SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision 29 March 2024 Version 3

Section 1. Identit	fication
Product name	: SL60 JS JOINT SEALANT SAFETY YELLOW 1237 - B
Product code	: 00465181
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Industrial applications, Professional applications.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier	 PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc. 1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4 Canada +1 450-655-3121
	PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the	: CUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
substance or mixture	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen
	Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized
	as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are
	bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound
	particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the
	coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the
	duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal

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Section 2. Hazard identification

	protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Farmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statemen	<u>ts</u>
Prevention	: Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Emits toxic fumes when heated.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity:

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicit 2.1% (oral), 12% (dermal), 94.3% (inhalation)

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	:
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000)	Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha hydroomegahydroxy-; Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α-hydro-ω-hydroxy-; Polypropylene glycol; α-hydro-ω- hydroxypoly(oxypropylene); PPO; polymethyloxirane; polyoxypropylene; polypropylene glycol; poly[oxy(methane- 1,2-ethanediyl)]; propylene glycol polyol;	60 - 80*	25322-69-4
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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	poly(1,2-epoxypropane); polypropylene oxide polyols; PO polyols; poly(propylene oxyde); poly(propene oxide); poly (oxypropylene); α-hydro-ω-hydroxypoly [oxy(methane-1,2-ethanediyl)]; Laprol 702; Polypropylene glycol 150		
4,4'-methylenebis[N-sec-butylaniline]	Benzenamine, 4,4'-methylenebis[N- (1-methylpropyl)-; 4,4'-Bis(sec-butylamino) diphenylmethane; N,N'-di-sec-butyl-4,4'- methylenedianiline; 4,4'-Methylenebis N- (1-methylpropyl)benzenamine; Benzenamine, 4,4'-methylenebis[N- (1-methylpropyl-; 4, 4'-Bis (sec- butylamino) diphenyl-methane; 4,4'- Methylenebis[N-(1-methylpropyl) benzenamine]; ANILINE, 4,4'- METHYLENE BIS [N- (1-METHYLPROPYL)-; N-(butan-2-yl)-4- ({4-[(butan-2-yl) amino]phenyl}methyl) aniline	5 - 10*	5285-60-9
diethylmethylbenzenediamine	Benzenediamine, ar,ar-diethyl-ar-methyl-; 3,5-diethyl-(2,4- or 2,6-)toluenediamine; mixture of isomers of 3,5-diethyltoluenediamine; Diethyltoluenediamine; ar,ar-Diethyl-ar- methylbenzenediamine; TOLUENE, DIAMINE-, DIETHYL-; ar,ar-Diethyl-ar- methylphenylenediamine	5 - 10*	68479-98-1
Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1)	Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1); Glycerol, propylene oxide, ethylene oxide polymer; Glycerol, ethylene oxide, propylene oxide polymer; Glycerol poly (oxyethylene, oxypropylene) ether; 1,2,3-Propanetriol, polymer with methyloxirane and oxirane; Polyglycol 112-2; Polyglycol 15-200; methyl oxirane polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol; poly(propyleneoxy/ ethyleneoxy)glycerol; Propylene oxide, ethylene oxide, glycerol adduct; Methyloxirane polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1)	1 - 5*	9082-00-2
titanium dioxide	Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); CI 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 µm or more but not more	0.5 - 1.5*	13463-67-7

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	J		
	dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 18282- 10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00		
dibutyltin dilaurate	dibutyl[bis(dodecanoyloxy)] stannane; Dodecanoic acid, 1,1'-(dibutylstannylene) ester; Stannane, dibutylbis[(1-oxododecyl) oxy]-; Dibutyltin didodecanoate; Stannane, dibutylbis(lauroyloxy)-; Dibutylbis[(1-oxododecyl)oxy]stannane; Dibutylbis (lauroyloxy)tin; Dibutylbis((1-oxododecyl)- oxy) stannane; Ditin butyl dilaurate; Stannane, dibutyl bis((1-oxododecyl)oxy)-; Dibutyltin di [aliphatic monocarboxylate (C2-31)]	0.1 - 1*	77-58-7

*Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effectsEye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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Section 4. First-aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Fromptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Vise an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	<u>nt</u>	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures :	✓ut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions :	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	ating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this ma andled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face be ating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protect quipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional formation on hygiene measures.	fore ive
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	tore between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store is ccordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected frounlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible massee Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tig nd sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be seealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled c lse appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.	om direct aterials htly closed e carefully

