# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20 March 2024 **Version** : 5.01



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : SIGMAFAST 278 BASE RAL 7035

**Product code** : 00324217

Other means of identification

Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against** : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Pittsburgh Paints Nigeria Limited

1, Coker Street, Coker Bus-stop, Badagry Expressway, Orile Iganmu, Lagos

Nigeria

Tel: 00 234 (0) 8138672483

: PS.ACEMEA@ppg.com e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone

: 00234 127 173 85

number

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361fd **STOT RE 2, H373** Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

| English (GB) | Nigeria  | 1/16 |
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# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**Hazard pictograms** 











Signal word Danger

**Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** : Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from

heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid

release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour.

Response : Collect spillage. **Storage** : Not applicable.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

P280, P210, P273, P260, P391, P501

**Hazardous ingredients** bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)

4-nonylphenol, branched

oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated

: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

maleic anhydride

Supplemental label elements

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** 

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

**Tactile warning of danger** : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

**Product meets the criteria** 

for PBT or vPvB

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Causes digestive tract burns.

May cause endocrine disruption.

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: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| 3.2 Mixtures  | : Mixture   |             |  |   |         |
|---|---|-------------|--|---|---------|
| Product/ingredient name                               | Identifiers   | %           | Classification   | Specific Conc.<br>Limits, M-factors<br>and ATEs                         | Туре    |
| <b>l</b> s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane       | REACH #:<br>01-2119456619-26<br>EC: 216-823-5<br>CAS: 1675-54-3<br>Index: 603-073-00-2  | ≥10 - ≤25   | Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Aquatic Chronic 2, H411   | Skin Irrit. 2, H315: C ≥ 5%<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319: C ≥ 5%               | [1]     |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)   | EC: 238-878-4<br>CAS: 14808-60-7  | ≥5.0 - <10  | STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation)   | -   | [1] [2] |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched                               | REACH #:<br>01-2119510715-45<br>EC: 284-325-5<br>CAS: 84852-15-3<br>Index: 601-053-00-8 | ≥5.0 - ≤10  | Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Skin Corr. 1B, H314<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Repr. 2, H361fd<br>Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410   | ATE [Oral] = 1300 mg/<br>kg<br>M [Acute] = 10<br>M [Chronic] = 10       | [1] [3] |
| xylene  | REACH #:<br>01-2119488216-32<br>EC: 215-535-7<br>CAS: 1330-20-7                         | ≥5.0 - ≤10  | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | ATE [Dermal] = 1700<br>mg/kg<br>ATE [Inhalation<br>(vapours)] = 11 mg/l | [1] [2] |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol                                  | REACH #:<br>01-2119457435-35<br>EC: 203-539-1<br>CAS: 107-98-2<br>Index: 603-064-00-3   | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>STOT SE 3, H336  | -   | [1] [2] |
| oxirane, mono[<br>(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]<br>derivs. | REACH #:<br>01-2119485289-22<br>EC: 271-846-8<br>CAS: 68609-97-2<br>Index: 603-103-00-4 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317  | -   | [1]     |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate)                           | REACH #:<br>01-2119485044-40<br>EC: 231-944-3<br>CAS: 7779-90-0<br>Index: 030-011-00-6  | ≤1.0        | Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410   | M [Acute] = 1<br>M [Chronic] = 1  | [1]     |
| Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated      | REACH #:<br>01-2119978273-29<br>EC: 288-306-2<br>CAS: 85711-46-2                        | ≤0.30       | Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>Skin Sens. 1B, H317   | -   | [1]     |
| maleic anhydride                                      | REACH #:<br>01-2119472428-31<br>EC: 203-571-6<br>CAS: 108-31-6<br>Index: 607-096-00-9   | ≤0.10       | Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Skin Corr. 1B, H314<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Resp. Sens. 1, H334<br>Skin Sens. 1A, H317<br>STOT RE 1, H372   | ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/<br>kg<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317: C<br>≥ 0.001%         | [1] [2] |

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Nigeria

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|-----------------------------|---|-----------------|
| SIGMAFAST 278 BASE RAL 7035 |   |                 |
| SECTION 3: Composition      | information on ingredients  |                 |
|                             | (respiratory system)<br>(inhalation)<br>EUH071                      |                 |
|                             | See Section 16 for<br>the full text of the H<br>statements declared |                 |
|                             | above.  |                 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Xylene: Several REACH registrations cover the REACH registered substance with xylene isomers, ethylbenzene (and toluene). The other REACH Registrations include: 01-2119555267-33 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and pxylene, 01-2119486136-34 Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8, 01-2119539452-40 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene.

