SAFETY DATA SHEET

United Arab Emirates

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 18 August 2023

Version

: 3

SECTION 1: Identific undertaking	ation of the substance/mixture and of the company/
1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: SIGMACOVER 630 BASE WHITE
Product code	: 00292055
Other means of identificati	on
Not available.	
1.2 Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
1.3 Details of the supplier of	the safety data sheet
Sigma Paint Saudi Arabia Lto	I.
PO Box 7509 Dammam 31472	
Saudi Arabia	
Tel: 00966 138 47 31 00 Fax: 00966 138 47 17 34	
Fax. 00900 130 4/ 1/ 34	
e-mail address of person	: ndpic@sfda.gov.sa
responsible for this SDS	
1.4 Emergency telephone	: 00966 138473100 extn 1001
number	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.



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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 Ispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Image: P280, P210, P273, P391, P305 + P351 + P338, P501
Hazardous ingredients	 Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) Epoxy Resin (700<mw<=1100)< li=""> Phenol, methylstyrenated 2-methylpropan-1-ol 4-nonylphenol, branched </mw<=1100)<>
Supplemental label elements	 Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	nents
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	 Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F. May cause endocrine disruption.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
<mark>¢</mark> poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 500-033-5 CAS: 25068-38-6	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		[1]
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	CAS: 25036-25-3	≥5.0 - ≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
Phenol, methylstyrenated	REACH #: 01-2119555274-38 EC: 270-966-8 CAS: 68512-30-1	≥5.0 - ≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
benzyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1230 mg/ kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 1.5 mg/l	[1] [2]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≥1.0 - ≤4.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
4-nonylphenol, branched	REACH #: 01-2119510715-45 EC: 284-325-5 CAS: 84852-15-3 Index: 601-053-00-8	≥0.30 - ≤2.4	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 1300 mg/ [1 kg M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 10	
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	CAS: 68002-18-6	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1]
Nonylphenols	EC: 294-048-1 CAS: 91672-41-2	≤0.077	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/ kg M [Acute] = 10	[1] [3]
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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients							
			Repr. 2, H361	Chronic] = 10			

		• •	[ee]	
		Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
		Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
		EUH071		
		See Section 16 for		
		the full text of the H		
		statements declared		
		above.		
		above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Xylene: Several REACH registrations cover the REACH registered substance with xylene isomers, ethylbenzene (and toluene). The other REACH Registrations include: 01-2119555267-33 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene, 01-2119486136-34 Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8, 01-2119539452-40 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene.

Туре

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance of equivalent concern

This mixture contains \geq 1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health ef	<u>fects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Over-exposure signs/sy	<u>mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.

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SECTION 4: First aid	measures
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	blistering may occurAdverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
4.3 Indication of any immodi	ate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefight	ting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising fi	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathin apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to Europea standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions,	protective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled
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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns) ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Silica, crystalline] Notes: Respirable fraction; see Appendix C, paragraph C. TWA: 2.0 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction xylene 2-methylpropan-1-ol 2-methylpropan-1-ol ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Notes: ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Notes: action ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Notes: action ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Notes: action ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Notes: action ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Ototoxicant. Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices 2002 Adoption. TWA: 20 pp m8 hours. brocedures Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure brandard EN 402 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide f	Product/ingredient name		Exposure limit values				
titanium dioxide ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Silica, crystalline] Notes: Respirable fraction; see Appendix C, paragraph C. TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [D-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [D-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Ototoxicant. Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices 2002 Adoption. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Recommended monitoring standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the assessment of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 2 Exposure controls sppropriate engineering ontrols Standard EN dequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	▼alc , not containing asbestiform fibres						
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ethylbenzene TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Ototoxicant. Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices 2002 Adoption. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 2 Exposure controls oppropriate engineering ontrols : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.							
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ontrols other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	.2 Exposure controls						
ndividual protection measures	controls other engineering recommended of vapour or dust co		g controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any r statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, oncentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof				
	ndividual protection measure	<u>s</u>					

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Hygiene measures	eating, smoking Appropriate teo Contaminated contaminated o	prearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before g and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. chniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety pose to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection Skin protection	: Chemical splas	sh goggles and face shield.
Hand protection	worn at all time necessary. Co during use that noted that the t glove manufact protection time frequently repe (breakthrough t When only brie (breakthrough t The user must product is the r	tant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be is when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is nsidering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be ime to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different turers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or ated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. f contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this nost appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, he user's risk assessment.
Gloves	: butyl rubber	
Body protection	performed and handling this pr static protective should include	ctive equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before roduct. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- e clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN r information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protec	based on the ta	otwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected ask being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a e handling this product.
Respiratory protec	n :	
Environmental exp controls	they comply wit cases, fume sc	n ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure th the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some rubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment rry to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

	English (GB) United Arab Emirates 8/16
Flash point	: Closed cup: 31°C
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 13% (benzyl alcohol)
Flammability	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: >37.78°C
Melting point/freezing point	 May start to solidify at the following temperature: <-7°C (<19.4°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: 4-nonylphenol, branched. Weighted average: -51.7°C (-61.1°F)
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Odour	: Aromatic.
Colour	: White.
Physical state	: Liquid.
Appearance	
of a mornation on busic physic	

