SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 19 April 2022

Version 1.02

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name	1	
Product code	1	
Other means of identification	1	
Product type	1	

- SIGMAPRIME 700 HSE BASE YELLOWGREEN 000001099856
- : 00317123
- Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	: PPG INDUSTRIES CHILE S.A. Puerto Madero 9710, Of. 23 Pudahuel - Chile Teléfono: +56 (2) 2571 0750 Fax: +56 (2) 2571 0752
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: +56 9 82939315

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Chile

Section 2. Hazards	s i	dentification
Target organs	:	Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, ears.
		Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 53.9% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 70.5%
		Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 77.2%
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	-	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F).
Classification according to NCh382:	:	3
		Enclick (US) Chilo 2/45

Chile

English (US)

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Label according to NCh2190:



Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	1	Mixture
Other means of		00317123
identification		

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	20 - <30	14807-96-6
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>15 - <20</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<>	15 - <20	25036-25-3
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	15 - <20	14808-60-7
xylene	10 - <12.5	1330-20-7
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	3 - <5	7429-90-5
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3 - <5	68512-30-1
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	2 - <3	64742-48-9
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	2 - <3	68609-97-2
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1 - <2	107-98-2
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	1 - <2	14808-60-7
ethylbenzene	1 - <2	100-41-4
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with	1 - <2	220926-97-6
1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine		
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated	1 - <2	68002-19-7
Cashew, nutshell liq.	1 - <2	8007-24-7
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1 - <2	78-83-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician		In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
Specific treatments	-	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effect	S	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact		May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
	inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Code 000001099856 Product name SIGMAP	Date of issue RIME 700 HSE BASE YELLOWGREEN	19 April 2022	Version 1.02		
Section 6. Accid	ental release measur	'es			
For emergency responder	 If specialized clothing is requi information in Section 8 on su information in "For non-emerge 	uitable and unsuitable materials			
Environmental precautions	 Avoid dispersal of spilled mate drains and sewers. Inform the environmental pollution (sewer) 	e relevant authorities if the proc			
Methods and materials for	containment and cleaning up				
Small spill	and explosion-proof equipmer Alternatively, or if water-insolu	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor			
Large spill	and explosion-proof equipmen sewers, water courses, basen effluent treatment plant or pro- combustible, absorbent mater and place in container for disp Dispose of via a licensed wast	e containers from spill area. Us nt. Approach release from upw nents or confined areas. Wash ceed as follows. Contain and o ial e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite posal according to local regulati te disposal contractor. Contam nazard as the spilled product. I n and Section 13 for waste disp	vind. Prevent entry into a spillages into an collect spillage with non- or diatomaceous earth ions (see Section 13). hinated absorbent Note: see Section 1 for		

Precautions for safe handling	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage.	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in

including any incompatibilities in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

1.02

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
ralc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018). TWA: 1.75 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:		
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>Respirable fraction Not regulated.</td></mw<=1100)<>	Respirable fraction Not regulated.		
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018). TWA: 0.08 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction		
xylene	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018). STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 380 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 87 ppm 8 hours.		
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018). TWA: 8.75 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Dust TWA: 4.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust		
Phenol, methylstyrenated	Not regulated.		
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Not regulated.		
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. 1-methoxy-2-propanol	Not regulated. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 184 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.		
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018). TWA: 0.08 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction		
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018). STEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 380 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 87 ppm 8 hours.		
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with	ACGIH TLV (United States).		
1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ Form: Inhalable particle TWA: 3 mg/m ³ , (inhalable dust) Form: Respirable particle		
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated	Not regulated.		
Cashew, nutshell liq.	Not regulated.		
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).		
	TWA: 133 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 44 ppm 8 hours.		
procedures atmosphere or biological monitorir of the ventilation or other control n protective equipment. Reference	with exposure limits, personal, workplace ng may be required to determine the effectiveness neasures and/or the necessity to use respiratory should be made to appropriate monitoring guidance documents for methods for the ances will also be required.		

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	 Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	res
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Green.
Odor	: Aromatic.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.

Chile

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

-		
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 37°C (98.6°F)
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.
Vapor density	1	Not available.
Relative density	1	1.49
Solubility	1	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds Formaldehyde. metal oxide oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
₽́poxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
``	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
		English (l	JS) Chile	8/

