SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue	6 May 2024
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Version 1.02

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMADUR 550H BASE RAL 7045CO2174
- : 00469352CO
- : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Target organs	 Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 53.5%

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Section 2. Hazards identification

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes mild skin irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	1	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.	
Ingredient name		%
arium sulfate		20
titanium dioxide		15
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl aceta	ate	10
n-butvl acetate		5 -

barium sulfate	20 - <30	7727-43-7
titanium dioxide	15 - <20	13463-67-7
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	10 - <12.5	108-65-6
n-butyl acetate	5 - <7	123-86-4
xylene	5 - <7	1330-20-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	2 - <3	14807-96-6
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1 - <2	7779-90-0
ethylbenzene	1 - <2	100-41-4
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7
propylidynetrimethanol	0.1 - <0.2	77-99-6
copper oxide	0 - <0.1	1317-38-0

CAS number

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fir	aid measures
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation
Potential acute health effect	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

		_
Special protective actions	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if	
for fire-fighters	there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without	
•	suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk.	
	Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained	
equipment for fire-fighters	breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure	
	mode.	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused

drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

 Small spill
 : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

 Leave entities
 Star leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools

Large spill
 Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source.
Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling)
equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against
electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be
hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
<mark>∌</mark> arium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
titanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
n-butyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Butyl
xylene	acetates] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [p-
	xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	le to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to ents for methods for the determination of hazardous equired.
Appropriate engineering : Use only with adequate ve	entilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

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Section 8. Exposi	are controls/personal protection
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measu	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection Skin protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	May be used: Chloroprene Recommended: neoprene, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®, butyl rubber Not recommended: nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

		English (US)	Colombia	6/14
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)			
Melting point	: Not available.			
рН	: Not applicable.			
Odor	: Not available.			
Color	: Not available.			
Physical state	: Liquid.			
<u>Appearance</u>				

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Flash point	1	Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.32	
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result
Solubility(les)	1	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F))	: >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Viscosity	:	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

			Exposure	
arium sulfate LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	
itanium dioxide LC50 Inhalation Dus	ts and mists Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours	
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl LC50 Inhalation Vap	or Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours	
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-	

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	LD50 Oral			Rat		6190	mg/kg	-	
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhala	ation Vapo	r	Rat		>21.1	l mg/l	4 hou	ſS
	LC50 Inhala	ation Vapo	r	Rat		2000	ppm	4 hou	ſS
	LD50 Derm	al		Rabbit		>176	00 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral			Rat		10.76	68 g/kg	-	
xylene	LD50 Derm	al		Rabbit		1.7 g	/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral					4.3 g	/kg	-	
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)		LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists					mg/l	4 hou	ſS
	LD50 Oral			Rat		>500	0 mg/kg	-	
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhala	ation Vapo	r			17.8	mg/l	4 hou	ſS
	LD50 Derm	al		Rabbit		17.8	17.8 g/kg		
	LD50 Oral			Rat		3.5 g	/kg	-	
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral			Rat		3.125	5 g/kg	-	
4-piperidyl) sebacate									
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Derm	al		Rabbit		10 g/	kg	-	
	LD50 Oral			Rat		1400	0 mg/kg	-	
copper oxide	LD50 Oral			Rat		>200	0 mg/kg	-	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	e no data a	available on	the mixtu	ure itse	lf.			
rritation/Corrosion									
Product/ingredient name	Result		Spec	ies	Score	e	Exposure	Obs	servation
xylene	Skin - Mode	erate irritar	nt Rabb	oit	-		24 hours 5 mg	00 -	
Conclusion/Summary							-		
Skin	: There are	e no data a	available on	the mixtu	ure itse	lf.			
Eyes			available on						
-									
Respiratory	: I nere ar	e no data a	available on	the mixt	lite itse	IT.			
<u>Sensitization</u>									
Not available.									
Conclusion/Summary									
•	. There er	o no data i		the mixt	uro ito al	If			
Skin			available on						
Respiratory	: There are	e no data a	available on	the mixtu	ire itse	IT.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>									
Not available.									
	<u> </u>				••				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	e no data a	available on	the mixtu	ure itse	lf.			
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>									
Not available.									
Conclusion/Summary	· There or	e no dete r	available on	the mivt	ire iteel	lf			
		o no uala a							
Classification									
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP						
			1						

-	2B	-
-	3	-
-	2B	-
-	2B	-
-	2B	-
	- - -	- 3 - 2B - 2B

Carcinogen Classification code:

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Section 11. Toxicological information

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate n-butyl acetate xylene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3		Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

<u>Target organs</u> : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summ	If y There are no data available on the mixture itself. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, diziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and dermal dorading account, where known, delay
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Short term exposure

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Section 11. Toxicological information

	-
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMADUR 550H BASE RAL 7045CO2174	47242.2	5446.5	N/A	86.6	11.0
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
propylidynetrimethanol	14000	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A
copper oxide	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
2	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

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Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Result			Inoculum	
	- 83 % - Read		adily - 28 days	-		-	
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Rea	83 % - Readily - 28 days			-	
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	adily - 10 days	-		-	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-lif	ie	Photolysis		Biode	gradability	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-		-		Readily		
n-butyl acetate xylene	-		-		Readil Readil		
ethylbenzene	-		-		Readil	ý	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
P-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
n-butyl acetate xylene ethylbenzene propylidynetrimethanol	2.3 3.12 3.6 -0.47	- 7.4 to 18.5 79.43 -	Low Low Low Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	
Packing group	III	III	III	III	
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(trizinc bis (orthophosphate))	Not applicable.	

Additional inform	nation
UN	: None identified.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precauti	ons for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bull to IMO instrume	k according : Not applicable. nts
Section 15	5. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

Н	ist	to	ry

Date of previous issue	: 8/18/2023
Version	: 1.02
	EHS

Code	00469352CO	Date of issue	6 May 2024	Version	1.02
Product nam	ne SI GMADUR 550H BASE RA	L 7045CO2174			

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
	ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.