## SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 26 July 2021 Version12

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product code : 00358330

Product name : SIGMA ECOFLEET 200 REDBROWN

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

EC number : Mixture.

Product type : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Antifouling products

Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

Supplier's details : PPG Yung Chi Coatings Co. Ltd

Lot 219, Amata Street, Long Binh IZ Bien Hoa City, Dong Nai Province

Vietnam

Tel: +84 61 3936121/22

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

: CHEMTREC +(84)-444581938 (CCN 17704)

#### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 1
AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity:

6.5%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal

toxicity: 33.8%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation

toxicity: 40.3%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the

aquatic environment: 10.5%

**GHS** label elements

Viet Nam Page: 1/13

Product code 00358330 Version 12 Date of issue 26 July 2021

**Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 200 REDBROWN** 

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard pictograms** 











Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Fammable liquid and vapor.

May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.

Causes mild skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage.

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central

nervous system (CNS))

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eve or face protection. Keep away

from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace.

: Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for Response

breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

: Not applicable. **Storage** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national **Disposal** 

and international regulations.

**Routes of entry** : Not available.

result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Frolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

**CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS** number : Not applicable. **EC** number : Mixture.

**Viet Nam** Page: 2/13

**Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 200 REDBROWN** 

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	CAS number	Chemical formula	%
dicopper oxide	1317-39-1	Cu2-O	≥25 - ≤46
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	64742-82-1	-	≥10 - ≤16
rosin	8050-09-7	-	≥10 - ≤17
zinc oxide	1314-13-2	O-Zn	≤10
4-methylpentan-2-one	108-10-1	C6-H12-O	≤7.9
zineb (ISO)	12122-67-7	C4-H6-N2-S4.Zn	≤5.8
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	-	≤3.5
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	C9-H12	≤2.2
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid	911674-82-3	CHON	≤3
and octadecanoic acid and			
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine			
copper oxide	1317-38-0	Cu-O	<1

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running

water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical

attention.

**Inhalation**: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the

skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : May be harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness dryness

cracking

blistering may occur

Viet Nam Page: 3/13

**Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 200 REDBROWN** 

#### Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No specific treatment.

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Viet Nam Page: 4/13

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental

> **Viet Nam** Page: 5/13

**Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 200 REDBROWN** 

### Section 7. Handling and storage

contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
proper oxide	Ministry of Health (Viet Nam, 6/2019).  TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Dust STEL: 1 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: vapour, fume
rosin zinc oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. Ministry of Health (Viet Nam, 6/2019). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Dust and fumes TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable dust
4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA: 4 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: total dust concentration  ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).  STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).  TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine copper oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States).  TWA: 3 mg/m³, (Respirable fraction)  Ministry of Health (Viet Nam, 6/2019).  TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Dust STEL: 1 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: vapour, fume

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Viet Nam Page: 6/13

**Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 200 REDBROWN** 

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

**Skin protection** 

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately

estimated.

Gloves : butyl rubber

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task

being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static

discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the

hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is

necessary.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Boiling point** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Brownish-red.
Odor : Aromatic.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not applicable.
Melting point : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Naphtha (petroleum),

hydrodesulfurized heavy)

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.53

Viet Nam Page: 7/13

**Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 200 REDBROWN** 

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

**Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1340 mg/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	12.3 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
zineb (ISO)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), LD50 Dermal light aromatic		Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.08 mg/l	4 hours

Viet Nam Page: 8/13

**Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 200 REDBROWN** 

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

1,3-phenylenedimethanamine				
copper oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

3	Route of exposure	Species	Result
zíneb (ISO)	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
zineb (ISO)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS)

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
4-methylpentan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Viet Nam Page: 9/13

**Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 200 REDBROWN** 

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Information on the likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.

Skin contact : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the

skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : May be harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects : Potential chronic health effects

**General** : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Viet Nam Page: 10/13

Product code 00358330	Date of issue 26 July 2021	Version 12
Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 200 REDBROWN	1	

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
<b>Ø</b> ral	3819.17 mg/kg
Dermal	3411.89 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	87.28 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	4.21 mg/l

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
✓ methylpentan-2-one	OECD 301F	83 % - Rea	dily - 28 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
-methylpentan-2-one	-		-		Readily	′

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>v</b> sin	1.9 to 7.7	-	high
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	low
zineb (ISO)	1.3	-	low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Viet Nam Page: 11/13

**Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 200 REDBROWN** 

### Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	<b>=</b>
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN : None identified.

**IMDG**: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

**Special precautions for user**: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according**: Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

Viet Nam Page: 12/13

**Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 200 REDBROWN** 

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Circular no. 05/1999/TT-BYT

Ingredient name	Category	Notes
xylene	Category 2	
benzene	Category 1	
toluene	Category 2	
vinyl chloride	Category 2	

Toxic classification (TCVN : 3

3164-79)

**International regulations** 

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 26 July 2021

Date of previous issue

: 12/21/2018

Version : 12
Prepared by : EHS

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

Viet Nam Page: 13/13