SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 21 March 2024 Version 11.01

Section 1. Identification			
Product code	: 00188976		
Product name	: SIGMAGLIDE 790 HARDENER		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.		
Supplier's details	: PPG Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803. Tel +65 68653737		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)		

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms : Signal word : Danger

Product name SIGMAGLIDE 790 HARDENER

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	:	Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Toxic if inhaled. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs. (thymus) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (immune system) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not	:	Causes digestive tract burns.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: Mixture

Substance/mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

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CAS number	: Not applicable.
EC number	: Mixture.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
dibutyltin di(acetate) 1,1,3,3-Disiloxanetetrol, 1,3-diethyl-, tetraacetate	50 - 100 3 - <5 1 - <3 0.1 - <0.3	17689-77-9 1067-33-0 122842-90-4 108-24-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important sympt	oms/effects, acute and delayed			
Potential acute health	<u>n effects</u>			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.			
Inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled.			
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
Ingestion	 Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. 			
Over-exposure signs	/symptoms			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness			
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Indication of immediat	Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 			
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.			

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Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name			Exposure limits		
dībutyltin di(acetate) acetic anhydride			Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). [Tin, organic compounds as Sn] PEL (short term): 0.2 mg/m ³ , (Sn) 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 0.1 mg/m ³ , (Sn) 8 hours. Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 5 ppm 8 hours. PEL (long term): 21 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
Recommended monitoring procedures	:		riate monitoring standards. Reference to nods for the determination of hazardous		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use ventilation or other engineering controcontaminants below any recommended	ls to keep worker exposure to airborne		
Environmental exposure controls	:	they comply with the requirements of e cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engin	missions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure ley comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some ases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process quipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>				
 Hygiene measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated cloc Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safet showers are close to the workstation location. 			y and at the end of the working period. In the to remove potentially contaminated clothing. In the allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety		
Eye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles and face shi	ield.		
Skin protection					
Hand protection	:	be worn at all times when handling ch this is necessary. Considering the par check during use that the gloves are s should be noted that the time to break	s complying with an approved standard should emical products if a risk assessment indicates rameters specified by the glove manufacturer, still retaining their protective properties. It athrough for any glove material may be rers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of the gloves cannot be accurately		
Gloves	:	nitrile neoprene			
Body protection	:		body should be selected based on the task d and should be approved by a specialist		

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance					
Physical state	:	Liquid.			
Odor	:	Characteristic.			
рН	:	insoluble in water	r.		
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°	F)		
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 109°	°C (228.2°F)		
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	liquid			
Vapor pressure	:	Highest known value: 0.1 kPa (0.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (triacetoxyethylsilane). Weighted average: 0.1 kPa (0.75 mm Hg) (at 20°C)			
Relative density	1	1.15			
Bulk Density (g/cm³)	:	1.18			
Solubility/ios)		Media	Result		
Solubility(ies)		cold water	Not soluble		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	: 480°C			
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C	(104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient n	ame	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
friacetoxyethylsilane dibutyltin di(acetate) acetic anhydride		LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat Rat Rabbit Rat	1.462 g/kg 2318 mg/kg 4176 mg/m ³ 1000 ppm 4 g/kg 1.78 g/kg	- - 4 hours 4 hours - -
Conclusion/Summary	: T	here are no data available o	n the mixture itself.		
Irritation/Corrosion					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: 1	here are no data available o	n the mixture itself.		
Eyes	: 1	here are no data available o	n the mixture itself.		
Respiratory	: 1	here are no data available o	n the mixture itself.		
Sensitization					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: 1	here are no data available or	n the mixture itself.		
Respiratory	: T	here are no data available o	n the mixture itself.		
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available c	on the mixture itself.		
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available c	on the mixture itself.		
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available c	on the mixture itself.		
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available c	on the mixture itself.		
Specific target organ t	<u>oxicity</u>	<u>(single exposure)</u>			
Name			Category	Route of	Target organs

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
dibutyltin di(acetate) acetic anhydride	Category 1 Category 3	oral -	thymus Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
dībutyltin di(acetate)	Category 1	-	immune system

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	is in the second s
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential chronic health e	iffects
General	 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øral	1444.19 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	7.66 mg/l

Other information

Causes digestive tract burns.

Section 12. Ecological information

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Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dībutyltin di(acetate)	Acute EC10 3.1 mg/l Acute EC50 0.5 mg/l	Fish Algae	72 hours 72 hours
0	There are used at a second second		· · · · ·

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
díbutyltin di(acetate)	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
acetic anhydride	-0.577	3.16	Low

Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8
Packing group	I	II	I
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dibutyltin di(acetate))	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
IATA	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

International regulations Montreal Protocol Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 21 March 2024
Date of previous issue	: 11/29/2023
Version	: 11.01
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.