# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision 21 March 2024 Version 1

Section 1. Identif	fication
Product name	: PITT-THERM 909 HARDENER
Product code	: PT909-B/03
Other means of identification	: 00470466
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc. 1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4 Canada +1 450-655-3121</li> </ul>
	PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

## Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3</li> </ul>
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Product name PITT-THERM 909 HARDENER

### Section 2. Hazard identification

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

GHS label elements		Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>Suspected of causing genetic defects.</li> <li>May cause cancer.</li> <li>May damage fertility or the unborn child.</li> <li>Causes damage to organs. (thymus)</li> <li>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs, immune system)</li> <li>Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	1	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 10.2% (oral), 10.2% (dermal), 10.2% (inhalation)

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: PITT-THERM 909 HARDENER
Other means of identification	: 00470466

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
xylene	Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylol; Benzene, dimethyl-, mixed isomers; xylene, mixed isomers, pure; xylene, crude; Benzene, dimethyl-,; Xylene (mixed); xylene (total); Xylenes; Dimethylbenzene; XYLENES (Isomer Mixture)	30 - 60*	1330-20-7
acetone	propan-2-one; propanone; 2-Propanone; Ketone propane; Dimethyl ketone; β- ketonepropane; acetonum; dimethylketone; methyl ketone; propanone; pyroacetic acid; pyroacetic ether; dimethylformaldehyde; methyl ketone; Acetone (I); 2-Propanone (I); DIMETHYLFORMALDEHYDE; 2-OXOPROPANE	15 - 40	67-64-1
ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl orchloropropyloxycarbonyl) benzene	5 - 10*	100-41-4
titanium tetrabutanolate	1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt (4:1); 1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt; Tetrabutyltitanate; Titanium tetrabutoxide; 1-Butanol, titanium (IV) salt; titanium(4+) tetrabutan-1-olate; Titanic acid, tetrabutyl ester; Butyl titanate; Tetra-n- butoxytitanium; Tetraalkyl (C12-18) titanate polymer (n1-10); Titanium tetraalkoxide (C2-18)	0.5 - 1.5*	5593-70-4
dibutyltin di(acetate)	Acetic acid, 1,1'-(dibutylstannylene) ester; Stannane, bis(acetyloxy)dibutyl-; Dibutyltin diacetate; Stannane, diacetoxydibutyl-; bis(Acetyloxy) dibutylstannane; Dibutyltin di [aliphatic monocarboxylate (C2-31)]; Dibytyltin diacetate; TIN DIACETATE, DIBUTYL; di- n-butyl tin diacetate; Acetic acid, esters, 1,1'-(dibutylstannylene) ester	0.5 - 1.5*	1067-33-0
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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

		•	
toluene	Benzene, methyl-; Methylbenzene; Toluol; Phenyl methane; Methyl benzol; toluene, pure; preparation consisting of: — 80 % or more but not more than 90 % by weight of (S)-hydroxy-3-phenoxy- benzeneacetonitrile (CAS RN 61826-76-4) and — 10 % or more but not more than 20 % by weight of toluene (CAS RN108-88-3); toluene, crude; preparation containing by weight: — 15 % or more but not more than 60 % of styrene butadiene copolymers or styrene isoprene copolymers and — 10 % or more but not more than 30 % of pinene polymers or pentadiene copolymers dissolved in: — methyl ethyl ketone (CAS RN 78-93-3) — heptane (CAS RN 142-82-5), and — toluene (CAS RN 108-88-3) or light aliphatic solvent naphta (CAS RN 64742-89-8); methacide; Cuminyl alcohol	0.1 - 1*	108-88-3
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	alpha-quartz; Silica, crystalline (quartz); Silica, Crystalline Quartz; SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; Silica- Crystalline, Quartz; Silica - Crystalline Quartz; Silica-Crystalline : Quartz; Silica, crystalline - quartz	0.1 - 1*	14808-60-7

\*Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Section 4. First-aid measures Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin contact : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Ingestion : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. **Over-exposure signs/symptoms** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eye contact pain or irritation watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. Specific treatments : No specific treatment. **Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	-	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for
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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Dimethylbenzene (o,m & p isomers)] OEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)] STEV: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Xylene (o, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). OEL: 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</b> OEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