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature	: Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
	4-nonylphenol, branched	372	701.6	ASTM E 659
Decomposition temperature	: Stable under recommen	•	handling cond	litions (see Section 7).
pH Viceocity	: Not applicable. insoluble			
Viscosity Solubility(ies)	: Kinematic (40°C): >21 n	111-75		
Media	Result			
c old water	Not soluble			

water

Vapour pressure	:		Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		sure at 50°C
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		2-methylpropan-1-ol	<12	<1.6	DIN EN 13016-2			
Evaporation rate	:	Highest known value butyl acetate	e: 0.84 (etł	nylbenze	ene) Weighted	d average	e: 0.57coi	mpared with
Relative density	:	1.52						
Vapour density	:	Highest known value 3.88 (Air = 1)	e: 7.59 (A	r = 1) (4-nonylphenol,	, branche	ed). Weig	phted average:
Explosive properties	:	The product itself is vapour or dust with a			the formation	of an ex	plosible m	nixture of
Oxidising properties	:	Product does not pre	esent an o	xidizing	hazard.			
Particle characteristics								
Median particle size		Not applicable.						

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds Formaldehyde. metal oxide/ oxides

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>LD50 Dermal</td><td>Rat</td><td>>2000 mg/kg</td><td>-</td></mw<=1100)<>	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>4178 mg/m ³	4 hours
	mists		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
•••	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	4	-	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Eyes - Mild irritant Rabbit Skin - Mild irritant Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-	Eyes - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Respiratory

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mouse	Sensitising

	English (GB) United Arab Emirates	10/16
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Reproductive toxicity	. There are no date quailable on the mixture itself	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Carcinogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Mutagenicity		
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Conclusion/Summary		

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Code : 00292055 Date of issue/Date of revision : 18 August 2023 SIGMACOVER 630 BASE WHITE **SECTION 11: Toxicological information Teratogenicity Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) **Route of Product/ingredient name** Category **Target organs** exposure xylene Category 3 Respiratory tract irritation 2-methylpropan-1-ol Category 3 Respiratory tract irritation Category 3 Narcotic effects Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) **Product/ingredient name Route of Target organs** Category exposure ethylbenzene Category 2 hearing organs Aspiration hazard **Product/ingredient name** Result **ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1** xylene ethylbenzene ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Information on likely : Not available. routes of exposure Potential acute health effects Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Ingestion : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin contact Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Inhalation : No specific data. Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Short term exposure **Potential immediate** : Not available. effects Potential delayed effects : Not available. Long term exposure **Potential immediate** : Not available. effects Potential delayed effects : Not available. Potential chronic health effects

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	: Not available.

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia	48 hours
	water		
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia -	-
	water	Ceriodaphnia dubia	
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - <i>Moina macrocopa</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched	Acute LC50 0.017 mg/l	Fish - <i>Pleuronectes</i> <i>americanus</i>	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum	
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene	OECD 301F -	5 % - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 day			-	
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Product/ingredient name		Aquatic half-life	Photo	olysis	Biodegradability	
ppoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) xylene benzyl alcohol ethylbenzene		- - -	- - - -		Not readily Readily Readily Readily	

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	3	31	Low
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
4-nonylphenol, branched	5.4	251.19	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

May cause endocrine disruption.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.
European waste catalog	ue (EWC)
Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 06 mixed packaging

onforms to Regulation (EC) No	. 1907/2006 (REACH),	Annex II, as amended	d by Commission Reg	ulation (EU)
2020/878				

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111		Ш
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700), 4-nonylphenol, branched)	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
Tunnel code	: (D/E)
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	: Not applicable.
according to IMO	
instruments	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Substance of equivalent concern for environment	4-Nonylphenol, branched and linear [substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof]	Candidate	ED/169/2012	10/29/2013
Endocrine disrupting properties for environment	4-nonylphenol, branched and linear substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof	Candidate	ED/169/2012	12/19/2012

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain

dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other national and international regulations.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that	t has changed from previously issued version.		
Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number 		
Full text of abbreviated H statements	 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H322 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. 		

English (GB) **United Arab Emirates**

Aquatic Chronic 1LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - CategoryAquatic Chronic 2LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - CategoryAquatic Chronic 3LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - CategoryAquatic Chronic 3LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category	Code : 00292055 SIGMACOVER 630 BASE WI	HITE	Date of issue/Date of revision: 18 August 2023
H411Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412H412Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413H412Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413H413May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. 	SECTION 16: Other	information	
[CLP/GHS]Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) ÅQÚATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category Aquatic Chronic 3 Aquatic Chronic 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category Aquatic Chronic 4 Aquatic Chronic 4 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category Aquatic Chronic 4 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 2 Skin Corr. 1B Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Stort RE 2 STOT RE 2 STOT SE 3SHORT-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Category 1 Eye Dam. 6 Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 Stort RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 3HistoryDate of issue/ Date of revision18 May 2021 EHSPrepared byI 18 May 2021Prepared byI EHS		H411 Toxic to aqua H412 Harmful to ac H413 May cause lo	atic life with long lasting effects. Juatic life with long lasting effects. ng lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
Date of issue/ Date of revision: 18 August 2023Date of previous issue: 18 May 2021Prepared by: EHS		Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Aquatic Chronic 4 Asp. Tox. 1 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 2 Skin Corr. 1B Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 STOT RE 2	 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE
Date of previous issue: 18 May 2021Prepared by: EHS		: 18 August 2023	
Prepared by : EHS			
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