## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 23 October 2023 Version



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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking 1.1 Product identifier Product name : AMERSHIELD RED TINT RESIN Product code : 00333815 Other means of identification Not available. 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Product use : Industrial applications. Used by spraying

Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sigma Paint Saudi Arabia Ltd. PO Box 7509 Dammam 31472 Saudi Arabia Tel: 00966 138 47 31 00 Fax: 00966 138 47 17 34	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: ndpic@sfda.gov.sa
1.4 Emergency telephone number	: 00966 138473100 extn 1001

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] Fam. Liq. 3, H226

Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Warning		

Zonforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), 2020/878	Annex II, as amended by (	Commission Regulation (E	J)
Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH),	Annex II as amended by (	Commission Regulation (F	D .

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#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Fammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: ₩ear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: F INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	<ul> <li>prispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> <li>prise 280, P210, P273, P304 + P312, P403 + P233, P501</li> </ul>
Hazardous ingredients	<ul> <li>p-butyl acetate</li> <li>2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate</li> <li>Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl</li> <li>1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate</li> <li>4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene</li> <li>2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	<ul> <li>Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.</li> <li>Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.</li> </ul>
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requiren	<u>nents</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

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#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Wollastonite	EC: 237-772-5 CAS: 13983-17-0	≥10 - ≤25	Not classified.	-	[2]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	REACH #: 01-2119463267-34 EC: 212-112-9 CAS: 763-69-9	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 20%	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate	REACH #: 01-2119491304-40 EC: 915-687-0 CAS: 1065336-91-5	≤1.0	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, >1% naphthalene	EC: 926-273-4 CAS: 64742-94-5	<1.0	Carc. 2, H351 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 20%	[1] [2]
pentane-2,4-dione	REACH #: 01-2119458968-15 EC: 204-634-0 CAS: 123-54-6 Index: 606-029-00-0	<1.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331	ATE [Oral] = 570 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 790 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 5.1 mg/l	[1] [2]
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	REACH #: 01-2119980050-47 EC: 223-810-8 CAS: 4083-64-1 Index: 615-012-00-7	≤0.30	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 STOT SE 3, H335 EUH014	Skin Irrit. 2, H315: C ≥ 5% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: C ≥ 5% STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 5%	[1]
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	EC: 212-782-2 CAS: 868-77-9 Index: 607-124-00-X	≤0.30	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	-	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

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**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients** 

<u>Type</u>

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

This mixture contains  $\geq$  1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid n	neasures
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health e	ffects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: 🗭an cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u>	r <u>mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any imm	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li> <li>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
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#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet.		
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture		
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.		
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides		
5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.		

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Omell en ill	. Stan look if without risk. Move containers from chill area. Use shark proof tools and

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and<br/>explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively,<br/>or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste<br/>disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
Special provisions	: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Precautions should be taken to minimise exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO<sub>2</sub> will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurisation.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Appropriate engineering : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or	Product/ingredier	nt name		Exposure limit values	
titanium dioxide       STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.         ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles         Recommended monitoring procedures       :       Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         8.2 Exposure controls       :       Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Individual protection measures       :       Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should hot be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye/face protection       : Safety glasses with side shi			TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hc	ours. Form: Inhalable fraction	
titanium dioxide       ACGH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Keference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Betropean Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         8.2 Exposure controls       Appropriate engineering         Appropriate engineering       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Individual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workplace. Wash contaminated kork clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye/face protection       : Safety glasses with side shields.         Eye/face protection       : Safety glasses with side shields.         Skin protection       : Safety glasses with s	n-butyl acetate		STEL: 150 ppm 15	minutes.	omersj
proceduresStandard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 1402 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.3.2 Exposure controls-Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls and or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated down k olthing should not be allowed out of the workplace.Eye/face protection: Safety glasses with side shields.Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the pro	titanium dioxide		ACGIH TLV (United TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8	States, 1/2022).	ale
Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety 		Standard EN 689 by inhalation to c strategy) Europe application and u biological agents requirements for agents) Referen	<ul> <li>Workplace atmosphemical agents for content</li> <li>an Standard EN 1404</li> <li>as of procedures for t</li> <li>European Standard</li> <li>the performance of procedures for t</li> </ul>	eres - Guidance for the assessment of mparison with limit values and measure 2 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for he assessment of exposure to chemica EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Gel rocedures for the measurement of chem the documents for methods for the determ	exposure ment the I and neral nical
controlsother engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6	8.2 Exposure controls				
Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection 	Appropriate engineering controls	other engineering recommended of vapour or dust co	g controls to keep wor r statutory limits. The oncentrations below ar	ker exposure to airborne contaminants engineering controls also need to keep	below any gas,
<ul> <li>eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.</li> <li>Eye/face protection</li> <li>Kin protection</li> <li>Hand protection</li> <li>Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6</li> </ul>	Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>			
Skin protection         Hand protection         :       Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6	Hygiene measures	eating, smoking a Appropriate tech Contaminated we contaminated clo	and using the lavatory niques should be used ork clothing should not othing before reusing.	and at the end of the working period. It to remove potentially contaminated clo t be allowed out of the workplace. Was Ensure that eyewash stations and safe	othing. h
worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6		: Safety glasses w	ith side shields.		
English (GB) United Arab Emirates 7/15	Hand protection	worn at all times necessary. Cons during use that th noted that the tim glove manufactu protection time o	when handling chemic sidering the parameter ne gloves are still retai ne to breakthrough for rers. In the case of m f the gloves cannot be	cal products if a risk assessment indicat rs specified by the glove manufacturer, ning their protective properties. It shou any glove material may be different for ixtures, consisting of several substance accurately estimated. When prolonged	tes this is check ld be different es, the
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	(breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	:
Restrictions on use	: Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance						
Physical state	:	Liquid.				
Colour	:	Red.				
Odour	:	Characteristic.				
Odour threshold	:	Not available.	Not available.			
Melting point/freezing point	:					
Initial boiling point and boiling range	-	>37.78°C				
Flammability	:	Not available.				
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	-	Greatest known range: Lower: 1	.05% Up	per: 9.8% (eth	nyl 3-ethoxypropionate)	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 43.33°C				
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
		<ul> <li>[4-(aminocarbonyl)phenyl]azo]-N-</li> <li>(2-ethoxyphenyl)</li> <li>-3-hydroxynaphthalene-2-carboxamide</li> </ul>	>140	>284		
Decomposition temperature	:	Stable under recommended stor	rage and	handling cond	litions (see Section 7).	
рН	:	Not applicable. insoluble in wate	er.	-		
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s				
Solubility(ies)	:					
Media		Result				
old water		Not soluble				

