# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



### The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision20 December 2023Version 9.01

Section 1. Identification				
Product name	: FAST DRY GLOSS 4318 YELLOW			
Product code	: 00405638			
Other means of identification	: Not available.			
Product type	: Liquid.			
Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Product use	: Consumer applications, Professional applications.			
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.			
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.			
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc. 1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4 Canada +1 450-655-3121</li> </ul>			
	PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272			
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)			
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762			

# Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1</li> </ul>

**GHS label elements** 

### Product name FAST DRY GLOSS 4318 YELLOW

### Section 2. Hazard identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS)) Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY

Product name FAST DRY GLOSS 4318 YELLOW

### Section 2. Hazard identification

AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 45.6% (oral), 61% (dermal), 37.9% (inhalation)

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: FAST DRY GLOSS 4318 YELLOW
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Low boiling point naphtha; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic; Aliphatic naphtha; SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC; Solvent naphtha light aliphatic; low boiling point naphtha; light aliphatic solvent naphtha (petroleum); Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliph.; NAPHTHA, LIGHT ALIPHATIC SOLVENT; NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM, LIGHT ALIPHATIC; PETROLEUM NAPHTHA, PARAFFINS &NAPHTHENES Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph., Low boiling point naphtha	10 - 30*	64742-89-8
C.I. Pigment Yellow 42; CI 77492; iron hydroxide oxide yellow; E 172; iron oxide yellow; C.I. 77492; iron hydroxide oxide yellow; C.I. 77492; E 172; iron oxide yellow; Iron oxide; Iron Oxide Yellow; Transparent iron oxide yellow; C.I. pigment yellow 042; FERRIC OXIDE, FERRIC HYDROXIDE, CALCIUM CARBONATE; C.I. PIGMENT YELLOW 42, (IRON OXIDE (YELLOW)); SYNTHETIC YELLOW IRON OXIDE	10 - 30*	51274-00-1
Low boiling point naphtha; Benzoline; Mineral spirits; VM & P Naphtha; Varnish makers' & painters' naphtha; Refined solvent naphtha; Petroleum spirit; Petroleum ether; Painters naphtha; Ligroin; Petroleum distillates	10 - 30*	8032-32-4
Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); Cl 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytitanium triisostearate; glass	5 - 10*	13463-67-7
	Low boiling point naphtha; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic; Aliphatic naphtha; SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC; Solvent naphtha light aliphatic; low boiling point naphtha; light aliphatic solvent naphtha (petroleum); Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliph.; NAPHTHA, LIGHT ALIPHATIC SOLVENT; NAPHTHA, LIGHT ALIPHATIC SOLVENT; NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM NAPHTHA, PARAFFINS &NAPHTHENES Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph., Low boiling point naphtha C.I. Pigment Yellow 42; CI 77492; iron hydroxide oxide yellow; E 172; iron oxide yellow; C.I. 77492; iron hydroxide oxide yellow; Iron oxide; Iron Oxide Yellow; Transparent iron oxide yellow; C.I. pigment yellow 042; FERRIC OXIDE, FERRIC HYDROXIDE, CALCIUM CARBONATE; C.I. PIGMENT YELLOW 42, (IRON OXIDE (YELLOW)); SYNTHETIC YELLOW IRON OXIDE Low boiling point naphtha; Benzoline; Mineral spirits; VM & P Naphtha; Varnish makers' & painters' naphtha; Refined solvent naphtha; Petroleum spirit; Petroleum distillates Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); CI 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of	Low boiling point naphtha; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic; Aliphatic naphtha; SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC; Solvent naphtha light aliphatic; low boiling point naphtha; light aliph.; NAPHTHA, LIGHT ALIPHATIC SOLVENT; NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM, LIGHT ALIPHATIC; PETROLEUM NAPHTHA, PARAFFINS &NAPHTHENES Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph., Low boiling point naphtha C.I. Pigment Yellow 42; CI 77492; iron hydroxide oxide yellow; E 172; iron oxide yellow; C.I. 77492; E 172; iron oxide yellow; Iron oxide; Iron Oxide Yellow; Transparent iron oxide yellow; C.I. pigment yellow 042; FERRIC OXIDE, FERRIC HYDROXIDE, CALCIUM CARBONATE; C.I. PIGMENT YELLOW 42, (IRON OXIDE (YELLOW)); SYNTHETIC YELLOW IRON OXIDE Low boiling point naphtha; Benzoline; Mineral spirits; VM & P Naphtha; Varnish makers' & painters' naphtha; Refined solvent naphtha; Petroleum spirit; Petroleum ether; Painters naphtha; Ligroin; Petroleum distillates Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); CI 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

			Canada	Page: 4/17
toluene	Benzene, methyl-; Methylbenzene; Toluol; Phenyl methane; Methyl benzol; toluene, pure; preparation consisting of: — 80 % or more but not more than 90 % by weight of (S)-hydroxy-3-phenoxy- benzeneacetonitrile (CAS RN 61826-76-4) and — 10 % or more but not more than 20 % by weight of toluene (CAS RN108-88-3); toluene, crude; preparation containing by weight: — 15 % or more but not more than 60 % of styrene butadiene copolymers or styrene isoprene copolymers and — 10 % or more but not more than 30 % of pinene polymers or	0.1 - 1*	108-88-3	
ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl orchloropropyloxycarbonyl) benzene	0.1 - 1*	100-41-4	
2-butanone oxime	butanone oxime; ethyl methyl ketoxime; ethyl methyl ketone oxime; 2-Butanone, oxime; METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME; METHYL ETHYL KETONE OXIME; ethyl methyl ketoxime; ethyl methyl ketone oxime; MEKO; Butan-2-one oxime; syn-O, O'-di(butan-2-one oxime)diethoxysilane; Methyl alkyl (C2-4) ketoxime	0.1 - 1*	96-29-7	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Straight run kerosine; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic; Medium aliphatic solvent naphta, petroleum; Solvent naphtha medium aliphatic; Solvent naphtha, medium aliph.; Stoddard Solvent; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic; MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM); Straight run white spirit; White spirit type 0, regular flash point; Medium aliphatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) C9-C12	3 - 7*	64742-88	1-7
	flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 $\mu$ m or more but not more than 10 $\mu$ m, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 18282- 10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00			

