# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIGMADUR 550H BASE WHITE 7000



### Date of issue 10 April 2024

Version 4

## **1. Product and company identification**

Product name	: SIGMADUR 550H BASE WHITE 7000
Product code	: 00444685
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777

## 2. Hazards identification

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GHS Classification	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 2 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 2</li> </ul>
GHS label elements	

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Danger</li> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer.</li> </ul>
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### 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements		
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautio have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing a eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flam and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. D breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.	and nes
Response	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get m advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minut Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irri persists: Get medical advice or attention.	with iedical tes.
Storage	Store locked up.	
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, natior and international regulations.	nal
Other hazards which do not result in classification	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
Manium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	20 - <25	13463-67-7	1-558; 5-5225
Talc containing no asbestos or quartz	10 - <12.5	14807-96-6	Not available.
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	7 - <10	64742-95-6	Not available.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	5 - <7	64742-95-6	Not available.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3 - <5	95-63-6	3-3427; 3-7
Butyl acetate	3 - <5	123-86-4	2-731
Xylene	3 - <5	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
zinc phosphate	1 - <2	7779-90-0	1-1181; 1-526
3-ethyltoluene	1 - <2	620-14-4	3-15
Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,6-hexanediylbis	0.5 - <1	55349-01-4	2-3055
[12-hydroxy-			
Ethylbenzene	0.5 - <1	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
tert-Butanol	0.2 - <0.5	75-65-0	2-3049
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7	5-5501
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	0.1 - <0.2	7631-86-9	1-548

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### 4. First aid measures

<b>Description of necess</b>	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Caus skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.	ses
Ingestion	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Indication of immediate med	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. I is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
·	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	<u>ntainment and cleaning up</u>

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and<br/>explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.<br/>Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an<br/>appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal<br/>contractor.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
ralc containing no asbestos or quartz	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). [Class 1 dusts (Activated charcoal, Alumina, Aluminium, Bentonite, Diatomite, Graphite, Kaolinite, Pagodite, Pyrites, Pyrite cinder, Talc)] OEL-M: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust) OEL-M: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 1 Dust)	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). OEL-M: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 25 ppm 8 hours.	
Butyl acetate	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022).	
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### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

estimated.

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		EL-M: 475 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
		EL-M: 100 ppm 8 hours.	
		ustrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,	
		<b>)20).</b>	
Notes a		VA: 150 ppm 8 hours.	
Xylene		ustrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,	
		)20). [xylene]	
		VA: 50 ppm 8 hours. an Society for Occupational Health	
		pan, 9/2022).	
		EL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
		EL-M: 217 mg/m <sup><math>3</math></sup> 8 hours.	
Ethylbenzene		an Society for Occupational Health	
,		oan, 9/2022). Absorbed through skin.	
		EL-M: 87 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
		EL-M: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
		ustrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,	
		020).	
		VA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
tert-Butanol		an Society for Occupational Health	
	· ·	ban, 9/2022).	
		EL-M: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. EL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
	: Reference should be made to appropriate m		
procedures	national guidance documents for methods for	or the determination of hazardous	
	substances will also be required.		
Appropriate engineering	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use pro-	coss onclosures, local exhaust ventilation	
controls	or other engineering controls to keep worker		
Controlo	below any recommended or statutory limits.		
	keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below		
	explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	-	
Environmental exposure	tal exposure : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure		
controls	ontrols they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In se		
	cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering		
	will be necessary to reduce emissions to acc	will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measu			
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly		
	eating, smoking and using the lavatory and a Appropriate techniques should be used to re		
	Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.		
	safety showers are close to the workstation l		
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.		
	· Chemical splash goggies.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves comp		
	be worn at all times when handling chemical		
	this is necessary. Considering the parameter check during use that the gloves are still retar		
	should be noted that the time to breakthroug		
	different for different glove manufacturers.		
	several substances, the protection time of th		
	estimated	J	

