SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 5/18/2021 (month/day/year)

Version 16

number:

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name
Product code: ABC 3 AF RED
: 00283621

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying. Use of the substance/ : Antifouling products

 mixture

 Uses advised against
 : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

 C. Supplier's information
 : PPG SSC (680-090) 19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu, Ulsan, Korea Tel: +82-52-210-8222

 Email Address
 Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM

 Emergency telephone
 : +82-52-210-8222

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2
	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements
 Symbol
 Signal word
 E. Danger

Korea (GHS) Page: 1/16

Product code 00283621 Product name ABC 3 AF RED Date of issue 5/18/2021 (month/day/year)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements Precautionary statements	 F226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H330 - Fatal if inhaled. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver) H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P284 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	 P391 - Collect spillage. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	 ▶ 403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
C. Other hazards which do not result in classification	: P rolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Product name ABC 3 AF RED

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
dícopper oxide	DICOPPER OXIDE / COPPER (I) OXIDE	CAS: 1317-39-1	30 - <40
zinc oxide	ZINC OXIDE	CAS: 1314-13-2	10 -<20
butan-1-ol	1-BUTANOL	CAS: 71-36-3	5 - <10
rosin	Rosin	CAS: 8050-09-7	5 - <10
Xylene	XYLENES	CAS: 1330-20-7	5 - <10
Ziram	ziram	CAS: 137-30-4	1 - <5
diiron trioxide	Diiron trioxide	CAS: 1309-37-1	1 - <5
N-ethyl-o(or p)-toluenesulphonamide	N-ethyl-o(or p)-toluenesulphonamide	CAS: 8047-99-2	1 - <5
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBÈNZÉNE	CAS: 100-41-4	1 - <5
copper oxide	COPPER OXIDE	CAS: 1317-38-0	1 - <5
copper	COPPER	CAS: 7440-50-8	0.1 - <1
ethanol	ETHYL ALCOHOL	CAS: 64-17-5	0.1 - <1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
В.	Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
D.	Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Е.	Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
	Specific treatments	4	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

	•		C
Α.	Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	1	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
C.	Special equipment for fire-fighting	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Fire-fighting procedures	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
1			

Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
B Environmental		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and rupoff and contact with soil waterways

B. Environmental
precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,
drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused
environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material.
May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.
Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an
appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal
contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Large spill
- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat. sparks. open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Version 16

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
øicopper oxide	Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
zinc oxide	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	dust STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
butan-1-ol	Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
rosin	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). Skin
105111	sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.
Xylene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
diiron trioxide	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Fe) 8 hours. Form:
	Fume
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Fe) 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
copper oxide	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
copper	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
ethanol	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
monitoring procedures atmosphere or biologica of the ventilation or othe protective equipment. I standards. Reference t	ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace al monitoring may be required to determine the effectivenes er control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring to national guidance documents for methods for the dous substances will also be required.

B. Appropriate engineering controls Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Korea (GHS) Page: 6/16

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
С.	Personal protective equip	ome	ent
	Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
	Eye protection	1	Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
	Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Gloves	:	butyl rubber
	Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
	Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Α.	Appearance		
	Physical state	1	Liquid.
	Color	1	Red.
В.	Odor	1	Aromatic.
C .	Odor threshold	1	Not available.
D.	рН	1	Not applicable.
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	1	Not available.
F.	Boiling point/boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)
G.	Flash point	:	Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)
н.	Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
÷	Elemmobility (colid goo)		Not available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Ι.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

J.	Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 11.3% (butan-1-ol)
Κ.	Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Ε.	Solubility	1	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
	Solubility in water	1	Not available.
Μ.	Vapor density	:	Not available.
Ν.	Relative density	:	1.95
0.	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Ρ.	Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Q.	Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
R.	Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
S.	Molecular weight	:	Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Α.	Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reactions		The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
в.	Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
C.	Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effects	
	tal if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause owsiness or dizziness.
Ingestion : Ha	armful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Skin contact : Ca	auses skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact : Ca	auses serious eye damage.
Over-exposure signs/symptor	<u>ns</u>

Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1340 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	mists		Ŭ	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
Kylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Ziram	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	81 mg/m ³	4 hours
	mists		0	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	267 mg/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	mists		- 0	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
N-ethyl-o(or p)-toluenesulphonamide	LD50 Oral	Rat	2250 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
copper oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
	mists		Ŭ	
	1	I	Korea (GHS)	Page: 9/1

Product code	00283621
Design of the second second	

Product name ABC 3 AF RED

Section 11. Toxicological information

ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary				·	•
Skin :	There are no data available of	on the mixture itse	elf.		
Eyes :	There are no data available of	on the mixture itse	elf.		
Respiratory :	There are no data available of	on the mixture itse	elf.		
Sensitization					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin :	There are no data available or	n the mixture itsel	f.		
Respiratory :	There are no data available or	n the mixture itsel	f.		
Mutagenicity					
	There are no data available o	n the mixture itse	lf.		
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available of	on the mixture itse	elf.		
Reproductive toxicity					
	There are no data available of	on the mixture itse	elf.		
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary :	y : There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (single exposure)</u>				
Namo		Classification	Route of	Tarra	torgans

