# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 1 February 2024

Version 2.09

# Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMADUR 550 BASE BASE L
- : 00238843
- : Not available.
  - : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	: PPG Industries Uruguay SA Av. Italia 5846 esq. Ancona – Montevideo Uruguay Tel. +598 26000514 Fax. +598 26003032
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Hospital de Clinicas- CIAT- 1722

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Target ergans	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain.
Target organs	Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blan. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

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Code 00238843 Product name SIGMADUR	550	Date of issue BASE BASE L	1 February 2024	Version	2.09
Section 2. Hazards	s i	dentification			
		Percentage of the mixture consisti toxicity: 3.5%	ng of ingredient(s) of un	known acute d	ermal
		Percentage of the mixture consisti toxicity: 17.1%	ng of ingredient(s) of un	known acute ir	halation
		Percentage of the mixture consisti aquatic environment: 17.1%	ng of ingredient(s) of un	known hazards	to the
GHS label elements					
Hazard pictograms	:		>		
Signal word	:	Danger			
Hazard statements		Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or Harmful to aquatic life with long las	the unborn child.		
Precautionary statements					
Prevention		Detain special instructions before and eye or face protection. Keep a flames and other ignition sources. ventilating or lighting equipment. I static discharges. Avoid release to thoroughly after handling.	away from heat, hot surf No smoking. Use explo Jse non-sparking tools.	aces, sparks, o sion-proof elec Take action to	open ctrical, prevent
Response		exposed or concerned: Get med POISON CENTER or doctor if you wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN unwell. Wash with plenty of water several minutes. Remove contact If eye irritation persists: Get medic	feel unwell. Take off co Call a POISON CENTE IF IN EYES: Rinse cau lenses, if present and ea	ontaminated clo ER or doctor if y utiously with wa	othing and you feel iter for
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Ke	ep container tightly clos	ed. Keep cool	
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container and international regulations.	in accordance with all lo	ocal, regional, r	national
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact ma	y dry skin and cause irri	tation.	

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

**CAS** number

: Not applicable.

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
xylene	20 - <30	1330-20-7	
barium sulfate	12.5 - <15	7727-43-7	
titanium dioxide	7 - <10	13463-67-7	
n-butyl acetate	5 - <7	123-86-4	
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4	
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	3 - <5	14807-96-6	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1 - <2	108-65-6	
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7	
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	0.1 - <0.2	14808-60-7	
toluene	0.1 - <0.2	108-88-3	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

# Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures** Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the evelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Ingestion Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large **Specific treatments** : quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment. **Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. **Skin contact** : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

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# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	on	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. SIGMADUR 550 BASE BASE L

