SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9 November 2022 Version : 1



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SIGMACOVER 300 BASE BROWN

Product code : 00138910

Product description :

Product type : Liquid.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

+31 20 4075210

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture
Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1A, H350 Repr. 1B, H360FD STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms









Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour.

Response **Storage**

: Collect spillage. : Not applicable.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

P280, P210, P273, P260, P391, P501

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture contains substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB, refer to

Section 3.2.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

3.2 Mixtures

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	REACH #: 01-2119541809-29 EC: 266-028-2 CAS: 65996-93-2 Index: 648-055-00-5	≥10 - ≤25	Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1A, H350 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [3] [4]
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 500-033-5 CAS: 25068-38-6	≥5.0 - ≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>CAS: 25036-25-3</td><td>≥1.0 - ≤5.0</td><td>Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317</td><td>[1]</td></mw<=1100)<>	CAS: 25036-25-3	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	EC: 238-878-4 CAS: 14808-60-7	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation)	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
Creosote oil, acenaphthene fraction	REACH #: 01-2119548393-35 EC: 292-605-3 CAS: 90640-84-9 Index: 648-098-00-X	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT RE 2, H373 (lungs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
Distillates (coal tar), heavy oils	REACH #: 01-2119539472-38 EC: 292-607-4 CAS: 90640-86-1 Index: 648-044-00-5	<1.0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
4-nonylphenol, branched	REACH #: 01-2119510715-45 EC: 284-325-5 CAS: 84852-15-3 Index: 601-053-00-8	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)	[1] [5]
phenanthrene	EC: 201-581-5	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1] [4]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

SECTION 3. Composi	CAS: 85-01-8	<u> </u>	Aquatic Acute 1, H400				
	OAC. 00-01-0		(M=1)				
			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)				
pyrene	EC: 204-927-3	≤1.0	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[1] [3]			
pyrone	CAS: 129-00-0	_1.0	(M=1)	[4]			
			Àquatic Chronic 1,				
			H410 (M=1)				
naphthalene	REACH #:	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1] [2]			
	01-2119561346-37 EC: 202-049-5		Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400				
	CAS: 91-20-3		(M=1)				
	Index: 601-052-00-2		Aquatic Chronic 1,				
			H410 (M=1)				
benz[e]acephenanthrylene	EC: 205-911-9	≤1.0	Carc. 1B, H350	[1]			
	CAS: 205-99-2		Aquatic Acute 1, H400				
	Index: 601-034-00-4		(M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1,				
			H410 (M=1)				
benzo[k]fluoranthene	EC: 205-916-6	≤1.0	Carc. 1B, H350	[1] [3]			
	CAS: 207-08-9		Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[4]			
	Index: 601-036-00-5		(M=1)				
			Aquatic Chronic 1,				
benz[a]anthracene	EC: 200-280-6	≤0.30	H410 (M=1) Carc. 1B, H350	[1] [3]			
Deriziajantinacene	CAS: 56-55-3	30.50	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[4]			
	Index: 601-033-00-9		(M=100)	r.,			
			Àquatic Chronic 1,				
			H410 (M=100)				
chrysene	EC: 205-923-4	≤0.30	Muta. 2, H341	[1] [3]			
	CAS: 218-01-9 Index: 601-048-00-0		Carc. 1B, H350 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[4]			
	IIIdex. 001-048-00-0		(M=1)				
			Aquatic Chronic 1,				
			H410 (M=1)				
benzo[a]pyrene	EC: 200-028-5	<0.30	Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1] [3]			
	CAS: 50-32-8 Index: 601-032-00-3		Muta. 1B, H340	[4]			
	index. 601-032-00-3		Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 1B, H360FD				
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400				
			(M=100)				
			Aquatic Chronic 1,				
L	FO 005 000 7	10.00	H410 (M=1)	F4.1			
benzo[e]pyrene	EC: 205-892-7 CAS: 192-97-2	≤0.30	Carc. 1B, H350 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[1]			
	Index: 601-049-00-6		(M=1)				
	111dex. 661 616 66 6		Aquatic Chronic 1,				
			H410 (M=1)				
biphenyl	EC: 202-163-5	≤0.30	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1]			
	CAS: 92-52-4		Eye Irrit. 2, H319				
	Index: 601-042-00-8		STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400				
			(M=1)				
			Aquatic Chronic 1,				
			H410 (M=1)				
dibenz[a,h]anthracene	EC: 200-181-8	≤0.10	Carc. 1B, H350	[1]			
	CAS: 53-70-3 Index: 601-041-00-2		Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100)				
	11106X. 00 1-04 1-00-2		Aquatic Chronic 1,				
			H410 (M=100)				
Nonylphenols	EC: 294-048-1	≤0.10	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]			
	CAS: 91672-41-2		Skin Corr. 1B, H314	_			
			Eye Dam. 1, H318				
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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Repr. 2, H361
Aquatic Acute 1, H400
(M=10)
Aquatic Chronic 1,
H410 (M=10)
EUH071
See Section 16 for
the full text of the H
statements declared

