

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



SIGMA ALPHAGEN 230 BROWN

Date of issue 18 May 2021

Version 24

## 1. Product and company identification

**Product name** : SIGMA ALPHAGEN 230 BROWN  
**Product code** : 00252634  
**Product type** : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.


**Use of the substance/  
mixture** : Antifouling products

**Uses advised against** : Not applicable.

**Supplier's details** : PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd.  
8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803  
Tel : +81 78 574 2777  
Fax : +81 78 576 0035

**Emergency telephone  
number** : 078 574 2777

## 2. Hazards identification

**GHS Classification** :  FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1A  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1  
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms**



**Signal word** : Danger

## 2. Hazards identification

- Hazard statements** :  Flammable liquid and vapor.  
 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
 Causes serious eye irritation.  
 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.  
 May cause respiratory irritation.  
 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
 May cause cancer.  
 May damage fertility or the unborn child.  
 Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory system, systemic toxicity)  
 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), nervous system, respiratory system)  
 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- Precautionary statements**
- Prevention** :  Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- Response** :  Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
- Storage** :  Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification** :  Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

### CAS number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

**CSCL number** : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Copper oxide	25 - <50	1317-39-1	1-297
Rosin	10 - <12.5	8050-09-7	7-935
Zinc oxide	7 - <10	1314-13-2	1-561
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	7 - <10	64742-95-6	Not available.
methyl isobutyl ketone	7 - <10	108-10-1	2-542
Zinc N,N'-ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate)	5 - <7	12122-67-7	2-1841
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3 - <5	95-63-6	3-3427; 3-7
Diiron trioxide	3 - <5	1309-37-1	1-357; 5-5188
Xylene	1 - <2	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	1 - <2	14807-96-6	Not available.
carbon black animal or vegetable origin	0.5 - <1	1333-86-4	5-3328; 5-5222
copper(II) oxide	0.5 - <1	1317-38-0	1-297
Ethanol	0.5 - <1	64-17-5	2-202
Copper	0.5 - <1	7440-50-8	Not available.
ethyl benzene	0.2 - <0.5	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	0.1 - <0.2	7631-86-9	1-548
Cumene	0.1 - <0.2	98-82-8	3-22

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

##### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** :  Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

##### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** :  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
wheezing and breathing difficulties  
asthma  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness

## 4. First aid measures

- reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** :  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** :  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
nitrogen oxides  
sulfur oxides  
metal oxide/oxides  
oxides of lead

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** :  No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling** :  Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Conditions for safe storage :** Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Rosin	<b>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). Skin sensitizer.</b>
	<b>Inhalation sensitizer.</b>
Zinc oxide	<b>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020).</b>
	OEL-M: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 2 Dust)
	OEL-M: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 2 Dust)
methyl isobutyl ketone	<b>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020).</b>
	OEL-M: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	<b>ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).</b>
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Diiron trioxide	<b>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020).</b>
	OEL-M: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OEL-M: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	<b>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020).</b>
	OEL-M: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 2 Dust)
	OEL-M: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 2 Dust)
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	<b>ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).</b>
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	<b>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020).</b>
	OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OEL-M: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
carbon black animal or vegetable origin	<b>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020).</b>
	OEL-M: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust)
	OEL-M: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 1 Dust)
	<b>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020).</b>
	OEL-M: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 2 Dust)

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

ethyl benzene	<p>OEL-M: 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 2 Dust)  <b>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020).</b>  OEL-M: 217 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.  <b>ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).</b>  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p>
Cumene	<p><b>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). Absorbed through skin.</b>  OEL-M: 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  OEL-M: 10 ppm 8 hours.</p>

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye protection** : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** : butyl rubber

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.



## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid.  
**Color** : Brown.  
**Odor** : Aromatic.  
**Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)  
**Flash point** : Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)  
**Relative density** : 1.7  
**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.  
**Viscosity** : Not Applicable

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

**Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Copper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1340 mg/kg	-
Rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
Zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-



**11. Toxicological information**

light aromatic	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
methyl isobutyl ketone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	12.3 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
Zinc N,N'-ethylenebis (dithiocarbamate)	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
carbon black animal or vegetable origin	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
copper(II) oxide	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
Ethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
Copper ethyl benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
Cumene	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-

**Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

**Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Zinc N,N'-ethylenebis (dithiocarbamate)	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

**Mutagenicity**

Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

**Teratogenicity**

Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

## 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
nickel copper oxide	Category 1 Category 3	-	systemic toxicity Respiratory tract irritation
Zinc oxide	Category 1	-	respiratory system, systemic toxicity
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
methyl isobutyl ketone	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
Zinc N,N'-ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate)	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Diiron trioxide	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 1 Category 1	-	respiratory system central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory system
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
copper(II) oxide	Category 1 Category 1 Category 3	- - -	respiratory system systemic toxicity Respiratory tract irritation
Ethanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Copper	Category 3 Category 1 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects digestive system Respiratory tract irritation
ethyl benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Category 3 Category 3	- -	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
Cumene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver
	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
nickel methyl isobutyl ketone	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
Zinc N,N'-ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate)	Category 1	-	respiratory system
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 2	-	central nervous system (CNS), lungs
Diiron trioxide	Category 1	-	respiratory system
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory system
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	Category 1	-	respiratory system
carbon black animal or vegetable origin	Category 1	-	respiratory system

## 11. Toxicological information

Ethanol	Category 1 Category 2	-	liver central nervous system (CNS)
ethyl benzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys, respiratory system

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
☑ Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethyl benzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : ☑ Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : ☑ Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : ☑ Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
wheezing and breathing difficulties  
asthma  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : ☑ Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

