SAFETY DATA SHEET

United Arab Emirates

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 5 February 2024

Version

: 15.02

SECTION 1: Identific undertaking	cation of the substance/mixture and of the company/
1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: SIGMADUR ONE REDBROWN 6333
Product code	: 00322225
Other means of identificati	ion
Not available.	
1.2 Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
1.3 Details of the supplier of	f the safety data sheet
Sigma Paint Saudi Arabia Lto PO Box 7509	d.
Dammam 31472 Saudi Arabia	
Tel: 00966 138 47 31 00 Fax: 00966 138 47 17 34	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: ndpic@sfda.gov.sa
1.4 Emergency telephone number	: 00966 138473100 extn 1001

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture **Product definition** : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 1B, H360D STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

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SIGMADUR ONE REDBROW	N 6333		
SECTION 2: Hazards	identification		
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger		
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid May cause an all Causes serious e May cause drows May cause cance May damage the Causes damage	ergic skin reaction. eye irritation. siness or dizziness. er.	osure.
Precautionary statements		0 0	
Prevention		gloves, protective clothing and eye or face pros s, sparks, open flames and other ignition sour	
Response	: IF exposed or co	ncerned: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	: Store in a well-ve	entilated place. Keep container tightly closed.	
Disposal	international regu	nts and container in accordance with all local, ulations. 50, P308 + P313, P403 + P233, P501	regional, national and
Hazardous ingredients	solvent näphtha (2-ethylhexanoic a	um), hydrodesulphurized heavy Note P (petroleum), medium aliph. acid, zirconium salt (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P	
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.		
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Restricted to prof	fessional users.	
Special packaging requirem	<u>ients</u>		
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.		
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.		
2.3 Other hazards			
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture does	s not contain any substances that are assess	ed to be a PBT or a vPvl
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or rep	eated contact may dry skin and cause irritatio	n.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
stoddard solvent Nota(s) P	EC: 232-489-3 CAS: 8052-41-3 Index: 649-345-00-4	≥10 - ≤25	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy Note P	EC: 265-185-4 CAS: 64742-82-1 Index: 649-330-00-2	≥10 - ≤14	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 20%	[1]
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	EC: 265-191-7 CAS: 64742-88-7 Index: 649-405-00-X	≥5.0 - ≤9.7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	REACH #: 01-2119979088-21 EC: 245-018-1 CAS: 22464-99-9 Index: 607-230-00-6	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Repr. 1B, H360D	-	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P	REACH #: 01-2119451097-39 EC: 265-198-5 CAS: 64742-94-5 Index: 649-424-00-3	≤1.1	STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
calcium bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119978297-19 EC: 205-249-0 CAS: 136-51-6 Index: 607-230-00-6	<0.30	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 1B, H360D	-	[1]
butanone oxime	REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	≤0.30	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 1, H370 (upper respiratory tract) STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 (blood system)	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg	[1] [2]
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SECTION 3: Com	position/informat	ion or	n ingredients		
cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7 Index: 607-230-00-6	<0.30	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared	M [Acute] = 1	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid n	neasures
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/syr	nptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

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SECTION 4: First aid	l measures
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
4.3 Indication of any immed	iate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefigh	ting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water

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SECTION 5: Firefight	ing measures
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
SECTION 6: Accident	al release measures
6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	 See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures
	handling equipment. Ose only non sparking tools. Take productionary measures

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Conforms to Regulation (E 2020/878	C) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU)
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SECTION 7: Handli	ing and storage
	against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Stoddard solvent	Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016).TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006).TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Notes: Substances for which the TLV is higher than the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) and/or the NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit (REL). See CFR 58(124) :36338-33351, June 30, 1993, for revised OSHA PEL. TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours.TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours.TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours.
barium sulfate	 Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), med	
diiron trioxide	TWA: 400 ppm Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit
	 values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: measured as respirable fraction of the aerosol Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Notes: Refers to Appendix B Substances of Variable Composition. Respirable fraction; see Appendix C, paragraph C. TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
Talc , not containing asbestiform	
	 values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: measured as respirable fraction of the aerosol Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium s	alt Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit
	 values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). [zirconium and compounds as Zr] STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). [zirconium compounds (as Zr)] TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr] Notes: as Zr STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
procedures	Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General equirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
8.2 Exposure controls	
controls r	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any ecommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measures	

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Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Flash point	: Closed cup: 50°C
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Greatest known range: Lower: 0.6% Upper: 8% (Stoddard solvent)
Flammability	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: >37.78°C
Melting point/freezing point	: May start to solidify at the following temperature: -49°C (-56.2°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph Weighted average: -58.55°C (-73.4°F)
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Odour	: Aromatic.
Colour	: Brownish-red.
Physical state	: Liquid.
Appearance	
on monitation on bable physic	

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
		Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	220 to 250	428 to 482	ASTM E 659
Decomposition temperature pH Viscosity Solubility(ies)	:	Stable under recommended sto Not applicable. insoluble in wate Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s	•	ndling conditio	ons (see Section 7).
Media	<u> </u>	Result			
cold water Not soluble					

water

Vapour pressure	:		Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	Ingredient name	e mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
	Maphtha (petroleum) hydrodesulfurized he		0.5					
Evaporation rate	: Not available.			·				
Relative density	: 1.07							
Vapour density	: Highest known va 4.45 (Air = 1)	alue: 4.5 to 5	(Air = 1) (Stoddard s	olvent). V	Weighted	average:	
Explosive properties	: The product itself vapour or dust wit	•	,	the formation	of an exp	olosible m	nixture of	
Oxidising properties	: Product does not	present an c	xidizing	hazard.				
Particle characteristics								
Median particle size	: Not applicable.							

