SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 15 April 2024 Version 2.03

Section 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product code	: 00468778
Product name	: PPG NEXEON 810 REDBROWN
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.	
Supplier's details	: PPG Coatings (Thailand) Co., Ltd. 15 Rama 9 Road, Kwaeng Huamark, Khet Bangkapi, Bangkok 10240 Thailand T: 662-319-4190 #224 F: 662-319-4189	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC 001-800-13-203-9987 (CCN 17704)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
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Section 2. Hazards identification

	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 22.1%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 33.8%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 51.1%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 51.1%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Fatal if inhaled. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central
	nervous system (CNS), hearing organs) Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statemen	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Product name PPG NEXEON 810 REDBROWN

Section 2. Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. **result in classification**

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
<mark>b∕a</mark> rium sulfate	20- <25	7727-43-7
ethylbenzene	10- <20	100-41-4
xylene	5- <10	1330-20-7
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5- <10	107-98-2
pyrithione zinc	5- <10	13463-41-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	5- <10	14807-96-6
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-	3 - <5	122454-29-9
medetomidine	<0.1	86347-14-0

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention. 	
	In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact.	
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.	
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
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Section 4. First aid measures		
Inhalation	: Fatal if inhaled.	
Skin contact	 May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. 	
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.	
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017). [barium sulfate] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable		
xylene 1-methoxy-2-propanol Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres Recommended monitoring procedures Reference should be made to national guidance documents	[barium sulfate]		
1-methoxy-2-propanol Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to procedures : Reference should be made to	Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres Recommended monitoring procedures Reference should be made to national guidance documents	Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017). [xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to national guidance documents	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 184 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.		
procedures national guidance documents	Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust		
	appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to for methods for the determination of hazardous ed.		
controls ventilation or other engineering contaminants below any recon	ation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust g controls to keep worker exposure to airborne nmended or statutory limits. The engineering contro or dust concentrations below any lower explosive entilation equipment.		
controls they comply with the requiremed cases, fume scrubbers, filters	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensu they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In som cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
ndividual protection measures			
eating, smoking and using the Appropriate techniques should	ce thoroughly after handling chemical products, befo lavatory and at the end of the working period. d be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and e workstation location.		
Eye protection : Chemical splash goggles and			
Skin protection			

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Not recommended: nitrile rubber Recommended: butyl rubber, neoprene, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	 May start to solidify at the following temperature: -94.9°C (-138.8°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: ethylbenzene. Weighted average: -95.19°C (-139.3°F)
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 26°C (78.8°F)
Evaporation rate	: Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.81compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	: liquid
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.48% Upper: 13.74% (1-methoxy-2-propanol)

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure	:	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 1.07 kPa (8.03 mm Hg) (at 20°C)		
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 3.55 (Air = 1)		
Relative density	:	1.46		
		Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	Ċ	cold water	Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).		
Decomposition temperature	1	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).		
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	 Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
parium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-

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Section 11. Toxicological information

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	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
pyrithione zinc	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.14 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	177 mg/kg	-
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2- (4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	<0.25 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	520 to 750 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	28.7 mg/kg	-
medetomidine	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.14 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>31.25 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
pyrithione zinc	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	4	mg 24 hours	24 hours
Conclusion/Summary			·		

<u>Conclusion/Summary</u>				
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Sensitization				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Mutagenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Teratogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)				

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene 1-methoxy-2-propanol Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres medetomidine	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 1 Category 3	- - -	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation eyes Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
pyrithione zinc	Category 1	-	-
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl) -5-(trifluoromethyl)-	Category 1	oral	central nervous system (CNS)
	Category 2	inhalation	
medetomidine	Category 1	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects	2	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	Fatal if inhaled.
Skin contact	:	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate	effects and also chronic effects from short and long

Delayed and immediate effe	so chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	vailable.	
Potential delayed effects	vailable.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	vailable.	
Potential delayed effects	vailable.	
Potential chronic health eff		
General	ause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure eated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking an atitis.	
Carcinogenicity	own significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	own significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	lamage fertility or the unborn child.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

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Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	425.35 mg/kg
Dermal Inhalation (vapors)	2081.25 mg/kg 30.83 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	0.33 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
pyrithione zinc	Acute EC50 5.513 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0082 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.889 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.0027 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile,	Acute EC50 0.012 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl) -5-(trifluoromethyl)-			
	Acute LC50 0.0015 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0013 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.00073 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.0002 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.00017 mg/l	Fish	33 days
medetomidine	Acute EC50 0.65 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus	72 hours
		subspicatus	
	Acute EC50 4.5 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 30 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.001 mg/l	Fish - Cypridon variegatus	28 days

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene pyrithione zinc	-	79 % - Read 39 % - 28 da		-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	e no data available	on the mixture it	self.	·
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half	-life	Photoly	sis	Biodegradability
ethylbenzene xylene pyrithione zinc medetomidine	- - -		- - 50%; < 2 -	8 day(s)	Readily Readily Not readily Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
pyrithione zinc	0.9	0.9	Low
medetomidine	2.9	-	Low

Mobility in soil

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Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1992	UN1992	UN1992
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
	(ethylbenzene, pyrithione zinc)	(ethylbenzene, pyrithione zinc)	(ethylbenzene, pyrithione zinc)
Transport hazard class(es)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(pyrithione zinc)	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	 The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

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Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Harmful Chemicals List

: Listed

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

History

<u>Instory</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 15 April 2024
Date of previous issue	: 12/10/2023
Version	: 2.03
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
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✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.