SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 22 April 2024

Version 2.02

Section 1. Product and company identification

| Product name | 1 |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Product code | 1 |
| Other means of identification | 1 |
| Product type | : |

- SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE OFFWHITE 000001189750
- : 00446820
 - Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

| Uses advised against | Reason |
|----------------------|--------|
| Not applicable. | |

| Supplier's details: | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Supplier | PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu Sumare / SP, Brasil 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria) |
| Email address: | : HazComLatam@ppg.com |
| Emergency telephone number | : 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the substance or mixture | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 |
|--|--|
| Target organs | Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea. Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 45.5% |

| English (US) Brazil | 1/15 |
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|---------------------|------|

Section 2. Hazards identification

| GHS label elements Hazard pictograms | : | |
|---|---|---|
| Signal word | : | Warning |
| Hazard statements | : | Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Precautionary statements | | |
| Prevention | : | Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. |
| Response | : | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage | : | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. |
| Disposal | : | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : | Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Other means of identification | : 00446820 |

| CAS number | : Not applicable. |
|------------|-------------------|
|------------|-------------------|

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|------------|-------------|
| s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane | 20 - <30 | 1675-54-3 |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | 12.5 - <15 | 14807-96-6 |
| titanium dioxide | 10 - <12.5 | 13463-67-7 |
| barium sulfate | 5 - <7 | 7727-43-7 |
| xylene | 3 - <5 | 1330-20-7 |
| Époxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>3 - <5</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<> | 3 - <5 | 25036-25-3 |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated | 3 - <5 | 68512-30-1 |
| aluminium oxide | 3 - <5 | 1344-28-1 |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 2 - <3 | 78-83-1 |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | 2 - <3 | 68609-97-2 |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with | 1 - <2 | 220926-97-6 |
| 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | | |
| ethylbenzene | 0.5 - <1 | 100-41-4 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. |
|---|---|
| Inhalation | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| Skin contact | : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. |
| Ingestion | : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. |
| Indication of immediate me | dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician Specific treatments | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |
| Potential acute health effect | t <u>s</u> |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|---|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

contractor.

| For non-emergency personnel | | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any |
|--------------------------------|----|--|
| | | information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. |
| Methods and materials for co | on | tainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal |

English (US)

| Brazil | | |
|--------|--|--|
| | | |

Section 6. Accidental release measures Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe : handling | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|---|
| Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities | Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|--|--|
| ✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). |
| titanium dioxide | TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). |
| | TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles |
| barium sulfate | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). |
| | TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction |
| xylene | Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil, |
| | |
| | English (US) Brazil 5/15 |

| Code 000001189750 Product name SIGMASHIE | Date of issue LD 880 BASE OFFWHITE | 22 April 2024 | Version | 2.02 |
|---|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| Section 8. Exposu | re controls/personal p | protection | | |
| aluminium oxide | | 11/2001). [Xylene TWA: 340 mg/m TWA: 78 ppm 8 ACGIH TLV (Unit TWA: 3 mg/m ³ F ACGIH TLV (Unit [Aluminum, meta compounds] | ³ 8 hours. hours. ted States). form: Respirable ted States, 1/20 | e 23). |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | | TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 fraction ACGIH TLV (Unit TWA: 10 mg/m ³ Ministry of Labor 11/2001). TWA: 115 mg/m | ed States, 1/20 8 hours. r and Employm | 07). |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acio 1,3-benzenedimethanamine | | TWA: 40 ppm 8 ACGIH TLV (Unit TWA: 10 mg/m ³ TWA: 3 mg/m ³ , (Respirable particle | ed States). Form: Inhalable (inhalable dust) l | |
| ethylbenzene | | Ministry of Labor 11/2001). TWA: 340 mg/m TWA: 78 ppm 8 | r and Employm ³ 8 hours. | ⊧ent (Brazil |
| Recommended monitoring procedures | : Reference should be made to ap national guidance documents for substances will also be required. | | | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilatio ventilation or other engineering c contaminants below any recomm also need to keep gas, vapor or o limits. Use explosion-proof ventil | ontrols to keep worker e ended or statutory limits dust concentrations belo | exposure to airbo s. The engineer | orne ing controls |
| Environmental exposure controls | Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirement cases, fume scrubbers, filters or equipment will be necessary to re | k process equipment sh s of environmental prote engineering modification | ection legislation | n. In some |
| Individual protection measur | ' <u>es</u> | | | |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face before eating, smoking and using Appropriate techniques should be Contaminated work clothing shou contaminated clothing before reu showers are close to the worksta | the lavatory and at the e used to remove potent uld not be allowed out of sing. Ensure that eyew | end of the work tially contaminat the workplace. | ing period. ed clothing. Wash |
| Eye protection <u>Skin protection</u> | : Chemical splash goggles. | | | |

