# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision21 February 2024Version 2

Section 1. Identification	
Product name	: PHENGUARD SUBSEA 780 BASE RAL 1004 / YELLOW
Product code	: 000001161196
Other means of identification	: 00383926
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	<ul> <li>This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</li> </ul>
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3         ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4         SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2         SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1         SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1         CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1     </li> </ul>
	✓ Fercentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 43.3% (oral), 43.3% (dermal), 73.2% (inhalation)

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).
: Danger
<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>May cause cancer.</li> <li>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)</li> </ul>
: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

heated.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

**Product name** 

: PHENGUARD SUBSEA 780 BASE RAL 1004 / YELLOW

- Other means of identification
- : 00383926

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
parium sulfate	≥20 - ≤45	7727-43-7
Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether (MW<=700)	≥20 - ≤50	28064-14-4
xylene	≥10 - ≤13	1330-20-7
Mica-group minerals	≥5.0 - ≤10	12001-26-2
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	14808-60-7
2-methylpropan-1-ol	≥1.0 - ≤4.3	78-83-1
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	14808-60-7
ethylbenzene	≥0.10 - ≤2.3	100-41-4
titanium dioxide	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	13463-67-7

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact
- : Causes serious eye damage.

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	<ul> <li>Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides</li> </ul>

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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).			
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up				
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.			

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not ge or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequ not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. K original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible materia tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open f
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# Section 7. Handling and storage

	any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### <u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
parium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether (MW<=700)	None.
xylene	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	[Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)]
	TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p-
	xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Mica-group minerals	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 20 mppcf 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica,
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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	crystalline]
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	•
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica,
	crystalline]
	TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	dust
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica,
	crystalline]
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form:
	TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica,
	crystalline]
	TWA: 50 µg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	dust
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable
	fraction, finescale particles
	, ,
Key to abbreviations	C = Dotontial alvin abcomption
A = Acceptable Maximum Peak ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.	S = Potential skin absorption SR = Respiratory sensitization
C = Ceiling Limit	SS = Skin sensitization
F = Fume	STEL = Short term Exposure limit values
IPEI = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	TD = Total dust

TLV

TWA

- OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
  - R = Cccupation
  - Z = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z Toxic and Hazardous Substances

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

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= Threshold Limit Value

= Time Weighted Average

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures	: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	<u>s</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	1	Liquid.	
Color	1	Yellow.	
Odor	1	Aromatic. [Slight]	
Odor threshold	:	Not available.	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point	1	Not available.	
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.	
Flammability	1	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.	
Vapor density	1	Not available.	
Relative density	1	1.76	
Density(lbs / gal)	1	14.69	
		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperatu Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >	
Volatility	:	35% (v/v), 17.005% (w/w)	
% Solid. (w/w)	:	82.995	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition<br/>products: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:<br/>carbon oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
arium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>x</b> ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Classification</b>	

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Vene crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	- +	3 1	- Known to be a human carcinogen.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
ethylbenzene titanium dioxide	-	2B 2B	- -