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill
 Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
xylene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil, 11/2001). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)] TWA: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.			
barium sulfate	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction			
titanium dioxide	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b> TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles			
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n-butyl acetate			ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Butyl
			acetates all isomers]
			STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
			TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene			Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil, 11/2001).
			TWA: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
			TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
Talc , not containing asbestife	orm	ı fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
			TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
crystalline silica, respirable p	owo	Jer (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica,
			crystalline]
			TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
toluene			Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil,
			11/2001). Absorbed through skin.
			TWA: 290 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
			TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring	:		priate monitoring standards. Reference to
procedures			thods for the determination of hazardous
		substances will also be required.	
Appropriate engineering		Use only with adequate ventilation	Jse process enclosures, local exhaust
controls	-		ols to keep worker exposure to airborne
		contaminants below any recommend	ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls
			concentrations below any lower explosive
Environmental exposure		limits. Use explosion-proof ventilatio	n equipment. ocess equipment should be checked to ensure
controls			environmental protection legislation. In some
		cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engli	
		equipment will be necessary to reduc	e emissions to acceptable levels.
dividual protection measur			
Hygiene measures	1		oughly after handling chemical products,
			lovetery and at the and of the working period
		Appropriate techniques should be us	e lavatory and at the end of the working period.
			ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
		Wash contaminated clothing before r safety showers are close to the work	ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and
	:	Wash contaminated clothing before r	ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and
Skin protection		Wash contaminated clothing before r safety showers are close to the works Chemical splash goggles.	ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and station location.
		Wash contaminated clothing before r safety showers are close to the works Chemical splash goggles. Chemical-resistant, impervious glove	ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and station location. s complying with an approved standard should
Skin protection		Wash contaminated clothing before r safety showers are close to the works Chemical splash goggles. Chemical-resistant, impervious glove be worn at all times when handling cl	ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and station location. s complying with an approved standard should nemical products if a risk assessment indicates
Eye protection <u>Skin protection</u> Hand protection		Wash contaminated clothing before r safety showers are close to the works Chemical splash goggles. Chemical-resistant, impervious glove be worn at all times when handling ch this is necessary. Considering the pa	ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and station location. s complying with an approved standard should nemical products if a risk assessment indicates arameters specified by the glove manufacturer,
<u>Skin protection</u>		Wash contaminated clothing before r safety showers are close to the works Chemical splash goggles. Chemical-resistant, impervious glove be worn at all times when handling ch this is necessary. Considering the pa check during use that the gloves are should be noted that the time to brea	ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and station location. s complying with an approved standard should nemical products if a risk assessment indicates arameters specified by the glove manufacturer, still retaining their protective properties. It kthrough for any glove material may be
Skin protection		Wash contaminated clothing before r safety showers are close to the works Chemical splash goggles. Chemical-resistant, impervious glove be worn at all times when handling ch this is necessary. Considering the pa check during use that the gloves are should be noted that the time to brea different for different glove manufactor	ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and station location. s complying with an approved standard should nemical products if a risk assessment indicates arameters specified by the glove manufacturer, still retaining their protective properties. It kthrough for any glove material may be urers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of
Skin protection		Wash contaminated clothing before r safety showers are close to the works Chemical splash goggles. Chemical-resistant, impervious glove be worn at all times when handling ch this is necessary. Considering the pa check during use that the gloves are should be noted that the time to brea different for different glove manufactor	ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and station location. s complying with an approved standard should nemical products if a risk assessment indicates arameters specified by the glove manufacturer, still retaining their protective properties. It kthrough for any glove material may be

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®, neoprene, natural rubber (latex), butyl rubber Not recommended: nitrile rubber May be used: Chloroprene
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	1	Liquid.	
Color	4	Various	
Odor	4	Not available.	
рН	4	Not applicable.	
Melting point	1	Not available.	
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	1	1.21	
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result
Colubility (ICS)	ľ	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperat Kinematic (40°C (104°F)):	ure): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt) >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
4-piperidyl) sebacate				
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Sensitization		
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary		
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Mutagenicity		
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Carcinogenicity		
Not available.		

#### Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
xylene	-	3	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
carbon black	-	2B	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
toluene	-	3	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. <u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate toluene	Category 3 Category 3	- -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

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#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

#### **Target organs**

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure <u>Potential acute health effects</u>		Not available.
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact	:	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contain ilica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer dep luration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist f applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a ma- neaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface of the applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw nany liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particl ne a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbour arbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sandin urface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal pro- equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon b race quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not ex- eleased in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for bi- ictivity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in exci- tated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects nucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effec- idneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs inclu- tizapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hea- expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the li- cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, romiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immedi- ind also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.	bends on the rom spray a liquid atrix with no 2 when the or mist from el of exposure /or v material in es are bound nd particles of ng the coating the duration tective blacks contain spected to be ological ess of the s such as cts on the de headache, ases, loss of sorption organic solvent tring loss than quid may diarrhea and ate effects
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	here are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	here are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential immediate effects	here are no data available on the mixture itself.	

# Section 11. Toxicological information

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMADUR 550 BASE BASE L	12801.0	4621.7	N/A	29.8	3.8
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

#### Other information

: Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours 96 hours 48 hours -
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days 83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

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English (US)	Uruguay	12/15

### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily
n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily Readily
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	-	-	Readily
acetate			<b>_</b>
toluene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

Code	00238843		Date of issue	1 February 2024	Version	2.09
Product nam	е	SIGMADUR 550 BASE BASE L				

# Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263 UN1263 UN1263		
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	
Packing group	III		III	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	

#### **Additional information**

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
Brazil	: None identified.
<b>Risk number</b>	: 30
IMDG	<ul> <li>This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.</li> </ul>
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and	1	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product
environmental regulations		(including its ingredients).
specific for the product		

# Section 16. Other information

History	L

Date of previous issue	: 12/15/2023
Version	: 2.09
	EHS

Code	00238843	i	Date of issue	1 February 2024	Version	2.09
Product nam	ne	SIGMADUR 550 BASE BASE L				

# Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> </ul>
	UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.