## <u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance of equivalent concern

This mixture contains ≥ 1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for

at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is Inhalation

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep Ingestion

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. **Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction. **Skin contact** 

Ingestion : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain watering redness

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|              | 11.3-11. |      |

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# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

# **Occupational exposure limits**

| Product/ingredient name                            | Exposure limit values  |
|--|--|
| rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica, crystalline]       |
|  | TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable                     |
| xylene   | EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure]          |
|  | Absorbed through skin.   |
|  | STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.                                    |
|  | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.                                      |
|  | TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.  |
|  | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.   |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol                               | EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin.                |
|  | STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes.                                    |
|  | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.                                      |
|  | TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours.  |
|  | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  |
| maleic anhydride                                   | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Skin sensitiser. Inhalation |
|  | sensitiser.  |
|  | TWA: 0.01 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor    |

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

# 8.2 Exposure controls

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Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection
Skin protection
Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Gloves** 

: butyl rubber

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

- :

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Various
Odour : Aromatic.
Odour threshold : Not available.

**Melting point/freezing point** 

: May start to solidify at the following temperature: 8 to 12°C (46.4 to 53.6°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane.

Weighted average: -19.85°C (-3.7°F)

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# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C

**Flammability** 

: Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.48% Upper: 13.74% (1-methoxy-2-propanol)

: Closed cup: 38°C Flash point

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

| Ingredient name      | °C  | °F  | Method |
|----------------------|-----|-----|--------|
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | 270 | 518 |        |

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

pН

Not applicable. insoluble in water. : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

**Viscosity** 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)

Solubility(ies)

| Media      | Result      |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

**Viscosity** 

1.68

Vapour pressure

| Ingredient name      | Vapou | ır Pressu | re at 20°C | Vapour pressure at 50°C |     |        |
|----------------------|-------|-----------|------------|-------------------------|-----|--------|
|                      | mm Hg | kPa       | Method     | mm<br>Hg                | kPa | Method |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | 8.5   | 1.1       |            |                         |     |        |

**Evaporation rate** Highest known value: 0.814 (1-methoxy-2-propanol) Weighted average:

0.78compared with butyl acetate

Relative density

Vapour density

Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane).

Weighted average: 8.76 (Air = 1)

The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of **Explosive properties** 

vapour or dust with air is possible.

**Oxidising properties** 

Particle characteristics

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

: Not applicable. Median particle size

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

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# Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name                | Result                          | Species | Dose        | Exposure |
|--|---------------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane  | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 23000 mg/kg | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 15000 mg/kg | -        |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched                | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 2.14 g/kg   | -        |
| •                                      | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 1300 mg/kg  | -        |
| xylene                                 | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 1.7 g/kg    | -        |
| •                                      | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 4.3 g/kg    | -        |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol                   | LC50 Inhalation Vapour          | Rat     | >7000 ppm   | 6 hours  |
| • • •                                  | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 13 g/kg     | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 5.2 g/kg    | -        |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 17100 mg/kg | -        |
| derivs.                                |                                 |         |             |          |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate)            | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat     | >5.7 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >5000 mg/kg | -        |
| maleic anhydride                       | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 2620 mg/kg  | -        |
| •                                      | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 400 mg/kg   | -        |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

# **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name               | Result                             | Species | Score | Exposure        | Observation |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane | Eyes - Mild irritant               | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours        | -           |
|                                       | Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae | Rabbit  | 0.4   | 24 hours        | -           |
|                                       | Skin - Oedema                      | Rabbit  | 0.5   | 4 hours         | -           |
|                                       | Skin - Erythema/Eschar             | Rabbit  | 8.0   | 4 hours         | -           |
|                                       | Skin - Mild irritant               | Rabbit  | -     | 4 hours         | -           |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched               | Skin - Erythema/Eschar             | Rabbit  | 4     | -               | -           |
| xylene                                | Skin - Moderate irritant           | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 mg | -           |

