SAFETY DATA SHEET

PPG AQUACOVER 45 WHITE

Date of issue 24 August 2022
Version 18

1. Product and company identification

Product name : PPG AQUACOVER 45 WHITE
Product code : 00249348
Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture : Coating.
Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Supplier's details : PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777

Emergency telephone number : 078 574 2777

2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification : CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 2
HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : May cause cancer.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (liver, respiratory organs)
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response : Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

2. Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Contains isothiazolinones. May cause allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.
CSCL number : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	15 - <20	13463-67-7	1-558; 5-5225
2,2,4-trimethylpentane-1,3-diol monoisobutyrate	2 - <3	25265-77-4	Not available.
Diethylene glycol mono butyl ether [2-(2-buthoxyethoxy)ethanol]	1 - <2	112-34-5	2-422; 7-97
tetraamminezinc(2+) carbonate	0.5 - <1	38714-47-5	Not available.
Zirconium oxide	0.1 - <0.2	1314-23-4	1-563
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	0.1 - <0.2	7631-86-9	1-548
Ethanol	0.1 - <0.2	64-17-5	2-202
propylidynetrimethanol	0.1 - <0.2	77-99-6	2-245
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	<0.1	64359-81-5	5-6165
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	<0.1	55406-53-6	2-3456
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-	<0.1	2682-20-4	5-5235

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

4. First aid measures

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon oxides
metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 35°C (41 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	**Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2021).** OEL-M: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 2 Dust) OEL-M: 4 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 2 Dust)

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye protection : Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: Viton®, butyl rubber

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : White.

Odor : Amine-like.

pH : 8

Boiling point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: Not applicable.

Relative density : 1.2

Solubility : Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2,2,4-trimethylpentane-1,3-diol monoisobutyrate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>15.2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6.5 g/kg	-
Diethylene glycol mono butyl ether [2-(2-buthoxyethoxy) ethanol]	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.16 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.9 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	567 mg/kg	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.67 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.19 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	242 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	235 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Diethylene glycol mono butyl ether [2-(2-buthoxyethoxy) ethanol]	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Ethanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Category 1	-	respiratory organs

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Diethylene glycol mono butyl ether [2-(2-buthoxyethoxy) ethanol]	Category 1	-	liver, respiratory organs
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys, respiratory organs
Ethanol	Category 1	-	liver
	Category 2		central nervous system (CNS)
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Category 1	-	respiratory organs

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11. Toxicological information

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
2,2,4-trimethylpentane-1,3-diol monoisobutyrate	6500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Diethylene glycol mono butyl ether [2-(2-buthoxyethoxy)ethanol]	4500	2700	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethanol	7000	17100	N/A	124.7	N/A
propylidynetrimethanol	14000	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	567	3900	N/A	N/A	0.16
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	1470	2500	N/A	N/A	0.67
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-	235	242	N/A	N/A	0.19

Other information :

Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Contains isothiazolinones. May cause allergic reaction.

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
2,2,4-trimethylpentane-1,3-diol monoisobutyrate	Acute LC50 33 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Acute EC50 2.2 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >10000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
Ethanol	Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 267.368 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.318 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0027 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 19.789 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.00056 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	97 days
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Acute EC50 0.186 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.067 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.049 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
2,2,4-trimethylpentane-1,3-diol monoisobutyrate	OECD 301B	>76 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	-	25 % - Inherent - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
2,2,4-trimethylpentane-1,3-diol monoisobutyrate	-	-	Readily
Ethanol	-	-	Readily
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	-	-	Inherent

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
2,2,4-trimethylpentane-1,3-diol monoisobutyrate	3.2	-	low
Diethylene glycol mono butyl ether [2-(2-buthoxyethoxy) ethanol]	1	-	low
Ethanol	-0.35	-	low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (tetraamminezinc(2+) carbonate)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (tetraamminezinc(2+) carbonate)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (tetraamminezinc(2+) carbonate)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(tetraamminezinc(2+) carbonate)	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

IMDG : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

IATA : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

None of the components are listed.

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

None of the components are listed.

ISHL

Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

None of the components are listed.

Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Titanium(IV) oxide	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	191
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	≤10	Listed	224-3
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2
Ethanol	≤10	Listed	61

Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Titanium(IV) oxide	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	191
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	≤10	Listed	224-3
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2
Ethanol	≤10	Listed	61

Carcinogen

None of the components are listed.

Mutagen

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid : Not listed

Occupational Safety and Health Law : Oxidizing, Inflammable, Combustible

Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning : Not listed

Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing : Not listed

Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing : Not listed

ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances : Oxidizing, Inflammable, Combustible

Lead regulation : Not listed

Organic solvents poisoning prevention : Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy)ethanol	0.41927	Priority assessment	110
Propane-1,2-diol	0.2492	Priority assessment	106
4,5-Dichloro-2-octylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	0.0675	Priority assessment	221
[alpha-(Alkyl(C=16-18))-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethane-1,2-diyl) or alpha-(alkenyl(C=16-18))-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethane-1,2-diyl)] (It is limited that the number-average molecular weight of the polymer is less than 1,000.)	0.021658	Priority assessment	250
Mixture of 2-{dimethyl[3-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-tridecafluorooctane-1-sulfonamido)propyl]ammonio}acetate and N,N-dimethyl-3-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-tridecafluorooctane-1-sulfonamido)propylamine, which consists of 2-{dimethyl[3-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-tridecafluorooctane-1-sulfonamido)propyl]ammonio}acetate as a major component (95% or more)	0.0162	Priority assessment	261
alpha-Alkyl(C=9-11)-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) (It is limited that a number-average molecular weight of the polymer is less than 1,000.)	0.01245	Priority assessment	188
Isobutyraldehyde	0.011	Priority assessment	111
2-Aminoethanol	0.00783	Priority assessment	107
alpha-Alkyl(C=9-11)-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) (It is limited that a number-average molecular weight of the polymer is less than 1,000.)	0.0077	Priority assessment	188
Ethylene glycol	0.003388	Priority assessment	105
2-Butoxyethanol	0.0029127	Priority assessment	109
Methacrylic acid	0.0008455	Priority assessment	35
Cyclohexane	0.000783	Priority assessment	96
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl-1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane	0.000783	Monitoring	40
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8,10,10,12,12-Dodecamethyl-1,3,5,7,9,11-hexaoxa-2,4,6,8,10,12-hexasilacyclododecane	0.000783	Monitoring	41
Styrene	0.0005538	Priority assessment	47
Sodium 1-oxo-1lambda(5)-pyridine-2-thiolate	0.0002784	Priority assessment	251
Ethyl acrylate	0.00012705	Priority assessment	32
Acrylonitrile	0.00011076	Priority assessment	39
alpha-(Nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene)	0.000031485	Priority assessment	86
[alpha-(Alkyl(C=16-18))-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethane-1,2-diyl) or alpha-(alkenyl(C=16-18))-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethane-1,2-diyl)] (It is limited that the number-average molecular weight of the polymer is less than 1,000.)	0.0000000011843	Priority assessment	250

High Pressure Gas Control Law : Not available.

Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention of pollution of the ocean : Not available.

Maritime Safety Law

15. Regulatory information

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

Container class

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen : Group 2B

List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste : Not listed

Japan inventory : Not determined.

Road law : Not available.

16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24 August 2022

Date of previous issue : 3/1/2022

Version : 18

Prepared by : EHS

Key to abbreviations : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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