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| • | · · · |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Gloves | : butyl rubber |
| Body protection Other skin protection | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be |
| | approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| <u>Appearance</u> | | | |
|--|---|--------------------------|-------------|
| Physical state | : | Liquid. | |
| Color | 1 | Off-white. | |
| Odor | 1 | Aromatic. [Slight] | |
| рН | : | Not applicable. | |
| Melting point | 1 | Not available. | |
| Boiling point | : | >37.78°C (>100°F) | |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: 37°C (98.6°F |) |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not available. | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not available. | |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | 1 | Not available. | |
| Vapor pressure | : | Not available. | |
| Vapor density | : | Not available. | |
| Relative density | : | 1.64 | |
| Solubility(ies) | | Media | Result |
| Columnity(100) | Ċ | cold water | Not soluble |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not applicable. | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | Not available. | |
| Decomposition temperature | : | Not available. | |
| | | | |

English (US)

| Code 000001189750 Product name SIGMASH | Date of issue IIELD 880 BASE OFFWHITE | 22 April 2024 | Version | 2.02 |
|---|---|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Section 9. Physic | al and chemical proper | rties | | |
| Viscosity | : Kinematic (room temperature): >4 Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mr | | | |
| Viscosity | : >100 s (ISO 6mm) | | | |
| Section 10. Stabi | lity and reactivity | | | |
| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to rea | activity available for this | product or its in | gredients. |
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. | | | |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage | ge and use, hazardous r | eactions will not | occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : When exposed to high temperatu products. | res may produce hazaro | lous decompos | ition |
| Incompatible materials | : Keep away from the following main oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, st | | exothermic rea | ctions: |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Depending on conditions, decomp carbon oxides nitrogen oxides so oxides | | | |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------|---------------|----------|
| øís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 23000 mg/kg | - |
| prienyijproparie | LD50 Oral | Rat | 15000 mg/kg | |
| titanium dioxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >6.82 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | |
| barium sulfate | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | |
| banum sunate | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | |
| Aylerie | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| <=1100) | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2000 mg/kg | |
| Thenoi, methylstyrenated | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | |
| aluminium oxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 7.6 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >15900 mg/kg | - |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 24.6 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2460 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2830 mg/kg | L_ |
| oxirane, mono[| LD50 Oral | Rat | 17100 mg/kg | L_ |
| (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] | | i tut | li ioo ing/kg | |
| derivs. | | | | |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 3.56 mg/l | 4 hours |
| acid, reaction products with | | | g/i | |
| | · | English (US |) Brazil | 8/15 |

| Code 000001189750 Product name SIGMASHII | ELD 880 BASE OFFWH | Date of is IITE | ssue | | 22 April | 2024 | Ve | ersion | 2.02 |
|---|--|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-----------|
| Section 11. Toxico | ological inf | ormat | ion | | | | | | |
| 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | | | | | | | | | |
| ethylbenzene | LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral | | Rat Rat Rabbit | | 17.8 g/kg | | - - 4 hours - - | | |
| Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion | : There are no d | ata availa | ble on | the mixtu | ure itsel | f. | | | |
| Product/ingredient name | Result | | Spec | ies | Score |) | Exposure | Ob | servation |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | Eyes - Mild irritan | t | Rabb | it | - | | 24 hours | - | |
| | Eyes - Redness o conjunctivae Skin - Edema Skin - Erythema/I | Eschar | Rabbit0.4Rabbit0.5Rabbit0.8 | | 0.5 | | 24 hours 4 hours 4 hours | | |
| xylene | | | Rabb Rabb | | - | 4 hours 24 hours mg | | 0 - | |
| <u>Conclusion/Summary</u> Skin Eyes Respiratory | There are no data available on the mixture itself. There are no data available on the mixture itself. There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | | | | | | | |
| <u>Sensitization</u> | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | • | | | Resu | lt | | |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | skin | Mouse | | | | Sens | itizing | | |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | skin | Guinea | pig | | | Sens | itizing | | |
| Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory Mutagenicity Not available. | : There are no d : There are no d | | | | | •• | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available. | : There are no d | ata availa | ble on | the mixtu | ure itsel | lf. | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u> | : There are no d | ata availa | ble on | the mixtu | ure itsel | f. | | | |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|---|------|------|-----|
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | - | 3 | - |
| titanium dioxide | - | 2B | - |
| xylene | - | 3 | - |
| ethylbenzene | - | 2B | - |

