SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision26 September 2022Version 17

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: K&L KEELOCK HI-SOLIDS EPOXY WHITE BASE	
Product code	: KL9600N/04	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 18.3% (oral) 24.5% (dermal) 59.8% (inbalation)	OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
(oral), 24.070 (domal), 00.070 (minalation)		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

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Product name K&L KEELOCK HI-SOLIDS EPOXY WHITE BASE

Section 2. Hazards identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Ammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Product name

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

: K&L KEELOCK HI-SOLIDS EPOXY WHITE BASE

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
øís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	≥20 - ≤50	1675-54-3
titanium dioxide	≥20 - ≤50	13463-67-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	≥10 - ≤20	14808-60-7
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	107-98-2
n-butyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	123-86-4
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	68609-97-2
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	14807-96-6
aluminium hydroxide	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	21645-51-2
ethylbenzene	<1.0	100-41-4
propylidynetrimethanol	≤1.0	77-99-6

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important sympt	oms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute healt	h effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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Section 4. First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation :	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician Specific treatments	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate
	in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

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	history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	• Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a
Precautions for sale nanuling	

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## Section 7. Handling and storage

	from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	None.			
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).			
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust			
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).			
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). [Silica,			
	crystalline]			
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:			
	Respirable			
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).			
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form:			
	Respirable			
	TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form:			
	Respirable			
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica,			
	crystalline]			
	TWA: 50 µg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable			
	dust			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).			
	STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.			
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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 184 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). [Butyl
	acetates]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	None.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³
aluminium hydroxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	[Aluminum, metal and insoluble
	compounds]
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	ACGIH TLV (United States).
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
propylidynetrimethanol	None.

Key to abbreviations

А	= Acceptable Maximum Peak	S	<ul> <li>Potential skin absorption</li> </ul>
ACGIH	<ul> <li>American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.</li> </ul>	SR	<ul> <li>Respiratory sensitization</li> </ul>
С	= Ceiling Limit	SS	<ul> <li>Skin sensitization</li> </ul>
F	= Fume	STEL	<ul> <li>Short term Exposure limit values</li> </ul>
IPEL	<ul> <li>Internal Permissible Exposure Limit</li> </ul>	TD	= Total dust
OSHA	<ul> <li>Occupational Safety and Health Administration.</li> </ul>	TLV	= Threshold Limit Value
R	= Respirable	TWA	<ul> <li>Time Weighted Average</li> </ul>

Z = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls	they cas	issions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure y comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some es, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>	
Hygiene measures	eati App Cor con	sh hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before ng, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. propriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Intaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash taminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety wers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Che	emical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	wor nec duri note glov	emical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be in at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is bessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check ing use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be ed that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different we manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the tection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: but	yl rubber
Body protection	per han stat	sonal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being formed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before dling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- ic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing uld include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	bas	propriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected ed on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a cialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	haz are cert with	spirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the ards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, tified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. a respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 36.67°C (98°F)		
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Melting point	: Not available.		
рН	Not applicable.		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
Color	: White.		
Physical state	: Liquid.		
<u>Appearance</u>			

### Product name K&L KEELOCK HI-SOLIDS EPOXY WHITE BASE

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Decomposition temperature	: 1	Not available.	
Flammability	: 1	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: 1	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	: (	).82 (butyl acetate = 1)	
Vapor pressure	: 1	l.5 kPa (11.1 mm Hg)	
Vapor density	: 1	Not available.	
Relative density	: 1	1.62	
Density(lbs / gal)	: 1	3.52	
		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	:	old water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: 1	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	: ł	Kinematic (40°C (104°I	⁼ )): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: 1	18% (v/v), 9.956% (w/v	v)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 9	0.044	

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

### Product name K&L KEELOCK HI-SOLIDS EPOXY WHITE BASE

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
øs-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
oxirane, mono[ (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]	LD50 Oral	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
derivs.				
aluminium hydroxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.09 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	0.4	24 hours	-
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0.5	4 hours	-
	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0.8	4 hours	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	4 hours	-

Conclusion/SummarySkin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
oxirane, mono[ (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