## 11. Toxicological information

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

**General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMA ALPHAGEN 230 BROWN	4701.4	26397.2	N/A	29.3	5.4
dicopper oxide	1340	2500	N/A	N/A	3.34
Rosin	7600	2500	N/A	N/A	1.5
Zinc oxide	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
methyl isobutyl ketone	2080	N/A	N/A	3	N/A
Zinc N,N'-ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate)	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	N/A
Diiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
copper(II) oxide	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethanol	7000	17100	N/A	124.7	N/A
ethyl benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
Cumene	N/A	12300	N/A	3	N/A

#### **Other information** :

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

## 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Copper oxide Zinc oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Algae Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	72 hours 48 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
methyl isobutyl ketone	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Diiron trioxide	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Ethanol	Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Copper	Acute LC50 810 ppb	Fish	96 hours
ethyl benzene	Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Acute LC50 >10000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
methyl isobutyl ketone	OECD 301F	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
methyl isobutyl ketone	-	-	Readily
Xylene	-	-	Readily
Ethanol	-	-	Readily
ethyl benzene	-	-	Readily

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Rosin	1.9 to 7.7	-	high
methyl isobutyl ketone	1.9	-	low
Zinc N,N'-ethylenebis (dithiocarbamate)	1.3	-	low
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
Ethanol	-0.35	-	low
ethyl benzene	3.6	79.43	low
Cumene	3.55	35.48	low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide, zinc oxide)	Not applicable.

### Additional information

**UN** : None identified.

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not applicable.

## 15. Regulatory information

### Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleum	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2,4-Trimethylbenzene	4.4826	Class 1	296
<input type="checkbox"/> Xylene	1.5676	Class 1	80

### ISHL

#### Use of specified chemical substances

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Methyl isobutyl ketone	<10	Special Organic Solvents	33-2

#### Substances requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Copper and its compounds	≥25 - ≤50	Listed	379
<input type="checkbox"/> Rosin	≤11	Listed	632
<input type="checkbox"/> Zinc oxide	<10	Listed	188
<input type="checkbox"/> Petroleum naphtha	≤10	Listed	330
<input type="checkbox"/> Methyl isobutyl ketone	<10	Listed	569
<input type="checkbox"/> Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron oxide; Diiron(III) trioxide	≤5.0	Listed	192
<input type="checkbox"/> Xylene	≤3.0	Listed	136
<input type="checkbox"/> Ethanol	<1.0	Listed	61
<input type="checkbox"/> Ethylbenzene	≤0.30	Listed	70
<input type="checkbox"/> Crystalline silica	≤0.30	Listed	165-2

#### Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Copper and its compounds	≥25 - ≤50	Listed	379
<input type="checkbox"/> Rosin	≤11	Listed	632
<input type="checkbox"/> Zinc oxide	<10	Listed	188
<input type="checkbox"/> Petroleum naphtha	≤10	Listed	330
<input type="checkbox"/> Methyl isobutyl ketone	<10	Listed	569
<input type="checkbox"/> Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron oxide; Diiron(III) trioxide	≤5.0	Listed	192
<input type="checkbox"/> Xylene	≤3.0	Listed	136
<input type="checkbox"/> Carbon black	<1.0	Listed	130
<input type="checkbox"/> Ethanol	<1.0	Listed	61
<input type="checkbox"/> Ethylbenzene	≤0.30	Listed	70
<input type="checkbox"/> Crystalline silica	≤0.30	Listed	165-2
<input type="checkbox"/> Cumene	≤0.30	Listed	138

### Carcinogen



## 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Methyl isobutyl ketone	<10	Listed	-
<input type="checkbox"/> ethylbenzene	≤0.30	Listed	-

### Mutagen

None of the components are listed.

<b>Corrosive liquid</b>	: Not listed
<b>Occupational Safety and Health Law</b>	: Flammable liquid Class 3
<b>Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning</b>	: Not listed
<b>Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing</b>	: Not listed
<b>Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing</b>	: Not listed
<b>Dangerous Substances</b>	: Inflammable
<b>Lead regulation</b>	: Not listed
<b>Organic solvents poisoning prevention</b>	: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not applicable.

### Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

### Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Methyl isobutyl ketone	7.5114	Priority assessment	116
<input type="checkbox"/> 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	4.4826	Priority assessment	49
<input type="checkbox"/> Xylene	1.5676	Priority assessment	125
<input type="checkbox"/> 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.7471	Priority assessment	201
<input type="checkbox"/> Ethylbenzene	0.29971	Priority assessment	50
<input type="checkbox"/> Cumene	0.14942	Priority assessment	126
<input type="checkbox"/> Methanol	0.0335	Priority assessment	90
<input type="checkbox"/> Toluene	0.020942	Priority assessment	46
<input type="checkbox"/> Benzene	0.013673	Priority assessment	45
<input type="checkbox"/> Naphthalene	0.013448	Priority assessment	76
<input type="checkbox"/> 2-Butoxyethanol	0.00019	Priority assessment	109
<input type="checkbox"/> Acetone	0.000001005	Priority assessment	114
<input type="checkbox"/> 1,3-Butadiene	0.00000075	Priority assessment	4

**High Pressure Gas Control Law** : Not available.

### Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

## 15. Regulatory information

**Law Concerning Prevention of Pollution of the Ocean and Maritime Disaster** : Not available.

### Maritime Safety Law

#### Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

### Container class

None of the components are listed.

**JSOH Carcinogen** :  Group 1

**List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste** : Not listed

**Japan inventory** : At least one component is not listed.

**Road law** : Not available.

## 16. Other information

### History

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 18 May 2021

**Date of previous issue** : 11/24/2019

**Version** : 24

**Prepared by** : EHS

**Key to abbreviations** : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway  
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road  
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail  
UN = United Nations

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

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