SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 24 October 2023

Version 2.01

Section 1. Identification			
Product code	: 00446368		
Product name	: SIGMA SAILADVANCE DX II REDBROWN		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Other means of identification Not available.	ition		
Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	 Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying. 		
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.		
Company/undertaking identification	: PPG Industries Sales, Inc. and PPG Coatings (Philippines), Inc. 3rd Floor First Life Center 174 Salcedo St., Legaspi Village Makati City 1229, Philippines Tel # 00632- 752-6773/ Fax # 00632-752-6771		
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC +(63) 2-395-3308 (CCN 17704)		

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 7.7% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 21.3% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 24.3%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 17.7%

GHS label elements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	
Response	: Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.	
Storage	: Not applicable.	
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
dicopper oxide	25 - <50	1317-39-1
zinc oxide	10 - <20	1314-13-2
ethylbenzene	10 - <20	100-41-4
xylene	5 - <10	1330-20-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	5 - <10	14807-96-6
rosin	5 - <10	8050-09-7
bis(1-hydroxy-1H-pyridine-2-thionato-O,S)copper	1 - <3	14915-37-8
copper oxide	0.3 - <1	1317-38-0
copper	0.3 - <1	7440-50-8
TRIISOPROPYLSILYL ACRYLATE	<0.1	157859-20-6
lead monoxide	<0.1	1317-36-8

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/e	ffec	ts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	:	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	Harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/symp	ton	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation		No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate med	<u>ica</u>	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments		No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides oxides of lead
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

		Philippines	Page: 4/13
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from explosion-proof equipment. Approach the releas sewers, water courses, basements or confined effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, ear and place in container for disposal according to Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contra	ase from upwind. Preve areas. Wash spillages Contain and collect spil th, vermiculite or diatom b local regulations (see \$	ent entry into into an lage with non- laceous earth Section 13).
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water a Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with a appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose contractor.	and mop up if water-solu an inert dry material and of via a licensed waste	ble. I place in an disposal
Methods and material for con			<i>.</i>
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water to the environment if released in large quantities	he product has caused or polluting material. Ma	environmental
For emergency responders	 Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriat inadequate. Put on appropriate personal prote If specialised clothing is required to deal with th information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuita information in "For non-emergency personnel". 	ctive equipment. he spillage, take note of able materials. See also	any
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessa entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt ma No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area.	ary and unprotected pers aterial. Shut off all ignition Do not breathe vapour o	sonnel from on sources. r mist.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	I	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
dicopper oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Copper Fume]
	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
zinc oxide	TLV (Philippines, 4/2016).
	TLV: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
ethylbenzene	TLV (Philippines, 4/2016).
	TLV-Ceiling: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TLV-Ceiling: 100 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). [Xylene]
	TLV: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	TLV (Philippines, 4/2016).
	TLV: 20 mppf 8 hours. Form: Dust
rosin	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [resin
	acids as total Resin acids] Skin sensitiser.
	Inhalation sensitiser.
	TWA: 0.001 mg/m³, (as total Resin acids) 8
	hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
I	1
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Product name SIGMA SAILADVANCE DX II REDBROWN Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Section 8. Exposu	re	e controls/personal pro	tection	
copper oxide			ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Copper Fume]	
			TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume	
copper			TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). [Copper Dusts	
			and mists]	
			TLV: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Dusts and mists	
			TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). [Copper fume]	
			TLV: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume	
lead monoxide			TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). [Lead,	
			inorganic compounds] TLV: 0.15 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Recommended monitoring procedures	:		riate monitoring standards. Reference to nods for the determination of hazardous	
Appropriate engineering		Use only with adequate ventilation. U	se process enclosures, local exhaust	
controls	1		Is to keep worker exposure to airborne	
		contaminants below any recommende also need to keep gas, vapour or dust	ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive	
		limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation		
Environmental exposure controls	÷		bcess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some	
		cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engir		
		equipment will be necessary to reduce	e emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measure	<u>es</u>			
Hygiene measures	:	eating, smoking and using the lavator Appropriate techniques should be use Contaminated work clothing should no	bughly after handling chemical products, before y and at the end of the working period. Id to remove potentially contaminated clothing. In the allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety ocation.	
Eye/face protection	:	 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. 		
Skin protection				
Hand protection	:	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
Gloves	:	butyl rubber		
Body protection	:	being performed and the risks involve		

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance									
Physical state	:	Liquid.							
Colour	÷	Not available.							
Odour Odour threshold	÷	Not available.	aracteristic.						
	÷								
Melting point/freezing point		Not available.							
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)							
Flammability	1	Not available.							
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.							
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 26°C (7	′8.8°F)						
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Ingredient name		°C	°F		N	lethod	
		xylene		432	809.	6			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.							
рН	:	Not applicable.	Not applicable.						
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >2	21 mm²/s						
- • • • • • • • •		Media	Re	sult					
Solubility(ies)	•	cold water	No	t soluble					
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.							
Vapour pressure	:		Vapou	r Pressu	ure at 20°C	: \	/apo	ur press	sure at 50°C
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mn Hg	ı	kPa	Method
		ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2					
Relative density	:	1.86	<u> </u>					1	
Relative vapour density	:	Not available.							
Particle characteristics									
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.							
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.							

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	 Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Hazardous polymerisation	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
bis(1-hydroxy-1H-pyridine- 2-thionato-O,S)copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	70 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1075 mg/kg	-
copper oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
TRIISOPROPYLSILYL ACRYLATE	LD50 Oral	Rat	2500 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on	the mixture its	elf.	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data avai	lable on the mi	xture itself.		

Eyes

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitisation	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
lead monoxide	Category 2		-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	1	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms related to the p	mysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain
	watering
	redness

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation
	redness
	dryness
	cracking
	blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to or repeated contact can dermatitis. Once sensiti

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General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øral	1445.74 mg/kg
Dermal	2964.66 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	17.27 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	1.72 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
copper	Acute LC50 810 ppb	Fish	96 hours
TRIISOPROPYLSILYL ACRYLATE	EC50 0.07 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	EC50 3.5 mg/l LC50 4 mg/l	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-li	ife	Photolysis		Biodegradability
øfhylbenzene xylene TRIISOPROPYLSILYL ACRYLATE	- - -		- -		Readily Readily Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
rosin	1.9 to 7.7	-	High
TRIISOPROPYLSILYL	>6.2	-	High
ACRYLATE			

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide, zinc oxide)	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user :**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 24 October 2023
Date of previous issue	: 6/20/2022
Version Prepared by	2.01 EHS
key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2	Calculation method
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.