product code : 00191708

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/  
mixture : Coating.


Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

C. Supplier's information : PPG SSC  
(680-090)  
19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu,  
Ulsan, Korea  
Tel: +82-52-210-8222

Email Address : Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM

Emergency telephone  
number: : +82-52-210-8222

## Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification :  FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4  
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1  
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1  
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol :



Signal word :

Danger

## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.  
H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
H332 - Harmful if inhaled.  
H340 - May cause genetic defects.  
H350 - May cause cancer.  
H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver)  
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- Precautionary statements**
- Prevention** : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.  
P242 - Use non-sparking tools.  
P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
P260 - Do not breathe vapor.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Response** : P391 - Collect spillage.  
P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.  
P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.  
P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.  
P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.  
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
- Storage** : P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

- C. Other hazards which do not result in classification** : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### CAS number/other identifiers

- CAS number** : Not applicable.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	QUARTZ (>10 microns)	CAS: 14808-60-7	20 - <30
Xylene	XYLENES	CAS: 1330-20-7	10 - <20
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	CAS: 65996-93-2	10 - <20
Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres	Talc, non-asbestos form	CAS: 14807-96-6	5 - <10
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	QUARTZ (<10 microns)	CAS: 14808-60-7	5 - <10
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	EPOXY RESIN ( AVERAGE MOLECULAR WT < 700)	CAS: 25068-38-6	5 - <10
Epoxy Resin (700<MW≤1100)	EPOXY RESIN (AVERAGE MOLECULAR WEIGHT >700 - <1100)	CAS: 25036-25-3	1 - <5
1-methoxy-2-propanol	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	CAS: 107-98-2	1 - <5
creosote oil, acenaphthene fraction	Creosote oil, acenaphthalene fraction	CAS: 90640-84-9	1 - <5
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	1 - <5
Distillates (coal tar), heavy oils	Distillates (coal tar), heavy oils	CAS: 90640-86-1	0.1 - <1
Nonylphenols	4-nonylphenol, branched	CAS: 84852-15-3	0.1 - <1
phenanthrene	Phenanthrene	CAS: 85-01-8	0.1 - <1
pyrene	Pyrene	CAS: 129-00-0	0.1 - <1
naphthalene	NAPHTHALENE	CAS: 91-20-3	0.1 - <1
benz[e]acephenanthrylene	Benzo[b]fluoranthene	CAS: 205-99-2	0.1 - <1
benzo[k]fluoranthene	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	CAS: 207-08-9	0.1 - <1
benz[a]anthracene	benz[a]anthracene	CAS: 56-55-3	0.1 - <1
chrysene	chrysene	CAS: 218-01-9	0.1 - <1
benzo[a]pyrene	BENZO (a)PYRENE	CAS: 50-32-8	0.1 - <1
benzo[e]pyrene	benzo[e]pyrene	CAS: 192-97-2	0.1 - <1
biphenyl	Biphenyl	CAS: 92-52-4	0.1 - <1
dibenz[a,h]anthracene	dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	CAS: 53-70-3	<0.1
Nonylphenols	Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched	CAS: 91672-41-2	<0.1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

- A. Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.  
In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact.
- B. Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- C. Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- D. Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- E. Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- A. Extinguishing media**
- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.
- B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
halogenated compounds  
metal oxide/oxides
- C. Special equipment for fire-fighting** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Fire-fighting procedures** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- B. Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Small spill

- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### A. Precautions for safe handling

- : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
Xylene	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: fibers
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
phenanthrene	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as benzene solubles) 8 hours.
pyrene	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as benzene solubles) 8 hours.
naphthalene	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.</b> STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
benz[e]acephenanthrylene	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as benzene solubles) 8 hours.
benzo[k]fluoranthene	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as benzene solubles) 8 hours.
benz[a]anthracene	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as benzene solubles) 8