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
▶utan-1-ol	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Ziram	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
N-ethyl-o(or p)-toluenesulphonamide	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
▼ylene	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver
Ziram	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Potential chronic health effects

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Additional information

Folonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Common name	CAS #	GHS Classification
dicopper oxide	DICOPPER OXIDE / COPPER (I) OXIDE	CAS: 1317-39-1	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
			ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE
			IRRITATION - Category 1
			AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
			AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) -
			Category 1
zinc oxide	ZINC OXIDE	CAS:	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
		1314-13-2	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) -
			Category 1
butan-1-ol	1-BUTANOL	CAS: 71-36-3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
			ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION -
			Category 2
			SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE
			IRRITATION - Category 1
			SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
			(SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
			Korea (GHS) Page: 11/16

Product code	00283621
Product name	ABC 3 AF RED

Section 11. Toxicological information

			irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
			(SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
rosin	Rosin	CAS: 8050-09-7	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
			AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 4
Xylene	XYLENES	CAS: 1330-20-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
			ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
			SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
			(SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Ziram	ziram	CAS:	SPEČIFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		137-30-4	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1
			SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
			SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
			irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
			AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
diiron trioxide	Diiron trioxide	CAS: 1309-37-1	Not classified.
N-ethyl-o(or p)- toluenesulphonamide	N-ethyl-o(or p)- toluenesulphonamide	CAS: 8047-99-2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
			ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
copper oxide	COPPER OXIDE	CAS: 1317-38-0	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
			AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
copper	COPPER	CAS: 7440-50-8	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
ethanol	ETHYL ALCOHOL	CAS:	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		64-17-5	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE
	1	I	Korea (GHS) Page: 12/16

Version 16

Section 11. Toxicological information

IRRITATION - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
butan-1-ol	Acute LC50 1376 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Ziram	Acute EC50 5.421 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.265 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
diiron trioxide	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
N-ethyl-o(or p)-	EC50 >1000 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
toluenesulphonamide			
	LC50 130 mg/l	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
copper	Acute LC50 810 ppb	Fish	96 hours
ethanol	Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours

B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
ethanol	-	-	Readily

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	Potential	
butan-1-ol	1	-	low		
rosin	1.9 to 7.7	-	high		
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low		
Ziram	1.65	-	low		
N-ethyl-o(or p)-	1.87	-	low		
toluenesulphonamide					
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low		
ethanol	-0.35	-	low		

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (K_{oc})

E. <u>Other adverse effects</u> : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

A. Dispo	sal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
----------	-------------	--

B. Disposal precautions
 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT 3 III	
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3		
D. Packing group	III	III		
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide, zinc oxide)	Not applicable.	

Additional information

IMDG

- **UN** : None identified.
 - : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
- **IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments Product code 00283621 Product name ABC 3 AF RED

Version 16

Section 15. Regulatory information

Α.	Regulation according to I	SH	<u>A</u>			
	ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	:	None of the components are listed.			
	ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	:	None of the components are listed.			
	Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	:	It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.			
	Exposure Limits of Chem	Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors				
	The following components dicopper oxide zinc oxide butan-1-ol rosin Xylene diiron trioxide ethylbenzene copper oxide copper ethanol	s ha	ave an OEL:			
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)	:	None of the components are listed.			
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 11-5 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	:	The following components are listed: zinc oxide, n-butanol, xylene, iron oxide, ethyl benzene			
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	:	The following components are listed: Copper (dust, mist, fume), Zinc oxide, n-Butanol, Xylene, Iron oxide (dust, fume), Ethyl benzene			
	Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	:	The following components are listed: copper and its compounds, zinc and its compounds, n-butanol, xylene, zinc and its compounds, iron and its compounds, ethyl benzene, copper and its compounds			
B.	Regulation according to (Che	emicals Control Act			
	CCA Article 11 (TRI)	:	The following components are listed: Copper and its compounds, Zinc and its compounds, Xylene including o-,m-,p- isomer, Ziram, Ethylbenzene, Copper and its compounds			
	CCA Article 18 Prohibited (K-Reach Article 27)	:	None of the components are listed.			

Version 16

Section 15. Regulatory information

	-		-
,	CCA Article 19 Subject to authorization (K- Reach Article 25)	:	None of the components are listed.
	CCA Article 20 Restricted (K-Reach Article 27)	:	None of the components are listed.
	CCA Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)	:	Toxic
	Korea inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
	CCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	:	None of the components are listed.
C.	Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	:	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited
D.	Wastes regulation	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Ε.	Regulation according to	oth	er foreign laws
	Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	:	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).
0	action 16 Other		forma attack

Section 16. Other information

Α.	References	 Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act NIER Notice Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.
В.	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/18/2021
С.	Version	: 16
	Prepared by	: EHS
	Other	

D. Other

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.