**Conclusion/Summary** 

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

	Skin	1	There are	∘ no data a∖	ailable on the mixture itself.
	Respiratory	:	There are	no data av	ailable on the mixture itself.
N	<u>lutagenicity</u>				
	Conclusion/Summary	÷	There are	no data av	ailable on the mixture itself.
<u>C</u>	arcinogenicity				
	Conclusion/Summary	:	There are	no data av	ailable on the mixture itself.
	<u>Classification</u>				
	Product/ingredient name		OSHA	IARC	NTP

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	-	3	-
phenyl]propane titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
crystalline silica, respirable	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
powder (<10 microns) ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: +

#### Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
r-methoxy-2-propanol n-butyl acetate Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

#### Aspiration hazard

### Product name K&L KEELOCK HI-SOLIDS EPOXY WHITE BASE

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Result					
ethylbenzene		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1					
formation on the likely i	outes of exposure	· · ·					
Potential acute health ef	fects						
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.						
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critica	al hazards.					
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.						
Ingestion	0	No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u>	<u>nptoms</u>						
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the pain or irritation watering redness	following:					
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	following:					
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the riritation redness dryness cracking	following:					
Ingestion	<ul> <li>reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths</li> </ul>	following:					
	skeletal malformations						
	fects and also chronic effects from short						
Conclusion/Summary	which can cause lung cancer or silico and level of exposure to dust from sa This product contains TiO2 which ha based on its IARC 2B classification. material in a liquid coating formulatio matrix with no meaningful potential fo when the product is applied with a br from spray applications may be harm exposure and require the use of apple engineering controls (see Section 8), concentrations in excess of the state health effects such as mucous memi- effects on the kidneys, liver and cent headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscu loss of consciousness. Solvents ma through the skin. There is some evic vapors in combination with constant expected from exposure to noise alo	ixture itself. This product contains crystalline silicates of risk of cancer depends on the duration anding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Is been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category of For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw n. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a or human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 ush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist ful depending on the duration and level of ropriate personal protective equipment and/or Exposure to component solvent vapor d occupational exposure limit may result in adverse ral nervous system. Symptoms and signs include lar weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, y cause some of the above effects by absorption dence that repeated exposure to organic solvent loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than ne. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause estion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.					

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#### Product name K&L KEELOCK HI-SOLIDS EPOXY WHITE BASE

## Section 11. Toxicological information

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	f <u>ects</u>
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
<b>b</b> ís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	17100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
propylidynetrimethanol	14000	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - daphnia magna	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
oxirane, mono[	LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]	Ŭ		
derivs.			
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## Section 12. Ecological information

ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
		Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test Result		Dose			Inoculum
-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Rea	dily - 28 days	-		-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene			-		Not read Readily Readily	dily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<ul> <li>methoxy-2-propanol</li> <li>n-butyl acetate</li> <li>oxirane, mono[</li> <li>(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]</li> <li>derivs.</li> </ul>	<1 2.3 3.77	-	low low low
ethylbenzene propylidynetrimethanol	3.6 -0.47	79.43 -	low low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Disposal should be in accord	dance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

sposal should be i app licable lu ey

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#### Product name K&L KEELOCK HI-SOLIDS EPOXY WHITE BASE

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### 14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	III	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane)	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	16784.6	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(xylene)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

DOT	: Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	<ul> <li>The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.</li> </ul>

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

2

#### United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

U.S. Federal regulations

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

#### SARA 311/312

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#### Product name K&L KEELOCK HI-SOLIDS EPOXY WHITE BASE

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

Name	%	Classification
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]	≥20 - ≤50	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
propane		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
titanium dioxide	≥20 - ≤50	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
crystalline silica, respirable	≥10 - ≤20	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
powder (<10 microns)		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
n-butyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
methyl] derivs.		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
ethylbenzene	<1.0	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
etrybenzene	<1.0	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
propylidynetrimethanol	≤1.0	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

#### **SARA 313**

#### Chemical name : ethylbenzene

CAS numberConcentration100-41-40.1 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

#### California Prop. 65

**Supplier notification** 

**WARNING**: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Product name K&L KEELOCK HI-SOLIDS EPOXY WHITE BASE

## Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 * Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 Flamma Date of previous issue	ability : 3 Instability : 0 : 6/15/2021
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.