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

chrysene	hours. <b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as benzene solubles) 8
benzo[a]pyrene	hours. <b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as benzene solubles) 8
benzo[e]pyrene	hours. <b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as benzene solubles) 8
biphenyl	hours. <b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 0.2 ppm 8 hours.
dibenz[a,h]anthracene	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as benzene solubles) 8

### Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### B. Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### C. Personal protective equipment

#### Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

#### Eye protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

#### Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	estimated.
<b>Gloves</b>	: butyl rubber
<b>Body protection</b>	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
<b>Hygiene measures</b>	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>A. Appearance</b>	
<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	: Not available.
<b>B. Odor</b>	: Aromatic. [Strong]
<b>C. Odor threshold</b>	: Not available.
<b>D. pH</b>	: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not applicable.
<b>E. Melting/freezing point</b>	: Not available.
<b>F. Boiling point/boiling range</b>	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
<b>G. Flash point</b>	: Closed cup: 31.2°C (88.2°F)
<b>H. Evaporation rate</b>	: Not available.
<b>I. Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	: Not available.
<b>J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</b>	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.48% Upper: 13.74% (1-methoxy-2-propanol)
<b>K. Vapor pressure</b>	: Not available.
<b>L. Solubility</b>	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
<b>Solubility in water</b>	: Not available.
<b>M. Vapor density</b>	: Not available.
<b>N. Relative density</b>	: 1.55
<b>O. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not applicable.
<b>P. Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: 270°C (518°F)
<b>Q. Decomposition temperature</b>	: Not available.
<b>R. Viscosity</b>	: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (>21 cSt)
<b>S. Molecular weight</b>	: Not applicable.



## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- A. Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- B. Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
- C. Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
- D. Hazardous decomposition products** : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

- A. Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking
- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness

### B. Health hazards

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
☒ Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3300 mg/kg	-
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700<MW≤1100)	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Nonylphenols	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
phenanthrene pyrene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
naphthalene	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.8 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	170 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
biphenyl	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5010 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2140 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Nonylphenols	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	4	-	-

### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Xylene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
biphenyl	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver
phenanthrene	Category 2	-	-
pyrene	Category 2	-	-
biphenyl	Category 2	-	-

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Potential chronic health effects

- General** : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : May cause genetic defects.
- Reproductive toxicity** : ☒ No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Additional information

☒ Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Common name	CAS #	GHS Classification
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	QUARTZ (>10 microns)	CAS: 14808-60-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
Xylene	XYLENES	CAS: 1330-20-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
			ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
			ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
			SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
			SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	CAS: 65996-93-2	IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 4
Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres	Talc, non-asbestos form	CAS: 14807-96-6	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	QUARTZ (<10 microns) EPOXY RESIN (AVERAGE MOLECULAR WT < 700)	CAS: 14808-60-7 CAS: 25068-38-6	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Epoxy Resin (700<MW ≤1100)	EPOXY RESIN (AVERAGE MOLECULAR WEIGHT >700 - <1100)	CAS: 25036-25-3	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
1-methoxy-2-propanol	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	CAS: 107-98-2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
creosote oil, acenaphthene fraction	Creosote oil, acenaphthalene fraction	CAS: 90640-84-9	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (coal tar), heavy oils	Distillates (coal tar), heavy oils	CAS: 90640-86-1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Nonylphenols	4-nonylphenol, branched	CAS: 84852-15-3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
phenanthrene	Phenanthrene	CAS: 85-01-8	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
pyrene	Pyrene	CAS: 129-00-0	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
naphthalene	NAPHTHALENE	CAS: 91-20-3	FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
benz[e]acephenanthrylene	Benzo[b]fluoranthene	CAS: 205-99-2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
benzo[k]fluoranthene	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	CAS: 207-08-9	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
benz[a]anthracene	benz[a]anthracene	CAS: 56-55-3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
chrysene	chrysene	CAS: 218-01-9	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 4
benzo[a]pyrene	BENZO (a)PYRENE	CAS:	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category