toluene       hours.         CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, G         Absorbed through skin.         OEL: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours.         OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.         CA British Columbia Provincial (         6/2022).         TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.         CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 0         TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.         CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 0         TWAE: 20 ppm 8 hours.         CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 1         TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.         CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 1         TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.         CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 1         TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.         CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 1         TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.         CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 1         TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.         CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 1         TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.         STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.         TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.         CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6         G(2022). [Silica, Crystalline - alph         and Cristobalite Respirable]         TWA: 0.025 mg/m 8 hours. Form         Respirable         CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6         [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripo <th></th>	
toluene CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, G Absorbed through skin. OEL: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial ( 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, G TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, G TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Ca 7/2013). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	na quartz n: 6/2019).
	Canada, 6/2019). 6/2022). anada,
[Tin Organic compounds as Sn]         Absorbed through skin.         OEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 minu         OEL: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.         CA British Columbia Provincial (         6/2022). [Tin - Organic compound         Absorbed through skin.         STEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 min         TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 min         TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 min         TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 min         TWAEV: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 min         TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 min         TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 min         TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours         CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 0         [Tin (Organic compounds) as Sn         Absorbed through skin.         STEV: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours         CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 0         [Tin (Organic compounds) as Sn         Absorbed through skin.         TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (measured as 3         minutes.         TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (measured as 3         minutes.         TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (measured as 3	tes. (Canada, ds as Sn] utes. (6/2022). (bed utes. urs. 6/2019). (5) (5) (2019). (1) (5) (1) (5) (1) (5) (6) (1) (5) (6) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, C         TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.         CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, C         TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.         CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, C         7/2013).         STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.         TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.         Vitanium tetrabutanolate         dibutyltin di(acetate)         CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, C	5/2018).

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Silica Crystalline -Quartz] TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). OEL: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>	
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Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance			
Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Color	4	Beige.	
Odor	1	Aromatic.	
Odor threshold	1	Not available.	
рН	4	Not applicable.	
Melting point	4	Not available.	
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	4	Closed cup: -3°C (26.6°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.	
Flammability	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.	
Vapor density	1	Not available.	
Relative density	1	0.88	
Density(Ibs / gal)	1	7.34	
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result
		cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)):	>21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	:	93% (v/v), 88.112% (w/w)	
% Solid. (w/w)	:	11.888	
Santian 10 Stabili	4.	and reactivity	

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. **Chemical stability** : The product is stable. Possibility of hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. reactions

Product name PITT-THERM 909 HARDENER

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Section 11. Toxico	olo	ogical information
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

## Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	76000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
titanium tetrabutanolate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3122 mg/kg	-
dibutyltin di(acetate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2318 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Commons					-

<u>Conclusion/Summary</u>	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Classification</b>	

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
xylene ethylbenzene toluene crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	- - - +	3 2B 3 1	- - - Known to be a human carcinogen.

**Carcinogen Classification code:** 

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
acetone dibutyltin di(acetate)	Category 3 Category 1	- oral	Narcotic effects thymus
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2		hearing organs
dibutyltin di(acetate)	Category 1		immune system
toluene	Category 2		-

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Target organs Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, bladder, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation
	watering
	redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
	nausea or vomiting headache
	drowsiness/fatigue
	dizziness/vertigo
	unconsciousness
	reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation
	redness
	dryness cracking
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product co
	allies which can acuse lung cancer or allies in. The risk of cancer

product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

## Section 11. Toxicological information

	-	
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ts</u>	
General	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.	
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	Suspected of causing genetic defects.	
Reproductive toxicity	May damage fertility or the unborn child.	

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
PITT-THERM 909 HARDENER	6360.6	3097.8	N/A	18.4	2.4
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
acetone	5800	15800	N/A	76	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
titanium tetrabutanolate	3122	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
dibutyltin di(acetate)	N/A	2318	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Acartia tonsa</i> - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5540 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
dibutyltin di(acetate)	Acute EC10 3.1 mg/l Acute EC50 0.5 mg/l	Fish Algae	72 hours 72 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
acetone ethylbenzene	-	90.9 % - Readily - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

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## Section 12. Ecological information

Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
- - -	- - - -	Readily Readily Readily Not readily Readily
	Aquatic half-life	Aquatic half-lifePhotolysis

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
acetone	-0.23	3	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil. waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### TDG IMDG IATA **UN number** UN1263 UN1263 UN1263 **UN proper shipping** PAINT PAINT PAINT name **Transport hazard class** 3 3 3 (es) **Packing group** Ш Ш Ш

### Section 14. Transport information

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Product name PITT-THERM 909 HARDENER

### Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No	.	No.	No.	
Marine pollutant substances	Not appli	cable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	
Additional information					
TDG : None	e identified.				
IMDG : Non	e identified.				
IATA : Non	: None identified.				
	upright a			the product know what to do ir	
Transport in bulk accord to IMO instruments	ling : Not appl	icable.			
Proof of classification: Product classifiedstatementGoods Regulation			the following sections of the 3-2.19 (Class 3).	Transportation of Dangerous	

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **National Inventory List**

Canada inventory (DSL)

: All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 \* Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0

#### (\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 Flammabil	ity : 3 Instability : 0	
Date of issue/Date of revision	21 March 2024	
Organization that prepared : the SDS	EHS	
Key to abbreviations :	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 19 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> </ul>	

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### Section 16. Other information

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.