# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **AMERCOAT 253 CURE**



Date of issue 7 November 2021

**Version 5** 

# 1. Product and company identification

Product name : AMERCOAT 253 CURE

Product code : 00334188 Product type : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Supplier's details : PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd.

8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803

Tel: +81 78 574 2777 Fax: +81 78 576 0035

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: 078 574 2777

### 2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2

SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 1

HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD -

Category 1

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms :











Signal word : Danger

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### 2. Hazards identification

#### **Hazard statements**

: Fammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Fatal if inhaled.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Suspected of causing cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central

nervous system (CNS), hearing organs) Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

Dotain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

### Storage Disposal

- : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Other hazards which do not result in classification

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

**CAS** number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.
CSCL number : Not available.

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**Product name AMERCOAT 253 CURE** 

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
<ul><li> √,4'-methylenebis(2-ethylaniline) 1-Butanol cyclohex-1,2-ylenediamine 2,4,6-Tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol</li></ul>	25 - <50 20 - <25 7 - <10 5 - <7	19900-65-3 71-36-3 694-83-7 90-72-2	4-863 2-3049 3-4230 3-714; 3-762;
N-(2-Aminoethyl)-1,2-ethanediamine benzyl alcohol Hexamethylenediamine	3 - <5 3 - <5 0.5 - <1	111-40-0 100-51-6 124-09-4	3-776 2-159 3-1011 2-153

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running

water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical

attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Fatal if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or

asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in

contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Farmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. May cause

damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central

nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo

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### 4. First aid measures

unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

nitrogen oxides

: Do not use water jet.

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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# 5. Fire-fighting measures

### 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe** handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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### 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
<b>I</b> ∕-Butanol	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). Absorbed through skin.  OEL-C: 150 mg/m³  OEL-C: 50 ppm  ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).
benzyl alcohol	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.  Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). Skin sensitizer.  OEL-C: 25 mg/m³

# procedures

Recommended monitoring: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Eye protection **Skin protection**

: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

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### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** 

: butyl rubber

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Odor : Characteristic.

Boiling point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 47.78°C (118°F)

Evaporation rate : 0.46 (butyl acetate = 1)

Vapor pressure : 0.59 kPa (4.4 mm Hg)

Relative density : 0.98

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Viscosity : Not Applicable

# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** 

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

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# 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1/-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
cyclohex-1,2-ylenediamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	4556 mg/kg	-
2,4,6-Tris	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.28 g/kg	-
(dimethylaminomethyl)				
phenol				
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1280 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
N-(2-Aminoethyl)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.07 to 0.3 mg/l	4 hours
-1,2-ethanediamine				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1090 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1080 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4178 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-
Hexamethylenediamine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.11 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	750 mg/kg	-

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2,4,6-Tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	Skin - Visible necrosis	Rabbit	-	4 hours	7 days

#### **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
2,4,6-Tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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# 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
<b>1</b> -Butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
benzyl alcohol	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Hexamethylenediamine	Category 1 Category 2	-	respiratory system systemic toxicity

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
<b>1</b> ∕-Butanol	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs
benzyl alcohol	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
Hexamethylenediamine	Category 1	-	respiratory tract

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** 

: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation

: Fatal if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or

asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

**Skin contact** 

: Causes severe burns. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion

: Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths

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### 11. Toxicological information

skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

**General**: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERCOAT 253 CURE	929.7	3705.6	N/A	67.5	0.47
4,4'-methylenebis(2-ethylaniline)	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-Butanol	N/A	3400	N/A	24	N/A
cyclohex-1,2-ylenediamine	4556	N/A	N/A	11	1.5
2,4,6-Tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1200	1280	N/A	N/A	N/A
N-(2-Aminoethyl)-1,2-ethanediamine	1080	1090	N/A	N/A	0.05
benzyl alcohol	1230	2000	N/A	N/A	1.5
Hexamethylenediamine	750	1110	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information :

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Readily

**Product name AMERCOAT 253 CURE** 

# 11. Toxicological information

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2,4,6-Tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Acute LC50 1376 mg/l Acute LC50 175 mg/l Acute LC50 430 mg/l	Fish	96 hours 96 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
√-(2-Aminoethyl)     −1,2-ethanediamine	-	87 % - Rea	dily - 21 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	ıradability
N-(2-Aminoethyl)	_		_		Readily	I

# Bioaccumulative potential

-1,2-ethanediamine benzyl alcohol

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1-Butanol	1	-	low
2,4,6-Tris	0.219	-	low
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol			
N-(2-Aminoethyl)	-5.58	4.47	low
-1,2-ethanediamine			
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when

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# 13. Disposal considerations

handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3470	UN3470	UN3470
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE
Transport hazard class(es)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)
Packing group	II	11	II
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(4,4'-methylenebis (2-ethylaniline))	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN : None identified.

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

# 15. Regulatory information

#### **Fire Service Law**

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

#### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

None of the components are listed.

#### **ISHL**

### Ordinance on the prevention of the hazard due to specified chemical substances

None of the components are listed.

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**Product name AMERCOAT 253 CURE** 

### 15. Regulatory information

### Substances requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
Diethylenetriamine	≥20 - ≤30 ≤10 ≤10	Listed	477 225 530-2

### **Chemicals requiring notification**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<b>B</b> utanol	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	477
Diethylenetriamine	≤10	Listed	225
Benzyl alcohol	≤10	Listed	530-2
Hexamethylenediamine; Hexane-1,6-diyldiamine	≤10	Listed	518

#### Carcinogen

None of the components are listed.

#### Mutagen

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid : Not listed

Occupational Safety and : Inflammable

**Health Law** 

Regulations on the

**Prevention of Tetraalkyl** 

**Lead Poisoning** 

**Harmful Substances** 

Subject to Obtaining

Permission for

Manufacturing

Harmful Substances,

**Prohibited for** 

**Manufacturing** 

Dangerous Substances : Inflammable

Lead regulation : Not listed

Organic solvents poisoning prevention

: Class 2

: Not listed

: Not listed

: Not listed

#### Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

### **Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)**

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
<b>1</b> -Butanol	24.127	Priority assessment	124

**High Pressure Gas Control**: Not available.

Law

#### **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

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### 15. Regulatory information

Law concerning prevention : Marine pollutant: P of pollution of the ocean

### **Maritime Safety Law**

#### Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

#### Container class

None of the components are listed.

**JSOH Carcinogen** : Not listed **List of Specially Controlled** : Not listed

**Industrial Waste** 

Japan inventory : At least one component is not listed.

**Road law** : Not available.

### 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of

revision

**Version** 

: 7 November 2021

Date of previous issue

: 10/14/2020 : 5

Prepared by

: EHS

Key to abbreviations

: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Notice to reader**

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