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye	contact	
Inha	lation	

- : Causes serious eye damage.
- : Harmful if inhaled.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion       : No known significant effects or critical hazards.         Over-exposure signs/symptoms       : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness         Inhalation       : No specific data.         Skin contact       : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness         dryness cracking       : Distribution of the symptoms may include the following: siomach pains         Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure         Conclusion/Summary       : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains fr102 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinge Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, T102 patiolas are during and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protecting equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to unbound particles of T102 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surfaces or mist from spray applications may be harmul depending on the duration and devel of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure initiation and devels of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure initiation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nerowas system. Symptoms and signs include head	Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact       : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness         Inhalation       : No specific data.         Skin contact       : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness dryness dryness         Ingestion       : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains         Delayed and immediate offects and also chronic offects from short and long term exposure         Conclusion/Summary       : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TIO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TIO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TIO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TIO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmul depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure initia adverse health effects such as Mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse health effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of components from short-term and long-term exposure to yoral, inhalation and expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible da	•	•
pain       watering         inhalation       : No specific data.         Skin contact       : Adverse symptoms may include the following:         pain or irritation       : Adverse symptoms may include the following:         redness       dryness         cracking       bilstering may occur         Ingestion       : Adverse symptoms may include the following:         stomach pains       stomach pains         Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure         Conclusion/Summary       : There are no data available on the mixture itseff. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or cancing our Calegory 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS carcinogen Calegory 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles or TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surfaces or mixt from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and devel of exposure to anal sequence waterse, drowiness, drowines and, in extreme case, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearin	Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>toms</u>
Skin contact       : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur         Ingestion       : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains         Delayed and immediate offects and also chronic offects from short and long term exposure         Conclusion/Summary       : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a mattrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure of devesions such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness. Solvent known, delayed and immediate offects and available on the mixture itself.         Short term exposure       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.         Long term exposure Potential delayed effects       : There are n	Eye contact	pain watering
<ul> <li>pain or irritation redness dyness cracking bilstering may occur</li> <li>Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains</li> <li>Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</li> <li>Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than exceed from exposure and eve contact.</li> <li>Short term exposure</li> <li>Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself.</li> <li>Long term exposure</li> <li>Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.</li> <li>Long term exposure</li></ul>	Inhalation	: No specific data.
stomach pains         Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure         Conclusion/Summary       : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsinees and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause queater hearing loss than expected from sports to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects for components from short-term and		pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure         Conclusion/Summary       : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is tuilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsines and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomitig. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects rom sportser to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritat	Ingestion	
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<ul> <li>which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure lomit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to oralic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.</li> </ul>		
Potential immediate       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.         effects       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.         Potential delayed effects       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.         Long term exposure       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.         Potential immediate       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.         effects       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.         Potential delayed effects       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.		which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and
effects         Potential delayed effects       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.         Long term exposure         Potential immediate       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.         effects         Potential delayed effects       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.		: There are no data available on the mixture itself
Long term exposure         Potential immediate       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.         effects         Potential delayed effects       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Potential immediate effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.	<u>Long term exposure</u>	
		: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effects	Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
	Potential chronic health eff	ects

Date of issue 21 February 2024 Version 2

### Product name PHENGUARD SUBSEA 780 BASE RAL 1004 / YELLOW

# Section 11. Toxicological information

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
HENGUARD SUBSEA 780 BASE RAL 1004 / YELLOW	12814.1	2529.7	N/A	23.3	3.0
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
xylene ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
₩jlene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

United States	Page: 13/17

Product name PHENGUARD SUBSEA 780 BASE RAL 1004 / YELLOW

# Section 12. Ecological information

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil. waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

	DOT	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
JN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	Ш	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	879.53	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(xylene, ethylbenzene)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

# 14 Transport information

#### **Additional information**

DOT	: Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
IMDG IATA	<ul> <li>This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.</li> <li>None identified.</li> </ul>

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#### Product name PHENGUARD SUBSEA 780 BASE RAL 1004 / YELLOW

### 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

#### United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order:

 2.2'-[(3,3'-dichloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl)bis(azo)]bis[N-(4-methoxyphenyl)
 Listed

 -3-oxobutyramide]
 SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

#### SARA 311/312

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Phenol, polymer with	≥20 - ≤50	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
formaldehyde, glycidyl ether		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
(MW<=700)		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
xylene	≥10 - ≤13	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
crystalline silica, respirable	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
powder (>10 microns)	=1.0 =0.0	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	≥1.0 - ≤4.3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		United States Page: 15/17

Product name PHENGUARD SUBSEA 780 BASE RAL 1004 / YELLOW

### Section 15. Regulatory information

		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant
crystalline silica, respirable	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
powder (<10 microns)		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
ethylbenzene	≥0.10 - ≤2.3	FLAMMABLÉ LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
titanium dioxide	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

	<u>Chemical name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<b>Concentration</b>
Supplier notification	: vylene ethylbenzene	1330-20-7 100-41-4	7 - 13 1 - 5
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING**: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

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Health : 3 * Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0
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(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 Flamma	bility : 3 Instability : 0
Date of previous issue	: 8/24/2022
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> </ul>

United States Page: 16/17

Product name PHENGUARD SUBSEA 780 BASE RAL 1004 / YELLOW

### Section 16. Other information

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.