# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 7 June 2023

Version 7

Date of issue 7 June 2023

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

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Product name	: SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE BASE L
Product code	: 00319091
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3         <ul> <li>ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5</li> <li>SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2</li> <li>EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A</li> <li>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1</li> <li>GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2</li> <li>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	• •
	irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 20.8% (oral), 40.8% (dermal), 70.4% (inhalation)

**GHS label elements** 

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

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Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	<ul> <li>F226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects.</li> <li>H350 - May cause cancer.</li> <li>H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapor.</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> <li>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.</li> </ul>
Response	:	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.</li> <li>P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	:	₱405 - Store locked up. ₱403 + ₱233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	-	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification		Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
See toxicological information	า (ร	Section 11)

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Product name SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE BASE L

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture
Product name

Mixture 5 : SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE BASE L

- Other means of
- : Not applicable.

identification

- **Ingredient name** % **CAS** number  $\mathbf{E}$ poxy resin (MW  $\leq$  700) ≥20 - ≤22 25068-38-6 crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns) 14808-60-7 ≥10 - ≤20 Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres ≥10 - ≤20 14807-96-6 titanium dioxide ≥10 - ≤20 13463-67-7 xylene ≥1.0 - ≤6.9 1330-20-7 Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100) ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 25036-25-3 Phenol, methylstyrenated ≥1.0 - ≤4.3 68512-30-1 2-methylpropan-1-ol ≥0.10 - ≤2.8 78-83-1 crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) 14808-60-7 ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate ≥1.0 - ≤3.4 26761-45-5 ethylbenzene ≤1.2 100-41-4 Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 911674-82-3 and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation. : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

See toxicological information (Section 11)

	Mexico Page: 3	3/15
Notes to physician	: 🔽 case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours	
Indication of immediate n	<u>medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary</u>	

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Product name SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE BASE L

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits				
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	None.				
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	<b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b> TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:				
	Respirable				
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).				
	[Talc (without asbestos fibres)] STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form:				
	Respirable				
titanium dioxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).				
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.				
xylene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).				
	[Xylenes (mixed)]				
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.				
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.				
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>None.</td></mw<=1100)<>	None.				
Phenol, methylstyrenated	None.				
2-methylpropan-1-ol	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).				
ervetalling cilica, recepitable neuder (<10 microne)	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.				
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:				
	Respirable				
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	None.				
ethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).				
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.				
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic	ACGIH TLV (United States).				
acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Respirable fraction)				

Key to abbreviations

STEL	= Short term exposure limit
TLV	= Threshold Limit Value
TWA	= Time Weighted Average

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

= Ceiling Limit

C IPEL

Product name SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE BASE L

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	1	Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	1	butyl rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

: Liquid.: Various: Aromatic.: Not available.

Molecular weight pH	1	Not applicable. Not applicable.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 37°C (98.6°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature Flammability	- C.	Not available. Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.
Vapor density	1	Not available.

#### Product name SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE BASE L

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Relative density	:	1.59	
Density(Ibs / gal)	:	13.27	
		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)		cold water	Not soluble
Solubility in water	:	Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	:		emperature): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt) 104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	:	20% (v/v), 13.204% (w/w)	
% Solid. (w/w)	:	<mark>8</mark> 6.796	

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw &lt;=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	-			
2,3-epoxypropyl	LD50 Dermal	Rat	3800 mg/kg	-
neodecanoate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	9.6 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Reaction products of	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.08 mg/l	4 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic			-	
acid and octadecanoic acid				
and				
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine				

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	-	-
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	•				·

Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

 There are no	data ava	allable on	the	mixture	Itse

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Epoxy resin (MW $\leq$ 700)	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Respiratory	: There a	re no data	a available on the mixture itself.				
<b>Mutagenicity</b>							
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Carcinogenicity							
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
<b>Classification</b>	Classification						
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP				
Fystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.				
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-				

titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
xylene	-	3	-
crystalline silica, respirable	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
powder (<10 microns)			
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

**Carcinogen Classification code:** 

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : There are

**Teratogenicity** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Conclusion/Summary

#### : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Fystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/s	<u>symptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing

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Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>s and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u>
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coatin formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningf potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects or the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure Potential immediate	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
effects Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	
General	<ul> <li>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Carcinogenicity	· May cause cancer. This of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity	<ul> <li>Suspected of causing genetic defects.</li> </ul>

Acute toxicity estimates

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE BASE L	5425.9	3444.4	N/A	46.0	5.9
Epoxy resin (MW $\leq$ 700)	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
Époxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenol, methylstyrenated	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	9600	3800	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
2,3-epoxypropyl	Acute EC50 3.5 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
neodecanoate	_		
	Acute EC50 4.8 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9.6 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
Reaction products of	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic			
acid and octadecanoic acid			
and			
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine			

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene	OECD 301F -	5 % - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 d	lays	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	9	Photolysis	S	Biodegradability
Poxy resin (MW ≤ 700) xylene 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate		-	-		Not readily Readily Not readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	-		Readily

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

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### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	3	31	low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	low
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	4.4	-	high
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.
Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply
with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation
and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-
recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be
disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of
all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or
landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and
its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when
handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty
containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues
may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do
not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly
internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,
waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	111	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Product code       00319091       Date of issue       7 June 2023       Version       7         Product name       SIGMASHIELD 880       BASE BASE L       Version       7			
	: Transport informa		
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Additional informat	lion		
	None identified.		
		t subject to regulation in packaging	js up to 450 L according to
IATA :	None identified.		
Transport in bulk a to IMO instruments			
	: Regulatory inform	ation	
<u>Mexico</u> Classification Flammability :		tivity : 0	
nternational regulat Montreal Protocol Not listed.	<u>ions</u>		
Stockholm Conven Not listed.	<u>tion on Persistent Organic Pol</u>	llutants	
Rotterdam Conven Not listed.	tion on Prior Informed Consen	<u>t (PIC)</u>	
<b>SECTION 16</b>	: Other information		
Hazardous Material	Information System (U.S.A.)		
Health : 3 * (*) - Chronic effects	Flammability : 3 Physic	cal hazards : 0	
	ratings are to be used with a fully impl	representing minimal hazards or risks, a lemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a re	

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of previous issue	: 11/29/2019
Organization that prepared	: EHS
the SDS	

Product name SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE BASE L

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
-	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.