SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Product code : 00281136
Product name : AMERLOCK SEALER HARDENER
Product type : Liquid.
Other means of identification
Not available.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Coating.
Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

Company/undertaking identification : PPG Industries Sales, Inc. and PPG Coatings (Philippines), Inc.
3rd Floor First Life Center
174 Salcedo St., Legaspi Village
Makati City 1229, Philippines
Tel # 00632- 752-6773/ Fax # 00632-752-6771

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC +(63) 2-395-3308 (CCN 17704)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 14.4%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 24.1%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 69.1%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 56.1%
Section 2. Hazards identification

**Signal word**

Danger

**Hazard statements**

Combustible liquid.
Harmful if swallowed.
May be harmful in contact with skin.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Fatal if inhaled.
May cause respiratory irritation.
Suspected of causing cancer.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

**Response**

Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

**Storage**

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal**

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture**

Mixture

**CAS number/other identifiers**

**CAS number**

Not applicable.
Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>furfuryl alcohol</td>
<td>20 - &lt;25</td>
<td>98-00-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poly(oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl]), α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-</td>
<td>10 - &lt;20</td>
<td>9046-10-0 (n = 2-6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polyaminoamide</td>
<td>10 - &lt;20</td>
<td>68082-29-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with toluene</td>
<td>10 - &lt;20</td>
<td>25155-81-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich</td>
<td>10 - &lt;20</td>
<td>68515-49-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>5 - &lt;10</td>
<td>100-51-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated</td>
<td>5 - &lt;10</td>
<td>135108-88-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol</td>
<td>1 - &lt;3</td>
<td>90-72-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nonylphenol</td>
<td>1 - &lt;3</td>
<td>25154-52-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,6-diazaocutanethylenediamin</td>
<td>1 - &lt;3</td>
<td>112-24-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>salicylic acid</td>
<td>1 - &lt;3</td>
<td>69-72-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)</td>
<td>1 - &lt;3</td>
<td>1761-71-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toluene</td>
<td>0.1 - &lt;0.3</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Inhalation**: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. DO NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact**: Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation**: Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain
- watering
- redness

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- respiratory tract irritation
- coughing
Section 4. First aid measures

### Skin contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- redness
- dryness
- cracking
- blistering may occur

### Ingestion
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

#### Notes to physician
In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

#### Specific treatments
No specific treatment.

#### Protection of first-aiders
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media
- Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media
- Do not use water jet.

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical
- Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

### Hazardous thermal decomposition products
- Decomposition products may include the following materials:
  - carbon oxides
  - nitrogen oxides

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters
- Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

### Special protective equipment for fire-fighters
- Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### For non-emergency personnel
- No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Collect and store spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>furfuryl alcohol</td>
<td>TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). TLV: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. TLV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toluene</td>
<td>TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). TLV: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. TLV: 100 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Recommended monitoring procedures**: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Appropriate engineering controls**: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls**: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

#### Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### Skin protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves**: nitrile neoprene

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection
Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection
Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

- Physical state: Liquid.
- Color: Colorless.
- Odor: Amine-like.
- Odor threshold: Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point: Not available.
- Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range: >37.78°C (>100°F)
- Flammability: Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Not available.
- Flash point: Closed cup: 91°C (195.8°F)

### Auto-ignition temperature

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>°C</th>
<th>°F</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>572</td>
<td>EU A.15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Decomposition temperature
Not available.

### pH
Not applicable.

### Viscosity
Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

### Solubility
Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

### Solubility in water
Not available.

### Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
Not applicable.

### Vapor pressure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Vapor Pressure at 20°C</th>
<th>Vapor pressure at 50°C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>mm Hg</td>
<td>kPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( 4,4' )-methylenediphenylmethane</td>
<td>0.675</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Relative density
1.02

### Relative vapor density
Not available.

### Particle characteristics
Not available.

### Median particle size
Not applicable.

### Evaporation rate
Not available.
Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Incompatible materials: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

Hazardous polymerization: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Furfuryl alcohol</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>934 mg/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>233 ppm</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>400 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>3825 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>0.132 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>2980 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with toluene</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt;2 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;2 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;4178 mg/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>2000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1.23 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>1.28 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1280 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1200 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nonylphenol</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>2.14 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>580 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>1465 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1716 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>salicylic acid</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>0.891 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4,4’-methylenebis</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>2.11 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Section 11. Toxicological information

| (cyclohexylamine) | LD50 Oral | Rat | 0.625 g/kg | - |
| toluene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 49 g/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 8.39 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5580 mg/kg | - |

**Conclusion/Summary**

Irritation/Corrosion: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol</td>
<td>Skin - Visible necrosis</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
<td>7 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary**

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin</td>
<td>skin, skin, skin</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>Sensitizing</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary**

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity**

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity**

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity**

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>furfuryl alcohol</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with toluene toluene</td>
<td>Category 3, Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
Section 11. Toxicological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>furfuryl alcohol</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
<td>oral</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>kidneys</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toluene</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
<td>oral</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Aspiration hazard**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>furfuryl alcohol</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toluene</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Information on the likely routes of exposure**

- : Not available.

**Potential acute health effects**

- **Eye contact**: Causes serious eye damage.
- **Inhalation**: Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
- **Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- **Ingestion**: Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

- **Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain
  - watering
  - redness
- **Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - respiratory tract irritation
  - coughing
- **Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - redness
  - dryness
  - cracking
  - blistering may occur
- **Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - stomach pains

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**Short term exposure**

- **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.
- **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

**Long term exposure**

- **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.
- **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.
- **Potential chronic health effects**: Not available.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>1002.28 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>2019.2 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation (vapors)</td>
<td>1.34 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation (dusts and mists)</td>
<td>0.63 mg/l</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other information: Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Poly(oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)), α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethyleneoxy)-</td>
<td>EC50 15 mg/l</td>
<td>Algae</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol nonylphenol</td>
<td>Acute EC50 63 mg/l</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 175 mg/l</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 0.056 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic EC10 0.003 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 1 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 1147.57 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia longispina - Neonate</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 5.6 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability
Section 12. Ecological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Poly(oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)), α-(2-aminomethylacetic acid)-ω-(2-aminomethylallox)-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Not readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toluene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogPow</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>furfuryl alcohol</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>8.8</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>high</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol nonylphenol</td>
<td>0.87</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>0.219</td>
<td>209 to 219</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toluene</td>
<td>3.28</td>
<td>154.88</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin salicylic acid 4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)</td>
<td>-1.66 to -1.4</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>salicylic acid</td>
<td>2.21 to 2.26</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toluene</td>
<td>2.03</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol nonylphenol</td>
<td>2.73</td>
<td>8.32</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN3066</td>
<td>UN3066</td>
<td>UN3066</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>PAINT</td>
<td>PAINT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
<td>Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine pollutant substances</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>(nonylphenol, 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine))</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional information

UN : None identified.
IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not applicable.

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol
Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20 May 2021
Date of previous issue : 4/29/2021
Version : 8
Prepared by : EHS
Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations:
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- UN = United Nations

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.