# **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

# **Sensitisation**

| Product/ingredient name  | Route of exposure | Species    | Result      |
|--|-------------------|------------|-------------|
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | skin              | Mouse      | Sensitising |
|  | skin              | Guinea pig | Sensitising |

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| xylene                  | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol    | Category 3 |                   | Narcotic effects             |

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure     | Target organs      |
|-------------------------|----------|-----------------------|--------------------|
|                         | - 5 )    | inhalation inhalation | respiratory system |

## **Aspiration hazard**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                         |  |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| xylene                  | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |  |

Information on likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

General

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low

Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Other information

: Not available.

Causes digestive tract burns. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

# 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name                        | Result                               | Species                       | Exposure |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane        | Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water      | Daphnia - daphnia<br>magna    | 48 hours |
|  | Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l                | Daphnia                       | 21 days  |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched                        | Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l                | Crustaceans - Moina macrocopa | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l                | Fish                          | 96 hours |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol                           | Acute LC50 23300 mg/l                | Daphnia                       | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l<br>Fresh water | Fish                          | 96 hours |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | LC50 >100 mg/l                       | Fish                          | 96 hours |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate)                    | Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l                | Fish                          | 96 hours |
| , , ,  | Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l              | Fish                          | 30 days  |

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

| Product/ingredient name               | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane | -                 | -          | Not readily      |
| xylene                                | -                 | -          | Readily          |

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name                        | LogPow | BCF         | Potential |
|--|--------|-------------|-----------|
|  | 5.4    | 251.19      | Low       |
| xylene   | 3.12   | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low       |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol                           | <1     | -           | Low       |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | 3.77   | -           | Low       |
| maleic anhydride                               | -2.78  | -           | Low       |

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

# 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

May cause endocrine disruption.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

# Hazardous waste : Yes. European waste catalogue (EWC)

| Waste code | Waste designation   |  |  |
|------------|---|--|--|
| 08 01 11*  | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |  |  |

## **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

| Type of packaging |          | European waste catalogue (EWC) |
|-------------------|----------|--------------------------------|
| Container         | 15 01 06 | mixed packaging                |

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Special precautions** 

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

|                                    | ADR/RID                        | IMDG                                       | IATA   |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number        | UN3470                         | UN3470                                     | UN3470   |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name       | PAINT, CORROSIVE,<br>FLAMMABLE | PAINT, CORROSIVE,<br>FLAMMABLE             | PAINT, CORROSIVE,<br>FLAMMABLE                                     |
| 14.3 Transport<br>hazard class(es) | 8 (3)                          | 8 (3)                                      | 8 (3)  |
| 14.4 Packing group                 | II                             | II   | II   |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards         | Yes.                           | Yes.                                       | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances        | Not applicable.                | vois-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane) | Not applicable.  |

#### Additional information

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

≤5 kg.

**Tunnel code** : (D/E)

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation **IATA** 

regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not applicable.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation** 

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

| Intrinsic property                              | Ingredient name  | Status    | Reference<br>number | Date of revision |
|---|--|-----------|---------------------|------------------|
| Endocrine disrupting properties for environment | 4-nonylphenol, branched and linear substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof | Candidate | ED/169/2012         | 12/19/2012       |

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Other national and international regulations.

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

Full text of abbreviated H statements

: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

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# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

: Acute Tox. 4
Aquatic Acute 1
Aquatic Chronic 1
Aquatic Chronic 2
Aquatic Chronic 3
Aquatic Chronic 3
ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3

Repr. 2

Resp. Sens. 1

Skin Corr. 1B

Skin Irrit. 2

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2

RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
Skin Sens. 1B SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B

STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 1

STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 2

STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

**EXPOSURE - Category 3** 

**History** 

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revision

Date of previous issue : 23 October 2023

Prepared by : EHS Version : 5.01

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