## Section 11. Toxicological information

benzo[e]pyrene	benzo[e]pyrene	50-32-8 CAS: 192-97-2	1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
biphenyl	Biphenyl	CAS: 92-52-4	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
dibenz[a,h]anthracene	dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	CAS: 53-70-3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Nonylphenols	Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched	CAS: 91672-41-2	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

## Section 12. Ecological information

### A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
Nonylphenols	Acute EC50 0.04 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - Moina macrocopa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Nonylphenols	Acute LC50 0.017 mg/l	Fish - Pleuronectes americanus	96 hours

## Section 12. Ecological information

### B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	OECD 301F	5 % - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene	-	-	Readily
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-	-	Not readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

### C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	6.04	-	high
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	3	31	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
Nonylphenols	5.4	251.19	low
phenanthrene	4.46	2511.89	high
pyrene	5.43	1513.56	high
naphthalene	3.4	85.11	low
benz[e]acephenanthrylene	5.78	-	high
benzo[k]fluoranthene	6.11	-	high
benz[a]anthracene	5.76	257.04	low
chrysene	5.81	-	high
benzo[a]pyrene	6.13	-	high
benzo[e]pyrene	6.44	-	high
biphenyl	4.008	436.52	low
dibenz[a,h]anthracene	6.75	-	high

### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

A. Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.



## Section 13. Disposal considerations

- B. Disposal precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
<b>A. UN number</b>	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
<b>B. UN proper shipping name</b>	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
<b>C. Transport hazard class(es)</b>	3	3	3
<b>D. Packing group</b>	III	III	III
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
<b>E. Marine pollutant substances</b>	Not applicable.	(Pitch, coal tar, high-temp., Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	Not applicable.

### Additional information

**UN** : None identified.

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

### F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not applicable.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### A. Regulation according to ISHA

**ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)** : None of the components are listed.

**ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)** : The following components are listed: coal tar pitch volatiles

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth** : It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.

### Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:

crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)

Xylene

Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.

Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres

crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)

1-methoxy-2-propanol

ethylbenzene

phenanthrene

pyrene

naphthalene

benz[e]acephenanthrylene

benzo[k]fluoranthene

benz[a]anthracene

chrysene

benzo[a]pyrene

benzo[e]pyrene

biphenyl

dibenz[a,h]anthracene

**ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)** : The following components are listed: coal tar pitch volatiles

**ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 11-5 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)** : The following components are listed: quartz, xylene, coal tar pitch volatiles, talc / soapstone, quartz, ethyl benzene

**ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check-up)** : The following components are listed: Xylene, Coal tar pitch volatiles, Ethyl benzene, Coal tar

**Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)** : The following components are listed: xylene, ethyl benzene

### B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

**CCA Article 11 (TRI)** : The following components are listed: Xylene including o-, m-, p- isomer, 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene) bisphenol polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, Ethylbenzene, Naphthalene

**CCA Article 18 Prohibited (K-Reach Article 27)** : None of the components are listed.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

- CCA Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25) : ☒ None of the components are listed.
- CCA Article 20 Restricted (K-Reach Article 27) : ☒ The following components are listed: nonylphenol
- CCA Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20) : ☒ Toxic
- Korea inventory : At least one component is not listed.
- CCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals) : None of the components are listed.
- C. Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act : **Class:** Class 4 - Flammable Liquid  
**Item:** 4. Class 2 petroleum - Water-insoluble liquid  
**Threshold:** 1000 L  
**Danger category:** III  
**Signal word:** Contact with sources of ignition prohibited
- D. Wastes regulation : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- E. Regulation according to other foreign laws
- Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

## Section 16. Other information

- A. References : Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act  
Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act  
NIER Notice  
Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)  
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.
- B. Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/17/2021
- C. Version : 19  
Prepared by : EHS
- D. Other

☒ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Disclaimer

*The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.*