# SAFETY DATA SHEET



**Date of issue** 12/15/2023 (month/day/year)

Version 1

# Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

: DIMETCOTE 9 GRAY LIQUID A. Product name

: 00475525 **Product code** 

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against** : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

C. Supplier's or Importer's

information

**Email Address** 

: PPG SSC (680-090)

19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu,

Ulsan, Korea

Tel: +82-52-210-8222 Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM

**Emergency telephone** 

number:

: +82-52-210-8222

# Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

> EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

**Symbol** 







Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

**Response** : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

C. Other hazards which do

not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Isopropyl alcohol	ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	CAS: 67-63-0	30 - <40
Silicic acid, ethyl ester	ETHYL SILICATE POLYMER	CAS: 11099-06-2	20 - <30
1-methoxy-2-propanol	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	CAS: 107-98-2	5 - <10
Toluene	TOLUENE	CAS: 108-88-3	5 - <10
Mica-group minerals	MICA	CAS: 12001-26-2	1 - <5
tetraethyl silicate	Tetraethyl Silicate	CAS: 78-10-4	1 - <5
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE	CAS: 108-65-6	1 - <5
zinc chloride	ZINC CHLORIDE	CAS: 7646-85-7	0.1 - <1
ethanol	ETHYL ALCOHOL	CAS: 64-17-5	0.1 - <1
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	QUARTZ (<10 microns)	CAS: 14808-60-7	0.1 - <1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

A. Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

**B.** Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

C. Inhalation

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. **D.** Ingestion

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

E. Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### A. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable** extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

B. Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products

Fire-fighting procedures

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

C. Special equipment for

fire-fighting

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

mode.

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if

there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk.

Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

- A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- B. Environmental precautions
- : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
- C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

- A. Precautions for safe handling
- Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### A. Occupational exposure limits

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Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Isopropyl alcohol	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Toluene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Mica-group minerals	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
tetraethyl silicate	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
zinc chloride	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
ethanol	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable fraction

#### Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### B. Appropriate engineering: controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Environmental** exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### C. Personal protective equipment

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the

hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is

necessary.

**Eye protection** : Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It

check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately

estimated.

Gloves : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

May be used: Chloroprene

Recommended: nitrile rubber, butyl rubber

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task

being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static

discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and

safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

A. Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Gray.

B. Odor : Aromatic.
C. Odor threshold : Not available.
D. pH : Not applicable.
E. Melting/freezing point : Not available.

F. Boiling point/boiling

range

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

G. Flash point : Closed cup: 15°C (59°F)

H. Evaporation rate : Not available.I. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

J. Lower and upper

explosive (flammable)

**limits** 

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 23% (tetraethyl silicate)

K. Vapor pressure :

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Isopropyl alcohol	33.00268	4.4				

Media Result L. Solubility(ies)

> cold water Not soluble

: Not available. Solubility in water Vapor density Not available.

**Relative density** 1.02

Partition coefficient: n-

: Not applicable.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition** 

temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
1-methoxy-2-propanol	270	518	

**Decomposition** 

temperature

: Not available.

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available. Molecular weight : Not applicable. S.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

A. Chemical stability : The product is stable.

reactions

Possibility of hazardous: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

B. Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

C. Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

D. Hazardous : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following decomposition products

materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

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### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

### **B.** Health hazards

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	72600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5045 mg/kg	-
Silicic acid, ethyl ester	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-
tetraethyl silicate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	10 to 16 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5.878 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
zinc chloride	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.35 g/kg	_
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	17100 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Irritation/Corrosion** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Isopropyl alcohol 1-methoxy-2-propanol Toluene tetraethyl silicate	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene	Category 2	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Potential chronic health effects

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### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

**Carcinogenicity**: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### **Additional information**

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
Isopropyl alcohol	CAS: 67-63-0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
Silicic acid, ethyl ester	CAS: 11099-06-2	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	CAS: 107-98-2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Toluene	CAS: 108-88-3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Mica-group minerals tetraethyl silicate	CAS: 12001-26-2 CAS: 78-10-4	Not classified. FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS: 108-65-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
zinc chloride	CAS: 7646-85-7	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
ethanol	CAS: 64-17-5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	CAS: 14808-60-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

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# **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### A. **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
acetate			
zinc chloride	Acute EC50 5.64 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute EC50 0.2 mg/l	Crustaceans	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.4 to 2.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 228.8 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Phaeodactylum	72 hours
		tricornutum - Exponential	
		growth phase	
	Chronic EC10 58 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> -	21 days
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
ethanol	Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours

### B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	83 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
Toluene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate ethanol	- -		-		Readily Readily Readily	

#### C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol Toluene	<1  2.73	8.32	Low Low
tetraethyl silicate	3.18	-	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	1.2	-	Low
acetate ethanol	-0.35	-	Low

#### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

**E.** Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### A. Disposal methods

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: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

#### **B.** Disposal precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
D. Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN : None identified.IMDG : None identified.IATA : None identified.

# F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### A. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)

: None of the components are listed.

**ISHA** article 118 (Harmful substances : None of the components are listed.

requiring permission) **Article 2 of Youth Protection** 

: It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.

**Act on Substances Hazardous** 

to Youth

#### **Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors**

The following components have an OEL:

Isopropyl alcohol

1-methoxy-2-propanol

Toluene

Mica-group minerals

tetraethyl silicate

zinc chloride

ethanol

crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)

**ISHA Enforcement Regs**: The following components are listed: toluene

**Annex 19 (Exposure** standards established for harmful factors)

**ISHA Enforcement Regs** 

**Annex 21 (Harmful** 

factors subject to Work

**Environment Measurement)** 

ISHA Enforcement Regs : The following components are listed: Isopropyl alcohol, Toluene, mica

**Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check-**

up)

**Standard of Industrial** Safety and Health

**Annex 12 (Hazardous** substances subject to

control)

: The following components are listed: isopropyl alcohol, toluene, mica

: The following components are listed: silicates, isopropyl alcohol, toluene, mica

#### B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

Article 11 (TRI) : The following components are listed: 2-Propanol, Toluene

Article 18 Prohibited (K-

**Reach Article 27)** 

: None of the components are listed.

**Article 19 Subject to** authorization (K-Reach

Article 25)

: None of the components are listed.

**Article 20 Restricted (K-**

**Reach Article 27)** 

: None of the components are listed.

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**Product name DIMETCOTE 9 GRAY LIQUID** 

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Article 20 Toxic

**Chemicals (K-Reach** 

Article 20)

Korea inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

: Not applicable

**Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)** 

: None of the components are listed.

C. <u>Dangerous Materials</u> <u>Safety Management Act</u> : Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid

Item: 2. Class 1 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid

Threshold: 200 L Danger category: II

Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

D. Wastes regulation

the product

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product

(including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

A. References : Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act

Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act

**NIER Notice** 

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information

Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.

B. Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 12/15/2023

C. Version : 1
Prepared by : EHS

D. Other

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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