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Stoddard solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3129 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitisation	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Specific target organ toxic	ity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Aphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy Note P solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P butanone oxime	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 1 Category 3		Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects upper respiratory tract Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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ECTION 11: Toxi	cological information			
Product/	/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
stoddard solvent Nota(s) P		Category 1	-	central nervous system
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy Note P		Category 1	-	(CNS) central nervous system (CNS)
solvent naphtha (petroleu	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)	
butanone oxime	Category 2	-	blood system	
Aspiration hazard		•	-	
Produ	uct/ingredient name			Result
solvent näphtha (petroleu	Irodesulphurized heavy Note P	ASP ASP	RATION HAZARD RATION HAZARD RATION HAZARD RATION HAZARD) - Category 1) - Category 1
nformation on likely outes of exposure	: Not available.			
Potential acute health e	<u>ffects</u>			
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervou dizziness.	s system (CNS) depression. May	cause drowsiness or
Inhalation Ingestion	dizziness. : Can cause central nervou	s system (CNS) depression.	
	dizziness.	s system (CNS) depression.	
Ingestion Skin contact Eye contact	dizziness.Can cause central nervouDefatting to the skin. May reaction.Causes serious eye irritation	s system (CNS v cause skin dry ion.) depression. ness and irritation.	
Ingestion Skin contact Eye contact Symptoms related to the	 dizziness. Can cause central nervou Defatting to the skin. May reaction. Causes serious eye irritation e physical, chemical and toxicol 	s system (CNS cause skin dry ion. logical charact) depression. mess and irritation. teristics	
Ingestion Skin contact Eye contact	dizziness.Can cause central nervouDefatting to the skin. May reaction.Causes serious eye irritation	s system (CNS cause skin dry ion. logical charact) depression. mess and irritation. teristics	
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Ingestion Skin contact Eye contact Symptoms related to the Inhalation	 dizziness. Can cause central nervou Defatting to the skin. May reaction. Causes serious eye irritation e physical, chemical and toxicol Adverse symptoms may in nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations Adverse symptoms may in reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations 	s system (CNS v cause skin dry ion. logical charact nclude the follow) depression. mess and irritation. teristics wing:	

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	- I	9
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	1	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	1	May damage the unborn child.
Other information	:	Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
stoddard solvent Nota(s) P Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s)	3.16 to 7.06 2.8 to 6.5	-	High High
butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) Mobility : Not available.

: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

ProductMethods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal
of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the
requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any
regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products
via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to
the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.Hazardous waste: Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation		
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances		
ackaging			
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.		
Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)		
Container	15 01 06 mixed packaging		
 Special precautions This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Cataken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapou residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere insi Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with drains and sewers. 			

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SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	Ш
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID	: None identified.
Tunnel code	: (D/E)
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	: Not applicable.
according to IMO	
instruments	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Restricted to professional users.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles

Other national and international regulations.

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

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SECTION 16: Other	information		
Indicates information that	has changed from previously iss	ued version.	
Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estim CLP = Classification, Label 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect I EUH statement = CLP-spec PNEC = Predicted No Effect RRN = REACH Registration	ling and Packaging Regulation [Reg Level cific Hazard statement ct Concentration	ulation (EC) No.
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H312Harmful in contactH315Causes skin irritaH317May cause skin irritaH317May cause an alleH318Causes serious eH319Causes serious eH336May cause drowsH350May cause drowsH360DMay cause canceH360FDMay damage theH360FDMay damage fertiH370Causes damageH372Causes damageH373May cause damageH400Very toxic to aquateH411Toxic to aquateH412Harmful to aquate	d. vallowed and enters airways. ct with skin. ergic skin reaction. eye damage. eye irritation. siness or dizziness. er. unborn child. ility. May damage the unborn child. to organs. to organs through prolonged or repe ge to organs through prolonged or repe	epeated exposure.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 1B Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 1B Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1 Stot RE 1 STOT RE 2 STOT SE 1 STOT SE 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATI ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1E SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRR SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRR FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Cate SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - SKIN SENSITISATION - Category SHEORICITY - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXI EXPOSURE - Category 1	C HAZARD - Category IC HAZARD - Category IC HAZARD - Category 1 3 ITATION - Category 1 ITATION - Category 2 3 egory 1B Category 2 1 1A CITY - REPEATED CITY - REPEATED CITY - SINGLE
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SECTION 16: Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.