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 2-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | Category 2 | inhalation | lungs |
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|---------------------|--|
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Eng | lish (US) Brazil | 10/15 |
|-----|------------------|-------|

Ingestion

22 April 2024

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| Information on the likely routes of exposure | : Not available. |
|--|---|
| Potential acute health effect | <u>xts</u> |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | |
| | coughing |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

: No specific data.

| Conclusion/Summary | : | There are no data available on the mixture itself. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Short term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : | There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Long term exposure | | |

English (US)

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | - |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Potential immediate effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential delayed effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential chronic health eff | ects |
| Not available. | |
| General | Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

| Muta | geni | city | | - ÷ | INC | o kno | own | sigi | litic | ant | ene | CIS | or | criti | cai | naz | ards. |
|------|------|------|--|-----|-----|-------|-----|------|-------|-----|-----|-----|----|-------|-----|-----|-------|
| _ | _ | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Reproductive toxicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|-----------------------|---|
|-----------------------|---|

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE OFFWHITE | 16624.3 | 7692.5 | N/A | 108.4 | 13.5 |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane | 15000 | 23000 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| barium sulfate | N/A | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| xylene | 4300 | 1700 | N/A | 11 | 1.5 |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<> | 2500 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated | 2500 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| aluminium oxide | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 7.6 |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 2830 | 2460 | N/A | 24.6 | N/A |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | 17100 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | 2500 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | 3.56 |
| ethylbenzene | 3500 | 17800 | N/A | 17.8 | 1.5 |

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| øís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l | Daphnia | 21 days |
| titanium dioxide | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |
| aluminium oxide | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Acute EC50 1100 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| oxirane, mono[| LC50 >100 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] | | | |
| derivs. | | | |

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|--|--|---|----------|
| Section 12. Ecolo | gical information | | |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae) | 72 hours |
| , | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> <i>(Water flea)</i> | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |

(rainbow trout)

| | Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella |
|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | subcapitata |
| | Chronic NOEC ≥50 mg/l | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> |
| | | (Water flea) |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia |
| | 1 | |

Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | | Inoculum |
|--|--|--------|-------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| P2-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine ethylbenzene | OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test - | | eadily - 29 days Idily - 10 days | - | | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysis | | Biodeg | gradability |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane xylene ethylbenzene | - | | - | | Not rea Readily Readily | y |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------|-------------|-----------|
| x ylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated | 3.627 | - | Low |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 1 | - | Low |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | 3.77 | - | Low |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | >6 | - | High |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | Low |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

72 hours

21 days

48 hours

-

Section 13. Disposal considerations

- **Disposal methods**
- : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | Brazil (ANTT) | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | | III |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

| Additional inform | nation |
|--------------------|--|
| Brazil | : None identified. |
| Risk number | : 30 |
| IMDG | This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5. |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : None identified. |
| Special precaution | ons for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in |

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

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| Product nan | SIGMASHIELD 880 B | ASE OFFWHITE | | | |

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

| Н | is | to | r | 1 |
|---|----|----|---|---|
| _ | | | _ | _ |

| Date of previous issue | : 4/4/2024 |
|------------------------|---|
| Version | : 2.02 |
| Prepared by | : EHS |
| Key to abbreviations | ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations |
| References | ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.