# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 5/17/2021 (month/day/year)

Version 22

## Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : PPG VIKOTE 56 BLUE RAL 5011 (LEAD FREE)

Product code : 00165344

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against**: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

C. Supplier's information : PPG SSC

(680-090)

19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu,

Ulsan, Korea

Tel: +82-52-210-8222

Email Address Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM

**Emergency telephone** 

number:

: +82-52-210-8222

## Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

**CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2** 

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol :







Signal word : Danger

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**Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BLUE RAL 5011 (LEAD FREE)** 

#### Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements : F226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central

nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver)

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

P263 - Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response : P3

: P391 - Collect spillage.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

C. Other hazards which do

not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

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## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM),	CAS: 64742-95-6	20 - <30
aromatic	LIGHT AROMATIC		
Xylene	XYLENES	CAS: 1330-20-7	10 -<20
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1,2,4-TRIMETHYL BENZENE	CAS: 95-63-6	10 -<20
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	1 - <5
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes,	PARAFFIN WAXES AND	CAS: 63449-39-8	1 - <5
chloro	HYDROCARBON WAXES;		
	CHLORINATED		
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	C14-C17 CHLORINATED	CAS: 85535-85-9	1 - <5
	HYDROCARBONS		
mesitylene	1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 108-67-8	1 - <5
propylbenzene	PROPYLBENZENE	CAS: 103-65-1	1 - <5
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	1,2,3-TRIMETHYL BENZENE	CAS: 526-73-8	1 - <5
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,	COPPER PHTALOCYANINE	CAS: 147-14-8	1 - <5
N31,N32 copper			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE	CAS: 108-65-6	1 - <5
cyclohexanone	CYCLOHEXANONE	CAS: 108-94-1	0.1 - <1
cumene	CUMENE	CAS: 98-82-8	0.1 - <1
carbon black	CARBON BLACK	CAS: 1333-86-4	0.1 - <1
ethanol	ETHYL ALCOHOL	CAS: 64-17-5	0.1 - <1
Toluene	TOLUENE	CAS: 108-88-3	0.1 - <1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

B. Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

C. Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

D. Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.
 Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

E. Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

**Protection of first-aiders** 

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## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### A. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Mammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

C. Special equipment for fire-fighting

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

mode.

Fire-fighting procedures:

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

B. Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

# A. Precautions for safe handling

- : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid exposure while nursing. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Kylene	Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

mesitylene Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

1,2,3-trimethylbenzene Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

cyclohexanone Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). Absorbed

through skin.

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
cumene

Ministry of Employment ar

Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). Absorbed

through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Ministry of Employment and Labor

(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).

TWA: 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable

fraction

Ministry of Employment and Labor

(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

carbon black

ethanol

Toluene

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

B. Appropriate engineering : controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### C. Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection** 

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Eye protection** 

: Chemical splash goggles.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately

**Gloves** 

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®, butyl rubber

May be used: nitrile rubber, Chloroprene

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Hygiene measures** 

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum),

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

A. Appearance

: Liquid. **Physical state** Color Blue. B. Odor : Aromatic. C. Odor threshold Not available. D. pH : Not applicable. E. Melting/freezing point : Not available. F. Boiling point/boiling : >37.78°C (>100°F)

range

G. Flash point

: Closed cup: 34.4°C (93.9°F)

H. Evaporation rate : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

J. Lower and upper **explosive** (flammable)

limits

light aromatic)

K. Vapor pressure : Not available.

L. Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Solubility in water : Not available. M. Vapor density : Not available.

N. Relative density : 0.97

O. Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

P. Auto-ignition temperature

: Not available.

Q. Decomposition

: Not available.

temperature

R. Viscosity

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

S. Molecular weight : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

A. Chemical stability

B. Conditions to avoid

: The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous** 

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

reactions

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

C. Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

D. Hazardous

Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides decomposition products

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

A. Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ingestion

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatique dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

### B. Health hazards

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	LD50 Oral	Rat	26100 mg/kg	-
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>48.17 g/m <sup>3</sup>	1 hours
, ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	_
mesitylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	_
propylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	6040 mg/kg	_
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	11.4 g/kg	_
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	_
N30,N31,N32 copper				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.1 g/kg	_
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	_
, , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
•	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.54 g/kg	_
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	_
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	_
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	_

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
mesitylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
propylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Toluene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs	
<b>⋉</b> ylene	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver	
Toluene	Category 2	-	-	

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
propylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Potential chronic health effects

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

**Carcinogenicity**: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

**Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: May cause harm to breast-fed children.

#### **Additional information**

Frolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Common name	CAS#	GHS Classification
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROMATIC	CAS: 64742-95-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Xylene	XYLENES	CAS: 1330-20-7	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