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

		• •
Water Solubility at room temperature	:	2.9 g/l
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	:	2.3 kPa (16.9 mm Hg)
Evaporation rate	:	0.92 (butyl acetate = 1)
Relative density	:	1.25
Vapour density	:	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 4.19 (Air = 1)
Explosive properties	:	The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.
Oxidising properties	:	Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.	
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides	

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>p</b> -butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
, , , ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
5 51 1	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of bis	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>3170 mg/kg	-
(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)				
sebacate and methyl				
	English (GB)	United Arab E	mirates	9/15

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#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	3230 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, >1% naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
pentane-2,4-dione	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	5.1 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	570 mg/kg	-
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	LD50 Oral	Rat	2234 mg/kg	-
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
,,,	LD50 Oral	Rat	5050 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Irritation/Corrosion	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitisation	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Specific target organ toxic	<u>city (single exposure)</u>

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Produ	Product/ingredient name	
₩ydrocarbons, C10-C13,	aromatics, >1% naphthalene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Information on likely routes of exposure	: Not available.	
Potential acute health eff	fects	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous syste dizziness.	em (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or
Ingestion	: 🗭 an cause central nervous syste	em (CNS) depression.

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SECTION 11: Toxicol	ogical information
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic ski reaction.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the ph	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Kdverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effe	cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	<ul> <li>Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	: Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/ or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Moisture-sensitive material. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties**

Not available.

#### **11.2.2 Other information**

Not available.

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#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **12.1 Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
p-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Acute LC50 60.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	EC50 1.68 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	LC50 0.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
p-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, >1% naphthalene	-	60.74 % - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
-butyl acetate	-	-	Readily
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	-	Readily
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	-	-	Readily
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, >1% naphthalene	-	-	Readily

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>p</b> -butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	1.47	-	Low
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, >1% naphthalene	>4	99 to 5780	High
pentane-2,4-dione	0.68	-	Low
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.42	-	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	;	Not available.
Mobility	:	Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

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#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 2008/98/EC.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 99	wastes not otherwise specified
Packaging	

#### Mothods of dispo

Methods of disposal

disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste	
-	packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	

Type of packaging	g European waste catalogue (EWC)	
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging
Special precautions	taken when h Empty contai residues may Do not cut, w	I and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. iners or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product y create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly void dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, ewers.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	Ш	Ш	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

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	PNEC =	atement = CLP-specific Hazard statement = Predicted No Effect Concentration REACH Registration Number
Full text of abbreviated H statements	: H226 H302 H304 H311 H315 H317 H319 H331	Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled.

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AMERSHIELD RED TINT RE	SIN		
SECTION 16: Other	information		
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	<ul> <li>H335 May cause ref H336 May cause def H351 Suspected of H361f Suspected of H400 Very toxic to H410 Very toxic to H411 Toxic to aqua H412 Harmful to ac EUH014 Reacts violer EUH066 Repeated exp</li> <li>Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2</li> </ul>	aquatic life with long lasting effects. atic life with long lasting effects. puatic life with long lasting effects. atily with water. posure may cause skin dryness or crac ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATION LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATION LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATION	king. C HAZARD - Category 1 IC HAZARD - Category IC HAZARD - Category
	Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 2 Resp. Sens. 1 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1A STOT SE 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUAT ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRF FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Cat RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - SKIN SENSITISATION - Category SKIN SENSITISATION - Category SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOX EXPOSURE - Category 3	ATATION - Category 2 3 eegory 2 - Category 1 Category 2 1 1
<u>History</u>			
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<b>_</b>			

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