SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue

19 September 2023

Version 1.02

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name Product code Other means of identification Product type

: SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE RAL 6010CO2150 : 00387885CO

- entification : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:

Supplier	:	PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)
Email address:	:	HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	:	Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

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Section 2. Hazards	identification
Target organs	Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain bone marrow. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys lungs, the nervous system, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.
	aquatic environment: 54%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	20 - <30	1675-54-3
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	15 - <20	14807-96-6
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	7 - <10	14808-60-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	7 - <10	14808-60-7
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>3 - <5</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<>	3 - <5	25036-25-3
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3 - <5	68512-30-1
m-xylene	2 - <3	108-38-3
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2 - <3	78-83-1
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	2 - <3	26761-45-5
xylene	1 - <2	1330-20-7
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with	1 - <2	220926-97-6
1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine		
titanium dioxide	1 - <2	13463-67-7
ethylbenzene	0.5 - <1	100-41-4
proprietary microcrystalline silica	0.1 - <0.2	SUB126659

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

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Section 4. First aid measures			
Description of necessary	<u>y first aid measures</u>		
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. 		
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. 		
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. 		
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.		
Indication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician Specific treatments	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment. 		

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Section 4. First ai	d measures			
Protection of first-aiders	is suspected that fumes are mask or self-contained brea providing aid to give mouth	volving any personal risk or witho e still present, the rescuer should athing apparatus. It may be dan to-mouth resuscitation. Wash o e removing it, or wear gloves.	l wear an appro gerous to the pe	priate erson
Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritatio	n.		
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irrita	tion.		
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.			

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.
For emergency responders	 Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

English ((US)	Colombia
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Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage,	: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance

incompatibilities with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Silica,
	crystalline]
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Silica,
	crystalline]
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable fraction
m-xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	[xylene all isomers]
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	TWA: 152 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [p-
	xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with	ACGIH TLV (United States).
1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ Form: Inhalable particle
	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ , (inhalable dust) Form:
	Respirable particle
titanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable
	fraction, finescale particles
Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to	appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to
	for methods for the determination of hazardous
substances will also be require	

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne
contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls
also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive
limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure
they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Section 8. Expos	ure controls/personal protection
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 37°C (98.6°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.64

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility(ies)		Media	Result
	1	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.	
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >	21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Viscosity	:	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)	

1.02

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ing	redients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Jnder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not c	occur.
Conditions to avoid	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	on
Incompatible materials	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reaction oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	ions:
Hazardous decomposition products	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the followin carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides	ig materials:

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
m-xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	27124 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12126 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3523 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
2,3-epoxypropyl	LD50 Dermal	Rat	3800 mg/kg	-
neodecanoate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	9.6 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
		English (US) Colombia	8/1

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	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-	
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.56 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	>6.82 mg/l >5000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	4 hours - -	
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	17.8 mg/l 17.8 g/kg 3.5 g/kg	4 hours - -	

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation	
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-	
	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	0.4	24 hours	-	
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0.5	4 hours	-	
	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0.8	4 hours	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	4 hours	-	
m-xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-	
-				mg		
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-	
				mg		

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

There are no data available on the mixture itself.There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory Sensitization

Skin

Eyes

 Sensitization

 Product/ingredient name
 Route of exposure
 Species
 Result

 bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)
 skin
 Mouse
 Sensitizing

phenyl]propane	SKIT	Modoo	Constitzing		
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no da	ata available on the mixture itsel	f.		
Respiratory	: There are no da	ata available on the mixture itsel	f.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no da	ata available on the mixture itsel	f.		
Carcinogenicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no da	ata available on the mixture itsel	f.		
Classification					

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	-	3	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
m-xylene	-	3	-
xylene	-	3	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
proprietary microcrystalline silica	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. <u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
m-xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Category 1 Category 2	inhalation inhalation	- lungs
ethylbenzene proprietary microcrystalline silica	Category 2 Category 1	- inhalation	hearing organs lungs

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Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper

respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
m-xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	: Ca	auses serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Ma	ay cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Ca	auses skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No	hown significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or r applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw mater coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating sur- spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component so	mist from spray ial in a liquid a a matrix with no f TiO2 when the face or mist from d level of exposure t and/or
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, v				
Section 11. Toxic	ological information			
	concentrations in excess of the s adverse health effects such as m and adverse effects on the kidney and signs include headache, dizz and, in extreme cases, loss of co above effects by absorption throu exposure to organic solvent vapo cause greater hearing loss than e in the eyes, the liquid may cause cause nausea, diarrhea and vom delayed and immediate effects ar term and long-term exposure by o eye contact.	ucous membrane and resp ys, liver and central nervous tiness, fatigue, muscular we nsciousness. Solvents may ugh the skin. There is some try in combination with cons expected from exposure to r irritation and reversible dan iting. This takes into accound also chronic effects of co	iratory system s system. Sy eakness, drov y cause some e evidence tha tant loud nois noise alone. nage. Ingest nt, where know omponents fro	n irritation mptoms vsiness e of the at repeated se can If splashed ion may own, om short-
<u>Short term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on th	e mixture itself.		
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on th	e mixture itself.		
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on th	e mixture itself.		
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on th	e mixture itself.		
Potential chronic health eff	fects			
Not available.				
General	: May cause damage to organs thr or repeated contact can defat the		•	•

	or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when
	subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMASHIELD 880 BASE RAL 6010CO2150	13867.2	5311.3	N/A	56.5	15.8
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenol, methylstyrenated	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
m-xylene	3523	1100	N/A	11	N/A
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	9600	3800	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	3.56
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
		English (l	JS) Colomb	ia	12/16

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Ecotoxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	Acute EC50 3.5 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4.8 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9.6 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> <i>(Water flea)</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC ≥50 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea)	21 days
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Ďaphnia magna</i>	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
m-xylene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	OECD 301F OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test		dily - 28 days eadily - 29 days	-		-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	-		-		Not rea	
m-xylene 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	-		-		Readily Not rea	
ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily Readily	

English (US)	Colombia	13/16

Section 12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential					
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential		
Phenol, methylstyrenated m-xylene	3.627 3.2	- 14.79	Low Low		
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low		
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	4.4	-	High		
xylene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic	3.12 >6	7.4 to 18.5	Low High		
acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine					
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low		

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group				III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
	1	I	English (US) Colombia	14/16

Code00387885CCProduct name\$) IGMASHIELD 880 BASE RAL	Date of issue 6010CO2150	19 September 2023	Version 1.02
Section 14. T	ransport inform	nation		
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
			I	1

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue	: 9/15/2023
Version	: 1.02 EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

<u>Disclaimer</u>

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Section 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.