# SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 18 August 2023 Version 5

# Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 00436676
Product name	: AMERLOCK 600 LIGHT TINT BASE
Product type	: Liquid.
<b>Other means of identification</b> Not available.	
Relevant identified uses of th	e substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	<ul> <li>Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.</li> </ul>
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
Company/undertaking identification	<ul> <li>PPG Industries Sales, Inc. and PPG Coatings (Philippines), Inc.</li> <li>3rd Floor First Life Center</li> <li>174 Salcedo St., Legaspi Village</li> <li>Makati City 1229, Philippines</li> <li>Tel # 00632- 752-6773/ Fax # 00632-752-6771</li> </ul>
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC +(63) 2-395-3308 (CCN 17704)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5
Substance of mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 71%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 60.3%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 71%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	

Signal word

: Danger

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	:	Fighly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable
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Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Cashew, nutshell liq., 2-hydroxyethyl ethers	10 - <20	232268-65-4
4-methylpentan-2-one	5 - <10	108-10-1
butan-1-ol	1 - <3	71-36-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

# Section 4. First aid measures

<b>Description of necess</b>	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

# Section 4. First aid measures

### Ingestion

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/e	fects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: 📈 known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>oms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	cal attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.</li> </ul>
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	<ul> <li>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</li> </ul>
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for con	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	ating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where ndled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and ting, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and uipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for a formation on hygiene measures.	l face before d protective
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	ore between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F), cordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and app original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool ar ea, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food cked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising ntainer tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers ened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent lead ore in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to aven ntamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before	roved area. Store d well-ventilated l and drink. Store materials. Keep that have been kage. Do not roid environmental

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name			Exposure limits
4-methylpentan-2-one butan-1-ol			TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). TLV: 410 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TLV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). TLV: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TLV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures	:		riate monitoring standards. Reference to nods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	:	contaminants below any recommende	Is to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work pro	bcess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some neering modifications to the process
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>		
Hygiene measures	:	eating, smoking and using the lavator Appropriate techniques should be use Contaminated work clothing should no	bughly after handling chemical products, before y and at the end of the working period. In the end of the working period. In the allowed potentially contaminated clothing. In the allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety ocation.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an app assessment indicates this is necessar gases or dusts. If contact is possible,	broved standard should be used when a risk by to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, the following protection should be worn, gher degree of protection: chemical splash
Skin protection			

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	1	butyl rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### **Appearance**

Physical state	:	Liquid.			
Colour	:	White.			
Odour	:	Characteristic.			
Odour threshold	:	Not available.			
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.			
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)			
Flammability	:	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 19°C (66.2°F)	1		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
		butan-1-ol	355	671	EU A.15
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.		<u>_</u>	
pH	:	Not applicable.			
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm	1²/s		
		Media	Result		
Solubility(ies)	-	cold water	Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not applicable.			
octanol/water					

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

		Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
			mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		4-methylpentan-2-one	15.75	2.1				
Relative density	:	1.76						
Relative vapour density	:	Not available.						
Particle characteristics								
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.						
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.						

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products Hazardous polymerisation	<ul> <li>Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides</li> <li>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not</li> </ul>
	occur.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
5.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitisation	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	

# Section 11. Toxicological information

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Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
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<u>Teratogenicity</u>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Specific target organ toxici	ty (single exposure)

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
4-methylpentan-2-one butan-1-ol	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
4-methylpentan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	2	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	May be harmful if swallowed.
Eye contact	:	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation		No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	:	No specific data.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
:	
:	
	Not available.
1	Not available.
:	Not available.
:	Not available.
ect	<u>8</u>
:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	: : : : : :

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øral	4185.83 mg/kg
Dermal	3882.52 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	91.98 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	12.54 mg/l

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# Section 12. Ecological information

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### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
butan-1-ol	Acute LC50 1376 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
4-methylpentan-2-one	OECD 301F	83 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
4-methylpentan-2-one	-		-		Readily	/

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	Low
butan-1-ol	1	-	Low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**Other adverse effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible.
	Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and
	any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable
	products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities
	with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill
	should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its
	container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or
	liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld
	or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and
	sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

### **Additional information**

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

## Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

### International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

# Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 18 August 2023
Date of previous issue	: 11/14/2022
Version	: 5
Prepared by	: EHS
key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.