8. Exposure cor	ntrols/personal protection
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: Chloroprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® May be used: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 36°C (	96.8°F)	
Relative density	: 1.48		
	Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble	

10. Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides	

### 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Manium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
zinc phosphate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
tert-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	14100 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2733 mg/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
₩ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

# 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc containing no asbestos or quartz	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
tert-Butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Talc containing no asbestos or quartz	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), respiratory organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
zinc phosphate	Category 1	-	blood system
Ethylbenzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys, respiratory organs

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3-ethyltoluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

### 11. Toxicological information

### Ingestion

: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

	<b>Acute</b>	toxicity	estimates
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Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
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11.	Toxic	ological	information	

II. Toxicological information					
GMADUR 550H BASE WHITE 7000	N/A	10282.5	N/A	93.3	N/A
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	8400	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	N/A
Butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
tert-Butanol	2733	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### **12. Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
inanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc phosphate	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
5	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Acute EC50 2.2 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 >10000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	-	78 % - 28 0	days	-		-
Butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Rea	idily - 28 days	-		-
Ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	idily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	)	Photolysis		Biodeg	<b>Jradability</b>
ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	-		-		Readily	/
Butyl acetate Xylene	-		-		Readily Readily	/
Ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily	/

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### Product name SIGMADUR 550H BASE WHITE 7000

# 12. Ecological information

<b>Bioaccumu</b>	lative	potential
		-

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
₩ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	3.7 to 4.5	10 to 2500	High
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
3-ethyltoluene	3.98	-	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
tert-Butanol	0.317	5.01	Low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III		III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5$ L or $\leq 5$ kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special pred	cautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### **15. Regulatory information**

#### Fire Service Law

Categor	y Substance	name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Categor	VIV Class II pet	roleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

#### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
Trimethylbenzene	5.3		691
	3.5		80
Trizinc bis(phosphate)	1.9	Class 2	793

#### **Industrial Safety and Health Act**

### Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

None of the components are listed.

#### Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Titanium(IV) oxide	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	191
Petroleum naphtha	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	330
Butyl acetate	≤10	Listed	181
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2

**Chemicals requiring notification** 

# 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Titanium(IV) oxide	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	191
Petroleum naphtha	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	330
Butyl acetate	≤10	Listed	181
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2

Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

#### <u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable, Combustible
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable, Combustible
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

### **Poisonous and Deleterious Substances**

None of the components are listed.

### **Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	49
Xylene	≤10	Priority assessment	125
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	201
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
Cumene	≤10	Priority assessment	126
2-Butoxyethanol	≤10	Priority assessment	109
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
Cyclohexanone	≤10	Priority assessment	131
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45
Naphthalene	≤10	Priority assessment	76
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl-	≤10	Monitoring	40
1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane			
		Japan	Page: 14/1

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15. Regulatory inf	ormation				
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylpher Acetaldehyde Formaldehyde Ethylene oxide	וסר	≤10 ≤10 ≤10 ≤10	Priority assessment Priority assessment Priority assessment Priority assessment	25 19	
1,4-Dioxane Chloromethane		≤10 ≤10	Priority assessment Priority assessment	80 6	
High Pressure Gas Control Law	: Not available.		I		
Explosives Control Law None of the components are	listed				
Law concerning prevention of pollution of the ocean	: Not available.				
Maritime Safety Law Notification Regulating Tran None of the components are Container class None of the components are	listed.	laterials by S	<u>Sea</u>		
JSOH Carcinogen	: Øroup 2B				
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed				
Japan inventory	: At least one component	is not listed.			
Road law	: Not available.				
16. Other informa	tion				
History					
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10 April 2024				
Date of previous issue	: 10/28/2023				
Version	: 4				
Prepared by	: EHS				
Key to abbreviations	Goods by Inland Waterwa	ау	g the International Carriage cerning the International Carr	-	

Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

### 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.