SAFETY DATA SHEET

AMERCOAT 450H DEEP TINT RESIN



Date of issue 6 February 2024

Version 20

1. Product and company identification

Product name	: AMERCOAT 450H DEEP TINT RESIN
Product code	: 00336525
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777

2. Hazards identif	fication
GHS Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 3 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (respiratory organs) Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	

Product code 00336525	Date of issue 6 February 2024 Version 20
Product name AMERCOAT 4	50H DEEP TINT RESIN
2. Hazards identifi	cation
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number: Not applicable.CSCL number: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
Butyl acetate	12.5 - <15	123-86-4	2-731
titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	10 - <12.5	13463-67-7	1-558; 5-5225
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	2 - <3	108-65-6	2-3144
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	1 - <2	64742-95-6	Not available.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.5 - <1	95-63-6	3-3427; 3-7
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.5 - <1	41556-26-7	5-5501
n-butyl methacrylate	0.5 - <1	97-88-1	2-1039
Acetone	0.2 - <0.5	67-64-1	2-542
Xylene	0.2 - <0.5	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	0.2 - <0.5	4083-64-1	3-2222
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.1 - <0.2	868-77-9	2-1044
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.1 - <0.2	82919-37-7	5-5593
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.1 - <0.2	108-67-8	3-3427; 3-7
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and	0.1 - <0.2	7631-86-9	1-548
amorphous			
Triethylenediamine	0.1 - <0.2	280-57-9	5-1141
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	0.1 - <0.2	526-73-8	3-3427; 3-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary	<u>y first aid measures</u>
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/e Potential acute health effe		s, acute and delayed
Eye contact		Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation		Aay cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact		Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic kin reaction.
Ingestion	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>toms</u>	
Eye contact	irı W	dverse symptoms may include the following: ritation <i>v</i> atering edness
Inhalation	W	dverse symptoms may include the following: /heezing and breathing difficulties sthma
Skin contact	irr re dr	dverse symptoms may include the following: ritation edness ryness racking
Ingestion	: N	lo specific data.
Indication of immediate mediate	lical a	ttention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician		reat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large uantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: N	lo specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	is m pı	Io action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing moroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

5 5	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

6. Accidental release measures

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Special provisions
 Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a handling history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only nonsparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO_2 will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	- •	Exposure limits
-		
Butyl acetate		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). OEL-M: 475 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		OEL-M: 100 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020).
		TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 9/2022).
		OEL-M: 120 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL-M: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Acetone		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 9/2022).
		OEL-M: 475 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		OEL-M: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020).
		TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene		Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
5		6/2020). [xylene]
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 9/2022).
		OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL-M: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 9/2022).
		OEL-M: 120 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		OEL-M: 25 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 9/2022). OEL-M: 120 mg/m³ 8 hours.
		OEL-M: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures	: Reference should be made to appropri national guidance documents for methor substances will also be required.	iate monitoring standards. Reference to ods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	or other engineering controls to keep w below any recommended or statutory li	e process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation vorker exposure to airborne contaminants imits. The engineering controls also need to s below any lower explosive limits. Use
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements of e	cess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some eering modifications to the process equipment to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measu	res	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thorout	ughly after handling chemical products, before
.,	eating, smoking and using the lavatory Appropriate techniques should be used Contaminated work clothing should not	d to remove potentially contaminated clothing. t be allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
Eye protection	eating, smoking and using the lavatory Appropriate techniques should be used Contaminated work clothing should not contaminated clothing before reusing.	d to remove potentially contaminated clothing. t be allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air- fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Physical state : Liquid. Odor : Characteristic. : >37.78°C (>100°F) **Boiling point Flash point** : Closed cup: 36.11°C (97°F) **Evaporation rate** : 0.91 (butyl acetate = 1) : 2 kPa (15.3 mm Hg) Vapor pressure **Relative density** : 1.24 Media Result Solubility(ies) cold water Not soluble

