SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 14 March 2024

Version 5.05

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9001
- : 00245028
- : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	: PPG INDUSTRIES ARGENTINA S.R.L. Calle 9 y Del gasoducto N° 3810 Parque Industrial Pilar -(CP 1629) Pilar Provincia de Buenos Aires - Argentina Teléfono : 54-0230 4529700 Fax : 54-0230 4529706
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Centro de intoxicaciones 0800-333-0160 /CIQUIME 0800-222-2933

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain.
	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys,
	lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin,
	central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

English (US)	Argentina	1/14
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Code 00245028 Product name SIGMADUR	Date of 50 BASE RAL 9001	fissue	14 March 2024	Version	5.05
Section 2. Hazards	identification				
	Percentage of the mix toxicity: 2.8% Percentage of the mix toxicity: 18.7%	cture consisting o	of ingredient(s) of ur	nknown acute in	halation
	Percentage of the mix aquatic environment:		of ingreaient(s) of ur	iknown nazards	s to the
GHS label elements					
Hazard pictograms		$\langle \rangle$			
Signal word	Danger				
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and May be harmful in cor Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye ir Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory May cause cancer. Suspected of damagin Harmful to aquatic life 	ntact with skin. ritation. / irritation. ng fertility or the			
Precautionary statements					
Prevention	: Obtain special instruct and eye or face protect flames and other ignit ventilating or lighting e static discharges. Ave thoroughly after handl	ction. Keep awa ion sources. No equipment. Use oid release to the	y from heat, hot sur smoking. Use explo non-sparking tools.	faces, sparks, c osion-proof elec Take action to	open ctrical, prevent
Response	 IF exposed or concern POISON CENTER or wash it before reuse. unwell. Wash with ple several minutes. Rem If eye irritation persists 	doctor if you fee IF ON SKIN: Ca enty of water. IF ove contact lens	el unwell. Take off c all a POISON CENT IN EYES: Rinse ca ses, if present and e	ontaminated clo ER or doctor if y utiously with wa	othing and you feel iter for
Storage	Store in a well-ventilat	ted place. Keep	container tightly clos	sed. Keep cool.	
Disposal	Dispose of contents a and international regu		accordance with all I	ocal, regional, r	national
Other hazards which do not result in classification	Prolonged or repeated	d contact may dr	y skin and cause irr	itation.	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9001

5.05

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
xylene	20 - <30	1330-20-7	
titanium dioxide	15 - <20	13463-67-7	
barium sulfate	15 - <20	7727-43-7	
n-butyl acetate	5 - <7	123-86-4	
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4	
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	2 - <3	14807-96-6	
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7	
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	0.1 - <0.2	14808-60-7	
toluene	0.1 - <0.2	108-88-3	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fir	st a	id measures
Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	dica	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments		Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effect	s	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact		May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9001

Date of issue

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personr entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignitio No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mis Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	on	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13).
	and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene titanium dioxide	Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resolution 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resolution 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
I	English (US) Argentina 5/14

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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barium sulfate	Soci	stry of Labor, Employment and al Security. Argentina (Resolution 11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003).
n-butyl acetate	TW Mini Soci	A: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. stry of Labor, Employment and al Security. Argentina (Resolution
ethylbenzene	TW STI Mini Soci	11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). A: 150 ppm 8 hours. EL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. stry of Labor, Employment and al Security. Argentina (Resolution
Talc , not containing asbestife	TW STI	11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). A: 100 ppm 8 hours. EL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. stry of Labor, Employment and
	Soci 295, TW fiber ratio mem mag illum fract	al Security. Argentina (Resolution 11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). A: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable s: length> 5 .mu.m; Length / diameter (aspect) ³ 3: 1, determined by the abrane filter method at 400 - 450 x nification (4mm objective) using ination of phase contrast – Respirable ion.
Recommended monitoring procedures	 Reference should be made to appropriate r national guidance documents for methods f substances will also be required. 	
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use proventilation or other engineering controls to be contaminants below any recommended or salso need to keep gas, vapor or dust conce limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equip	teep worker exposure to airborne statutory limits. The engineering controls ntrations below any lower explosive
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process they comply with the requirements of enviro cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineerin equipment will be necessary to reduce emis	nmental protection legislation. In some g modifications to the process
Individual protection measur	2	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly before eating, smoking and using the lavate Appropriate techniques should be used to r Wash contaminated clothing before reusing safety showers are close to the workstation	bry and at the end of the working period. emove potentially contaminated clothing. J. Ensure that eyewash stations and
Eye protection Skin protection	Chemical splash goggles.	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	May be used: butyl rubber Not recommended: nitrile rubber Recommended: neoprene, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	1	Liquid.	
Color	1	White.	
Odor	1	Not available.	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point	:	Not available.	
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	:	€losed cup: 35°C (95°F)	
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	1	1.34	
Solubility(ies)	:	Media	Result
oolubility(165)		cold water	Not soluble
		<u> </u>	

English (US) A

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	370°C (698°F)
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Viscosity	:	60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

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	uce	LUA		LV

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moo	lerate irrita	ant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	•						
Skin	: There a	re no data	availal	ole on the mi	xture itself.		
Eyes	: There a	re no data	availal	ole on the mi	xture itself.		
Respiratory	: There a	re no data	availal	ole on the mi	xture itself.		
Sensitization							
Not available.							
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There a	re no data	availal	ole on the mi	xture itself.		
Respiratory	: There a	re no data	availal	ole on the mi	xture itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>							
Not available.							
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no data	availal	ole on the mi	xture itself.		
Carcinogenicity							
Not available.							
Conclusion/Summary	• There a	re no data	availal	ole on the mi	vturo iteolf		
<u>Classification</u>	. Inclea	re no uala	avallal				
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP				
xylene	-	3	-				
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-				
ethylbenzene crystalline silica, respirable	-+	2B 1	- Knov	wn to he a hu	man carcinog	ien	
powder (<10 microns)						,	
toluene	-	3	-				
Carcinogen Classification	code:		•				
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4							
NTP: Known to be OSHA: +	a human carc	inogen; Rea	sonably	anticipated to	be a human car	cinogen	
Not listed/not regul	ated: -						
Poproductivo tovicity							
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u> Not available.							
not avallable.							
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no data	availal	ole on the mi	xture itself.		
eratogenicity							
roratogomony							

Date of issue

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Code	00245028		Date of issue	14 March 2024	Version	5.05
Product nam	ie	SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9001				

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical series of the series of t	 Sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

14 March 2024

5.05

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	;	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

5.05

Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity
- : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9001 xylene barium sulfate n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate toluene	14846.9 4300 N/A 10768 3500 3125 5580	4923.6 1700 2500 N/A 17800 N/A 8390	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	33.9 11 N/A N/A 17.8 N/A 49	4.4 1.5 N/A N/A 1.5 N/A N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours 96 hours 48 hours -

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test Result			Dose		Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	gradability
xylene n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene toluene	- - -		- - - -		Readily Readily Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

English (US) Argentina	12/14

Date of issue

14 March 2024

Section 12. Ecological information

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III			
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
IATA	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and
environmental regulations
specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue 3/13/2024 Version 5.05 EHS Key to abbreviations : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships. 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations References : ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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