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

\*Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	emove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holdir yelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice	
Inhalation	emove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if b egular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or ox ained personnel.	
Skin contact	emove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with sater or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners	
Ingestion	swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container eep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	or label.

Most important symptoms	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	ects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sym	ptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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### Section 4. First-aid measures

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> <li>No specific treatment.</li> </ul>
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal	precautions,	protective	equipment	and emergency	procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill
 Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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### Section 7. Handling and storage

Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. iron hydroxide oxide yellow	None. <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>6/2022). [Iron oxide dust as Fe]</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Fe) 8 hours. Form: Dust <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>6/2022). [Iron oxide Fume, as Fe]</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Fe) 8 hours. Form: Fume STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Fe) 15 minutes. Form: Fume			
Ligroine	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). OEL: 1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL: 300 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 1370 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWAEV: 300 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 375 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.			
titanium dioxide	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Titanium dioxide] TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust			
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
	TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total
	dust.
	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	Skin sensitizer.
	OEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total dust
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	[Mineral Spirits]
	TWA: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
2-butanone oxime	IPEL (-).
	.,
	TWA: 3 ppm
	STEL: 9 ppm
ethylbenzene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	OEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	6/2022).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
	TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
toluene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
loidene	Absorbed through skin.
	-
	OEL: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	• •
	6/2022).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
	TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Recommended monitoring procedures		Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	res	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	:	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
		Recommended: nitrile rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Color	4	Not available.	
Odor	:	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	:	Not available.	
рН	4	Not applicable.	
Melting point	1	Not available.	
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 13°C (55.4°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.	
Flammability	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.07	
Density(lbs / gal)	:	8.93	
Colubility(inc)		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	÷	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >	•21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	:	61% (v/v), 43.251% (w/w)	
% Solid. (w/w)	:	56.749	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materi carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	LC50 I	nhalation	Vapor	Rat	>20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 [			Rat	>2000 mg/kg	
	LD50 (	Dral		Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
iron hydroxide oxide yellow	LC50 I	nhalation	Dusts and	mists Rat	>5.05 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 (	Dral		Rat	>10 g/kg	-
Ligroine	LC50 I	nhalation	Gas.	Rat	3400 ppm	4 hours
titanium dioxide	LC50 I	nhalation	Dusts and i	mists Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 [	Dermal		Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 (	Dral		Rat	>5000 mg/kg	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	LD50 [	Dermal		Rabbit	>3000 mg/kg	
	LD50 (	Dral		Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 [	Dermal		Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 (	Dral		Rat	100 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 I	nhalation	Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
, ,	LD50 [		·	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 (	Dral		Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 I	nhalation	Vapor	Rat	49 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 [			Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 (			Rat	5580 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: The	re are no	data availat	ble on the mixtur	re itself.	
rritation/Corrosion						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	: The	re are no	data availat	ole on the mixtur	re itself.	
Eyes	: The	re are no	data availat	ole on the mixtur	re itself.	
Respiratory	: The	re are no	data availat	ole on the mixtur	re itself.	
Sensitization						
Skin	: The	re are no	data availat	ole on the mixtur	re itself.	
Respiratory	: The	re are no	data availat	ole on the mixtur	re itself.	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	: The	re are no	data availat	ole on the mixtur	re itself.	
Carcinogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: The	re are no	data availat	ole on the mixtur	re itself.	
<u>Classification</u>						
Product/ingredient name		OSHA	IARC	NTP		
titanium dioxide		-	2B	-		
Manium dioxide		-	2B	-		

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

2B

3

-

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### **Reproductive toxicity**

ethylbenzene

toluene

### Section 11. Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3		Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
ethylbenzene toluene	Category 2 Category 2	-	hearing organs -

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, upper respiratory tract, eyes.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ligroine	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

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Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

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Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary		There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-		
		term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.		
Short term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	-	There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
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Potential chronic health e	effects	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.	
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
Numerical measures of tox	<u>kicity</u>	

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
AST DRY GLOSS 4318 YELLOW	N/A	3869.1	15359.5	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ligroine	N/A	N/A	3400	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-butanone oxime	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<b>F</b> on hydroxide oxide yellow titanium dioxide ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 >100000 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	96 hours 48 hours 48 hours -

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
<b>e</b> thylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10	days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
ethylbenzene toluene	-		-		Readily Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-butanone oxime ethylbenzene	0.63 3.6	5.01 79.43	Low Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

### Mobility in soil

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### Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

- TDG
   : None identified.

   IMDG
   : None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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Product name FAST DRY GLOSS 4318 YELLOW

### Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Proof of classification<br/>statement: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous<br/>Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### National Inventory List

Canada inventory (DSL)

: All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 \* Flammability: 3 Physical hazards: 0

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

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National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 Flammat	bility : 3 Instability : 0
Date of issue/Date of revision	20 December 2023
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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