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Section 11. Toxico	ological inf	ormat	ion						
Phenol, methylstyrenated	LD50 Dermal			Rabbit		.000 mg/kg			
	LD50 Oral			Rat		000 mg/kg			
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-	LD50 Dermal			Rabbit	>5	000 mg/kg	J -		
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics									
< 2% aromatics	LD50 Oral			Rat	56	i g/kg			
oxirane, mono[LD50 Oral			Rat		' 9/kg '100 mg/kg	, []		
(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.				i vai		100 mg/kg	, –		
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation	Vapor		Rat	>7	'000 ppm	6	hours	
,	LD50 Dermal	•		Rabbit		g/kg	-		
	LD50 Oral			Rat		2 g/kg	-		
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation	Vapor		Rat	17	'.8 mg/l	4	hours	
	LD50 Dermal			Rabbit		'.8 g/kg	-		
	LD50 Oral			Rat		5 g/kg	-		
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic	LC50 Inhalation	Dusts and	mists	Rat	3.	56 mg/l	4	hours	
acid, reaction products with									
1,3-benzenedimethanamine									
and hexamethylenediamine									
	LD50 Dermal			Rat		2000 mg/kg			
	LD50 Oral			Rat		2000 mg/kg			
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation	Vapor		Rat		.6 mg/l	4	hours	
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral			Rabbit Rat		60 mg/kg	-		
						30 mg/kg	-		
Conclusion/Summary rritation/Corrosion	: There are no o		1		1			Observat	tion
Product/ingredient name	Result		Spec		Score	Expos			lion
xylene	Skin - Moderate	irritant	Rabb	IT	-	24 hou mg	rs 500	-	
Conclusion/Summary									
Skin	: There are no o	data availa	ble on	the mixtu	ure itself.				
Eyes	: There are no	data availa	ble on	the mixtu	ure itself.				
	: There are no								
Respiratory			ble on	the mixtu	ure itself.				
Respiratory Sensitization	1			the mixtu		sult			
Respiratory Sensitization	Route of	Species		the mixtu		sult			
Respiratory <u>Sensitization</u> Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	;	the mixtu	Re				
Respiratory Sensitization Product/ingredient name oxirane, mono[Route of		;	the mixtu	Re	e <mark>sult</mark> ensitizing			
Respiratory Sensitization Product/ingredient name oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]	Route of exposure	Species	;	the mixtu	Re				
Respiratory Sensitization Product/ingredient name oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	Route of exposure	Species	;	the mixtu	Re				
Respiratory Sensitization Product/ingredient name oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]	Route of exposure	Species	;	the mixtu	Re				
Respiratory Sensitization Product/ingredient name oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	Route of exposure	Species Guinea	pig		Re				
Respiratory Sensitization Product/ingredient name oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. Conclusion/Summary	Route of exposure skin	Species Guinea (pig ble on	the mixtu	Re Se ure itself.				
Respiratory Sensitization Product/ingredient name oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory	Route of exposure skin : There are no o	Species Guinea (pig ble on	the mixtu	Re Se ure itself.				
Respiratory Sensitization Product/ingredient name oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. Conclusion/Summary Skin	Route of exposure skin : There are no o	Species Guinea (pig ble on	the mixtu	Re Se ure itself.				
Respiratory Sensitization Product/ingredient name oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory <u>Autagenicity</u> Not available. Conclusion/Summary	Route of exposure skin : There are no o	Species Guinea p data availa data availa	pig ble on ble on	the mixtu	re itself.				
Respiratory Sensitization Product/ingredient name Oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory Mutagenicity Not available.	Route of exposure skin : There are no o : There are no o	Species Guinea p data availa data availa	pig ble on ble on	the mixtu	re itself.				

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Product nam	SIGMAPRIME 700	HSE BASE YELLOWGREEN			

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
vystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
xylene	-	3	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) ethylbenzene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Category 1 Category 2 Category 2	inhalation - inhalation	- hearing organs lungs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, ears.

Aspiration hazard

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result
xylene Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene 2-methylpropan-1-ol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

Information on the likely routes of exposure Potential acute health effects		Not available.
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy Eye contact	:	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

cracking

: No specific data.

Ingestion

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This
	takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic

Section 11. Toxicological information

effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential chronic health eff	2	
Not available.		
General	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.	t
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMAPRIME 700 HSE BASE YELLOWGREEN	5135.9	2658.5	N/A	27.6	3.4
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
Phenol, methylstyrenated	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	17100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	3.56
Cashew, nutshell liq.	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	96 hours 48 hours -
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)	72 hours
,	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna (Water flea)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC ≥50 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna (Water flea)	21 days
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia [′]	48 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Thylbenzene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	- OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	79 % - Readily - 10 days 9 % - Not readily - 29 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
xylene ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low	
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	low	
oxirane, mono[3.77	-	low	
(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]				
derivs.				
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low	
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low	
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic	>6	-	high	
acid, reaction products with				
1,3-benzenedimethanamine				
and hexamethylenediamine	. 4 70		1.1.1.	
Cashew, nutshell liq.	>4.78	-	high	
		English (US)	Chile	13/15

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Section 12. Eco	ological information	tion			
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-		low	
<u>Mobility in soil</u>					
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.				

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever pessible
Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product
	residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
IATA	: None identified.

English (US) Chile

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	 NCh 382 - Hazardous substances - General terminology and classification. NCh 2245 - Material Safety Data Sheet for Chemicals - Contents and section order. D. S. 148 - Sanitary regulations on hazardous waste management. D. S. 298 - Transport of dangerous goods by road. D. S. 374 - Limit for Lead content in paints. D. S. 594 - Regulation on basic sanitary and environmental conditions at workplace.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of previous issue	: 6/28/2021
Version	: 1.02 EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

Chile