10. Stability and reactivity Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Chemical stability : The product is stable. Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Conditions to avoid : In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. Incompatible materials : Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols. Japan Page: 7/16

10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
, j	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
4-piperidyl) sebacate			00	
n-butyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	4910 ppm	4 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	29000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	16 g/kg	-
Acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	76000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	_
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	_
Aylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	_
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	LD50 Oral	Rat	2234 mg/kg	_
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5050 mg/kg	-
methyl	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	ED30 Oral	Παί	5.125 g/kg	-
4-piperidyl sebacate				
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
1,3,3-Thimedryibenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	4 110015
Silica silicon dioxide	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit		-
		TADDIL	>5000 mg/kg	-
containing crystalline and				
amorphous		Dot Mala	>5000 malka	
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-
Triethylenediamine	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>20 mg/l	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
1	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.7 g/kg	-
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	11.4 g/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
▼ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
n-butyl methacrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Acetone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Triethylenediamine	Category 2	-	central nervous system (CNS)
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 1	-	central nervous
			system (CNS),
	0.1		respiratory organs
n-butyl methacrylate	Category 2	-	spleen
Acetone	Category 1	-	central nervous
			system (CNS),
			gastrointestinal
			tract, respiratory
			organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system,
			respiratory organs
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 1	-	central nervous
			system (CNS),
			respiratory organs
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Category 1	-	immune system,
			kidneys,
			respiratory organs
Triethylenediamine	Category 1	-	upper respiratory
			tract

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health eff	ects
Eye contact	: Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff		
General	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged o repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatiti Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.	is.
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERCOAT 450H DEEP TINT RESIN	N/A	111028.9	N/A	N/A	N/A
Butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl methacrylate	16000	10200	N/A	29	N/A
Acetone	5800	15800	N/A	76	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	2234	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	5050	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	24	N/A
Triethylenediamine	700	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	11400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Moisture-sensitive material. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Acetone	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Acartia tonsa</i> - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5540 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Acute EC50 2.2 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >10000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
Triethylenediamine	Acute EC50 180 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 to 1980000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate Acetone	-	83 % - Readily - 28 days 90.9 % - Readily - 28 days		-		- -
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	Jradability
Butyl acetate Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate Acetone Xylene	- - - -		- - -		Readily Readily Readily Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Propylene glycol	1.2	-	Low
monomethyl ether acetate			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
n-butyl methacrylate	2.99	-	Low
Acetone	-0.23	3	Low
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.42	-	Low
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	3.42	186.21	Low
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	3.66	194.98	Low

Mobility in soil

12. Ecological information

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Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. **Disposal methods** Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14.	Transport	information
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	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	
Packing group	III	III	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

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15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Trimethylbenzene	1.0	Class 1	691

Industrial Safety and Health Act

Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

None of the components are listed.

Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	181
Titanium(IV) oxide	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	191
Petroleum naphtha	≤10	Listed	330
Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2

Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	181
Titanium(IV) oxide	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	191
Petroleum naphtha	≤10	Listed	330
Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
Acetone	≤10	Listed	17
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2

Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

Mutagen

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed

15. Regulatory information

Harmful Substances,	: Not listed
Prohibited for	
Manufacturing	
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	49
Xylene	≤10	Priority assessment	125
1,1'-Oxydi(propan-2-ol)	≤10	Priority assessment	240
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	201
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
Styrene	≤10	Priority assessment	47
1-Butanol	≤10	Priority assessment	124
Cumene	≤10	Priority assessment	126
Formic acid	≤10	Priority assessment	117
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45
Naphthalene	≤10	Priority assessment	76
Methacrylic acid	≤10	Priority assessment	35
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol	≤10	Priority assessment	64
Hydroquinone	≤10	Priority assessment	203

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

Maritime Safety Law

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

Container class

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen	: Not listed
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
Japan inventory	: At least one component is not listed.
Road law	: Not available.

16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	:6 February 2024
Date of previous issue	: 10/21/2023
Version	: 20
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.