SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 30 March 2023

Version 1.03

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : DIMETCOTE 9 POWDER
- : 000001070137
- : 00285560; 00327153
- : Powder.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu Sumare / SP, Brasil 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Target organs	: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 97%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	1	Warning
Hazard statements	:	May be harmful in contact with skin. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	1	Avoid release to the environment.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	▶ Spose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: 00285560; 00327153

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized) zinc oxide	60 - 100 3 - <5	7440-66-6 1314-13-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate I	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
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Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
Inhalation	:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	÷	May be harmful in contact with skin.
Ingestion	;	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition source No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	es.
For emergency responders	-	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.	
		English (US) Brazil	3/11

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 25°C (41 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
⊭ ínc oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

English (US)	Brazil	4/11

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Section 8. Exposu	ire controls/personal protection
Recommended monitoring procedures	: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	res
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection <u>Skin protection</u>	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Solid.
	Powder.
Color	: Gray.
Odor	: Aromatic.
рН	: Not applicable.

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Brazil

English (US)

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Molting point		Not available.			
Melting point					
Boiling point	÷	Not available.			
Flash point	1	Closed cup: Not applicable.			
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not applicable.			
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.			
Vapor density	:	Not applicable.			
Relative density	:	7.14			
Bulk density (g/cm³)	:	7.1			
Solubility(ies)	:	Media Result			
Solubility(les)		Cold water Not soluble			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not applicable.			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable.			

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

English (US)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 11. Toxico	biogical information			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.4 mg/l	4 hours
zinc oxide	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Rat Rat	>2000 mg/kg >5700 mg/m ³ >2000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	- 4 hours - -
Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion Not available.	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.	
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.	
Eyes	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.	
Respiratory <u>Sensitization</u> Not available.	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.	
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.	
Respiratory	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.	
Mutagenicity				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	If	
Reproductive toxicity				
Not available.				
	. There are no data available an	the maintaine itee	IE.	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	11.	
<u>Teratogenicity</u>				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.	
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (single exposure)</u>			
Not available.				
<u>Specific target organ toxicit</u> Not available.	<u>y (repeated exposure)</u>			
Target organs	: Contains material which may c respiratory tract.	ause damage to	the following org	ans: upper
Aspiration hazard				

Not available.

Brazil

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely	Not available.
routes of exposure Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
Inhalation	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	May be harmful in contact with skin.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	No specific data.
Ingestion	No specific data.
Conclusion/Summary	There are no data available on the mixture itself. Repeated exposure of the eyes to a low level of dust can produce eye irritation. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long- term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ts</u>
Not available.	
General	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxic	L

Acute toxicity estimates

English (US)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	(mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
DIMETCOTE 9 POWDER	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A
zinc oxide	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	Acute EC50 0.106 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
zinc oxide	Chronic NOEC 0.0727 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna Algae Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days 72 hours 48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal of this product, solutio with the requirements of environ and any regional local authority recyclable products via a licens disposed of untreated to the se all authorities with jurisdiction. or landfill should only be consid and its container must be dispo handling emptied containers that containers or liners may retain	d be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Ins and any by-products should at all times comply nmental protection and waste disposal legislation requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- bed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be wer unless fully compliant with the requirements of Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration lered when recycling is not feasible. This material bed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when at have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled t with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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English (US)	Brazil	9

Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
	(Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized), zinc oxide)	(Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized), zinc oxide)	(Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized), zinc oxide)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized), zinc oxide)	Not applicable.

Additional inform	nati	on		
Brazil	:	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.		
Risk number	1	90		
IMDG	:	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. The segregation group has been manually assigned based upon product analysis.		
ΙΑΤΑ	:	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.		
Special precaution	ons	for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		
Transport in bulk	(ac	cording : Not applicable.		

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and	1	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product
environmental regulations		(including its ingredients).
specific for the product		

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of previous issue	: 11/19/2021
Version	: 1.03
Prepared by	: EHS

English (US)

Brazil

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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
	ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
	UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014
	ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.