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
✓ Fropane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000)	None.
4,4'-methylenebis[N-sec-butylaniline]	None.
diethylmethylbenzenediamine	None.
Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1)	None.
titanium dioxide	 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Titanium dioxide] TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Skin sensitizer. OEL: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: total dust
dibutyltin dilaurate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Tin Organic compounds as Sn] Absorbed through skin. OEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes. OEL: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Tin - Organic compounds as Sn] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Tin Organic compounds] Absorbed through skin.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEV: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 minutes.
TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
[Tin (Organic compounds) as Sn]
Absorbed through skin.
TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
7/2013). [Tin organic compounds as Sn]
Absorbed through skin.
STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (measured as Sn) 15
minutes.
TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (measured as Sn) 8
hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	F user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>es</u>	
Hvgiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates

	this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: nitrile rubber

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance			
Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Color	4	Various	
Odor	1	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	:	Not available.	
рН	÷	Not applicable.	
Melting point	4	Not available.	
Boiling point	4	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	1	C losed cup: 100°C (212°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.	
Flammability	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.02	
Density(lbs / gal)	:	8.51	
Solubility(ies)		Media F	Result
Solubility(les)	ľ	cold water N	lot soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >2	1 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	:	Ø% (v/v), 0.03% (w/w)	
% Solid. (w/w)	:	99.97	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
	-	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	t			Species	Dose	Exposure
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000)	LD50 I	Dermal			Rabbit	>10000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 (Oral			Rat	1000 mg/kg	-
4,4'-methylenebis[N-sec- butylaniline]	LD50 (Oral			Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
diethylmethylbenzenediamine					Rat	472 mg/kg	-
Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1)		Dermal			Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 (Rat	>10 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide			Dusts and		Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
		Dermal			Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
dibututin dilaurata	LD50 (Rat	>5000 mg/kg 2071 mg/kg	-
dibutyltin dilaurate					Rat	0.0	-
Conclusion/Summary	: The	re are no o	data availat	ble on t	the mixture itse	lf.	
rritation/Corrosion							
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: The	re are no o	data availat	ble on t	the mixture itse	lf.	
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
<u>Sensitization</u>							
Skin	: The	re are no o	data availat	ble on t	the mixture itse	lf.	
Respiratory	: The	re are no o	data availat	ble on t	the mixture itse	lf.	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>							
Conclusion/Summary	: The	re are no o	data availat	ble on t	the mixture itse	lf.	
Carcinogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: The	re are no o	data availat	ble on t	the mixture itse	lf.	
<u>Classification</u>							
Product/ingredient name		OSHA	IARC	NTP			
titanium dioxide		-	2B	-			
				I			

Carcinogen Classification code:

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IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: +	
Not listed/not regulated: -	

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
dibutyltin dilaurate	Category 1	-	thymus

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2	-	-
	Category 1	oral	immune system

Target organs

: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper respiratory tract.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>cts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure			
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.			
<u>Short term exposure</u>					
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>			
General	:	- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.			
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.			
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Reproductive toxicity	:	May damage fertility or the unborn child.			
Numerical measures of toxic	<u>ity:</u>				
Acute toxicity estimates					
Product/ingradiant name		Oral (mg/ Dormal Inhalation Inhalation			

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SL60 JS JOINT SEALANT SAFETY YELLOW 1237 - B	979.8	12372.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000)	1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4,4'-methylenebis[N-sec-butylaniline]	1400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
diethylmethylbenzenediamine	472	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1)	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
dibutyltin dilaurate	2071	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000)	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 0.5 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water EC50 0.463 mg/l	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Daphnia	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
diethylmethylbenzenediamine	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name LogPow		BCF	Potential
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000)	-0.68 to 0.01	-	Low
diethylmethylbenzenediamine dibutyltin dilaurate	14.7 4.44	-	High High

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty
	containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
	(diethylmethylbenzenediamine)	(diethylmethylbenzenediamine)	(diethylmethylbenzenediamine)
Transport hazard class (es)	9	9	9
Packing group	III	III	Ш
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Marine pollutant substances	(diethylmethylbenzenediamine)	(diethylmethylbenzenediamine)	Not applicable.

Additional information

TDG	:	Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as dangerous goods when transported by road or rail.
IMDG	1	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
ΙΑΤΑ	-	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.
Special precautio	ons	s for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk to IMO instrumen		• • • •
Proof of classific statement	ati	ion : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

Section 15. Regulatory information

National Inventory List

Canada inventory (DSL)

: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

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Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)
Health : 3 ▼* Flammability : ✓ Physical hazards :
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(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

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The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Section 16. Other information

Health : 3 Flamma	ibility : 📝 Instability : 0
Date of issue/Date of revision	29 March 2024
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.