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,p-
	or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [silica,
	respirable crystalline]
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
·	through skin.
	STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
naphthalene	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019).
•	TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
xylene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL DNEL	Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL		260 mg/m ³	General population Workers	
Ditch coal for high tomp	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³ 0.000001 mg/m³	General population	Local Local
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	DMEL	Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation	0.000001 mg/m ³	General population	
	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	0.00004 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic Local
	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	1680 ng/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Dermal	0.04 mg/cm ²	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Long term Oral	0.5 ng/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12.25 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
CPOXY 103111 (WWV = 100)	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	12.25 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8.33 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.33 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.571 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
		Leng term Berman	o.or r mg/kg bw/day	population	Cyclonic
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.571 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
				population	- ,
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.75 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
				population	,
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.75 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
				population	
				[Consumers]	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43.9 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	369 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
Creosote oil, acenaphthene fraction	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	12 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	51 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Oral	0.06 µg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	0.1 µg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Dermal	0.068 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	0.24 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m³	Workers	Local
Distillates (coal tar), heavy	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.63 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
oils				l	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.28 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<u> </u>					
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
4-nonylphenol, branched	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.08 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.4 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.8 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.8 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	7.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	15 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
naphthalene	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.57 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
biphenyl	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.9 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.3 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	11.17 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	38 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	63 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg	-
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Fresh water	0.006 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.001 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	0.996 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	0.1 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Fresh water	10 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	41.6 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	4.17 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	2.47 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
•	Marine water	0.01 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	1.37 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Chemical splash goggles.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

butyl rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Not available. Odour : Aromatic. [Strong]

Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -12°C (10.4°F) This is based on

data for the following ingredient: Creosote oil, acenaphthene fraction. Weighted

average: -86.66°C (-124°F)

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

pΗ

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Greatest known range: Lower: 1.48% Upper: 13.74% (1-methoxy-2-propanol)

Flash point Closed cup: 31.2°C (88.2°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

: Not applicable.

270°C (518°F)

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Not applicable. insoluble in water.

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s **Viscosity** Solubility(ies)

Method Media Result cold water Not soluble

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vap	oour pressure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa
ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2			

1.55 Relative density

: Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.63 (Air = 1) Vapour density

: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of **Explosive properties**

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. 10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/

oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3300 mg/kg	-
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <="1100)</td"><td>LD50 Dermal</td><td>Rat</td><td>>2000 mg/kg</td><td>-</td></mw>	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-	
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-	
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-	
phenanthrene	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.8 g/kg	-	
pyrene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	170 mg/m³	4 hours	
	mists				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.7 g/kg	-	
naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-	
biphenyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5010 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2140 mg/kg	-	

Conclusion/Summary
Acute toxicity estimates

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMACOVER 300 BASE BROWN	N/A	12504.1	N/A	74.5	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	3300	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
4-nonylphenol, branched	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
phenanthrene	1800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
pyrene	2700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
biphenyl	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nonylphenols	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	4	-	-

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mouse	Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
biphenyl	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	5 ,	inhalation	-
	Category 2 Category 2		lungs hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene Creosote oil, acenaphthene fraction ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes: Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : N

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

General

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity

: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity

: May cause genetic defects.