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			(SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1,2,4-TRIMETHYL BENZENE	CAS: 95-63-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	BENZENE	90-00-0	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
			(SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
			ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	PARAFFIN WAXES AND HYDROCARBON WAXES; CHLORINATED	CAS: 63449-39-8	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TĒRM) - Category 4
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	C14-C17 CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS	CAS: 85535-85-9	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on pr via lactation
			AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
mesitylene	1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 108-67-8	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
propylbenzene	PROPYLBENZENE	CAS:	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		103-65-1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	1,2,3-TRIMETHYL BENZENE	CAS: 526-73-8	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
			SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato (2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	COPPER PHTALOCYANINE	CAS: 147-14-8	Not classified.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE	CAS: 108-65-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
			SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

	_		<u> </u>
			(SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
			Category 3
cyclohexanone	CYCLOHEXANONE	CAS:	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		108-94-1	
			ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
			ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
			ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
			SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION -
			Category 2
			SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE
			IRRITATION - Category 1
			GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
			CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
cumene	CUMENE	CAS:	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		98-82-8	
			ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
			CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
carbon black	CARBON BLACK	CAS:	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		1333-86-4	
ethanol	ETHYL ALCOHOL	CAS:	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		64-17-5	<b>3</b> ,
			SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE
			IRRITATION - Category 2
			CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Toluene	TOLUENE	CAS:	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
rolderie	1 OLOLINE	108-88-3	i Li tiviivii teele etgoreo oatogory 2
		100-00-3	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION -
			Category 2
			TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
			SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
			(SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
			Category 3
			SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
			(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
			ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Section 12. Ecological information

### A. **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato (2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
ethanol	Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours

### B. Persistence and degradability

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**Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BLUE RAL 5011 (LEAD FREE)** 

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

Result	Dose	Inoculum
83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Kylene ethylbenzene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	- - -	-	Readily Readily Readily
ethanol Toluene	- -	-	Readily Readily

#### C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
Paraffin waxes and	7.46 to 11.48	-	high
Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro			
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	4.7 to 8.3	-	high
mesitylene	3.42	186.21	low
propylbenzene	3.69	-	low
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	3.66	194.98	low
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato	6.6	-	high
(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32			
copper			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	1.2	-	low
acetate			
cyclohexanone	0.86	-	low
cumene	3.55	35.48	low
ethanol	-0.35	-	low
Toluene	2.73	8.32	low

#### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**E.** Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### A. Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

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**Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BLUE RAL 5011 (LEAD FREE)** 

## **Section 13. Disposal considerations**

#### **B.** Disposal precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
D. Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN : None identified.

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

# F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

#### A. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture) : None of the components are listed.

ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission) : None of the components are listed.

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**Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BLUE RAL 5011 (LEAD FREE)** 

## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

Article 2 of Youth Protection
Act on Substances Hazardous

: It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.

: The following components are listed: cyclohexanone, toluene

: The following components are listed: xylene, ethyl benzene

: The following components are listed: Xylene, Ethyl benzene

# Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:

Xylene

to Youth

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

ethylbenzene

mesitylene

1,2,3-trimethylbenzene

cyclohexanone

cumene

carbon black

ethanol

Toluene

ISHA Enforcement Regs

Annex 19 (Exposure standards established

for harmful factors)

**ISHA Enforcement Regs** 

Annex 11-5 (Harmful factors subject to Work

Environment

Measurement)

**ISHA Enforcement Regs** 

Annex 22 (Harmful

Factors Subject to Special Health Check-

up)

Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous

substances subject to

control)

B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

CCA Article 11 (TRI)

: The following components are listed: Xylene including o-,m-,p- isomer,

The following components are listed: xylene, ethyl benzene, copper and its

Ethylbenzene, Copper and its compounds

CCA Article 18

**Prohibited (K-Reach** 

Article 27)

CCA Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-

Reach Article 25)

CCA Article 20

Restricted (K-Reach

Article 27)

**CCA Article 20 Toxic** 

**Chemicals (K-Reach** 

Article 20)

**Korea inventory** 

: None of the components are listed.

: None of the components are listed.

: None of the components are listed.

: Not applicable

compounds

: All components are listed or exempted.

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**Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BLUE RAL 5011 (LEAD FREE)** 

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**CCA Article 39** (Accident Precaution

: None of the components are listed.

Chemicals) C. Dangerous Materials

**Safety Management Act** 

: Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid

Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid

Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: |||

Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

D. Wastes regulation

the product

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product

(including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

: Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act A. References

Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act

NIER Notice

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information

Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.

B. Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 5/17/2021

C. Version : 22 : EHS **Prepared by** 

D. Other

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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