Reproductive toxicity

: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Goldfish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - Water flea -	48 hours
	_	Moina macrocopa	
	Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Nonylphenols	Acute LC50 0.017 mg/l	Fish - Pleuronectes americanus	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	OECD 301F	5 % - 28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-		Readily Not readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	6.04	-	high
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	3	31	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
4-nonylphenol, branched	5.4	251.19	low
phenanthrene	4.46	2511.89	high
pyrene	5.43	1513.56	high
naphthalene	3.4	85.11	low
benz[e]acephenanthrylene	5.78	-	high
benzo[k]fluoranthene	6.11	-	high
benz[a]anthracene	5.76	257.04	low
chrysene	5.81	-	high
benzo[a]pyrene	6.13	-	high
benzo[e]pyrene	6.44	-	high
biphenyl	4.008	436.52	low
dibenz[a,h]anthracene	6.75	-	high

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
xylene	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	Annex XIV (Listed)	Specified	Specified	Specified	Annex XIV (Listed)	Specified	Specified
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <="1100)</td"><td>No</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>No</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw>	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No
4-nonylphenol, branched	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No
phenanthrene	No	N/A	Yes	No	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified
pyrene	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified	Specified	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified
naphthalene	No	N/A	No	No	Ν̈́ο	N/A	No
benzo[k]fluoranthene	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified	Specified	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified
benz[a]anthracene	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified	Specified	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified
chrysene	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified	Specified	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified
benzo[a]pyrene	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified	Specified	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified
biphenyl	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Yes.

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

Waste catal

<u>e catalogue</u>	
Waste code	Waste designation
1 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

08 01 11*

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	Waste catalogue		
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging	

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	•			
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(Pitch, coal tar, high- temp., Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

≤5 kg.

Tunnel code

ADN

: (D/E)

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

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SECTION 14: Transport information

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. **IMDG**

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation **IATA**

regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB) /REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Carcinogen	pitch, coal tar, high-temp. the residue from the distillation of high temperature coal tar. a black solid with an approximate softening point from 30°C to 180°C (86°F to 356°F). composed primarily of a complex mixture of three or more membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.	Listed	41	1/1/2021
PBT	pitch, coal tar, high-temp. the residue from the distillation of high temperature coal tar. a black solid with an approximate softening point from 30°C to 180°C (86°F to 356°F). composed primarily of a complex mixture of three or more membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.	Listed	41	1/1/2021
vPvB	pitch, coal tar, high-temp. the residue from the distillation of high temperature coal tar. a black solid with an approximate softening point from 30°C to 180°C (86°F to 356°F). composed primarily of a complex mixture of three or more membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.	Listed	41	1/1/2021

Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Carcinogen	pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	Candidate	-	1/13/2010
	benzo[k]fluoranthene	Candidate	-	1/15/2019
	benz[a]anthracene	Candidate	-	1/15/2018
	chrysene	Candidate	-	1/15/2018
	benzo[def]chrysene	Candidate	-	6/20/2016
Mutagen	benzo[def]chrysene	Candidate	-	6/20/2016
Toxic to reproduction	benzo[def]chrysene	Candidate	-	6/20/2016
PBT	pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	Candidate	-	1/13/2010
	pyrene	Candidate	-	1/15/2019
	benzo[k]fluoranthene	Candidate	-	1/15/2019
	benz[a]anthracene	Candidate	-	1/15/2018
	chrysene	Candidate	-	1/15/2018
	benzo[def]chrysene	Candidate	-	6/20/2016
vPvB	pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	Candidate	-	1/13/2010

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

	phenanthrene	Candidate	-	1/15/2019
	pyrene	Candidate	-	1/15/2019
	benzo[k]fluoranthene	Candidate	-	1/15/2019
	benz[a]anthracene	Candidate	-	1/15/2018
	chrysene	Candidate	-	1/15/2018
	benzo[def]chrysene	Candidate	-	6/20/2016
Substance of	4-nonylphenol, branched and linear	Candidate	-	12/19/2012
equivalent concern for	substances with a linear and/or branched			
environment	alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9			
	covalently bound in position 4 to phenol,			
	covering also UVCB- and well-defined			
	substances which include any of the			
	individual isomers or a combination thereof			

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Annex XVII - Restrictions: Restricted to professional users.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category P5c E1		
P5c		
E1		

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
Quartz (SiO2)	Exposure Limits EH40	silica, respirable crystalline respirable fraction	Carc.	-

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

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SECTION 16: Other information

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Muta. 1B, H340	Calculation method
Carc. 1A, H350	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360FD	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 1A	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
Carc. 1B	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Muta. 1B	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B
Muta. 2	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

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SECTION 16: Other information

Skin Sens. 1A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

History

Date of issue/ Date of : 11/9/2022

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Prepared by : EHS Version : 1

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