SAFETY DATA SHEET



1/15

Date of issue	6 May 2024
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Version 1.02

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMADUR 550H BASE RAL 1003CO2174
- : 00376422CO
- : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason	
Not applicable.		

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	: PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
Target organs	 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

English (US)	Colombia
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Product na	me SIGMADUR 550H BASE	RAL 1003CO2174			

Section 2. Hazards identification

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 65.3%

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	12.5 - <15	14807-96-6
barium sulfate	10 - <12.5	7727-43-7
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	10 - <12.5	108-65-6
n-butyl acetate	5 - <7	123-86-4
xylene	5 - <7	1330-20-7
titanium dioxide	2 - <3	13463-67-7
rizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1 - <2	7779-90-0
ethylbenzene	1 - <2	100-41-4
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with	1 - <2	220926-97-6
	English (US) Colom	bia 2/

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Section 3. Composition/in	formation on i	ingredients		
1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethy		0.2 <0.5	11556 26	7

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7
proprietary microcrystalline silica	0.1 - <0.2	SUB130643
copper oxide	0 - <0.1	1317-38-0

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary firs	t a	id measures	
Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.	
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is rregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by rained personnel.	
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
Indication of immediate med	ica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician Specific treatments		In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	
Potential acute health effects	2		
Eye contact		No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation		May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact		Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.	
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
barium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
n-butyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Butyl
	acetates]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [p-
	xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable
	fraction, finescale particles
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	Ototoxicant.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid 1,3-benzenedimethanamine a		e		
Recommended monitoring procedures	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.			
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
Individual protection measur				
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Eye protection <u>Skin protection</u>	Safety glasses with side shields.			
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.			
Gloves	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: neoprene, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton butyl rubber May be used: Chloroprene, nitrile rubber	®,		
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.			
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	ре		

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Section 8. Expos	ure controls/personal p	rotection		
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be base hazards of the product and the sa workers are exposed to concentra appropriate, certified respirators. respirator complying with an appro	fe working limits of the ations above the expos Use a properly fitted, a	selected respira ure limit, they mu ir-purifying or air	tor. If ist use -fed

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

necessary.

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	1	Liquid.	
Color	4	Not available.	
Odor	1	Not available.	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point	1	Not available.	
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.32	
Solubility(ies)	:	Media	Result
		cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	;	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)	
Viscosity	:	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Dose **Product/ingredient name** Result **Species Exposure** barium sulfate LD50 Dermal Rat >2000 mg/kg -LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat 30 ma/l 4 hours acetate LD50 Dermal Rabbit >5 g/kg LD50 Oral Rat 6190 mg/kg n-butyl acetate LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat >21.1 mg/l 4 hours LC50 Inhalation Vapor 2000 ppm Rat 4 hours LD50 Dermal Rabbit >17600 mg/kg LD50 Oral 10.768 g/kg Rat xylene LD50 Dermal Rabbit 1.7 g/kg LD50 Oral Rat 4.3 g/kg titanium dioxide LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists >6.82 mg/l Rat 4 hours LD50 Dermal Rabbit >5000 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg trizinc bis(orthophosphate) LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists Rat >5.7 mg/l 4 hours >5000 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat ethylbenzene LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat 17.8 mg/l 4 hours LD50 Dermal Rabbit 17.8 g/kg LD50 Oral Rat 3.5 g/kg 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists 4 hours Rat 3.56 mg/l acid, reaction products with 1.3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine LD50 Dermal Rat >2000 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat _ bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-LD50 Oral Rat 3.125 g/kg _ 4-piperidyl) sebacate copper oxide LD50 Oral Rat >2000 mg/kg _

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
x ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary				·	
Skin	: There are no data avai	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
Respiratory	: There are no data avai	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
<u>Sensitization</u>					
Not available					

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There a	are no data available on the mixture itself.
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Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
xylene titanium dioxide ethylbenzene proprietary microcrystalline silica	- - -	3 2B 2B 1	- - - Known to be a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

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IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4
NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen
OSHA: +
Not listed/not regulated: -
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Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Category 2 Category 2	- inhalation	hearing organs lungs
proprietary microcrystalline silica	Category 1	inhalation	lungs

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	÷	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Code 00376422CO Product name STGMADUR	R 550H BASE RAL 1003	Date of issue CO2174	6 May 2024	Version	1.02
Section 11. Toxic	ological info	ormation			
Conclusion/Summary	silica which car duration and le applications. F coating formula meaningful pot product is appli spray applicatio and require the engineering col concentrations adverse health and adverse ef and signs inclu and, in extreme above effects b exposure to org cause greater h in the eyes, the cause nausea, delayed and im	a cause lung cance vel of exposure to or many products, ation. In this case, ential for human ex- ed with a brush or ons may be harmfu use of appropriate ntrols (see Section in excess of the st effects such as mu fects on the kidney de headache, dizzi e cases, loss of cor by absorption throug ganic solvent vapor hearing loss than e liquid may cause i diarrhea and vomi mediate effects an	e mixture itself. This pro r or silicosis. The risk of dust from sanding surfa- TiO2 is utilized as a raw the TiO2 particles are b posure to unbound part roller. Sanding the coat I depending on the dura e personal protective equ 8). Exposure to compo ated occupational expose ucous membrane and re s, liver and central nerven ness, fatigue, muscular insciousness. Solvents r gh the skin. There is so is in combination with co xpected from exposure rritation and reversible of d also chronic effects of ral, inhalation and derm	of cancer depend ces or mist from y material in a liq ound in a matrix ticles of TiO2 wh ting surface or m tion and level of uipment and/or onent solvent vap sure limit may re- spiratory system ous system. Syr weakness, drow may cause some onstant loud nois to noise alone. I damage. Ingesti count, where kno f components fro	Is on the spray with no een the nist from exposure oor sult in n irritation mptoms vsiness e of the at repeated se can If splashed on may own, om short-
Short term exposure Potential immediate	: There are no d	ata available on the	e mixture itself.		
effects					
Potential delayed effects	: There are no d	ata available on the	e mixture itself.		
Long term exposure	. Thore are a -	oto ovoiloble en th	misture ite-lf		
Potential immediate effects	: I nere are no d	ata available on the	e mixture itself.		
Potential delayed effects		ata available on the	e mixture itself.		
Potential chronic health eff	ects				
Not available.					
General	: Prolonged or re or dermatitis.	epeated contact ca	n defat the skin and lead	d to irritation, cra	cking and/
Carcinogenicity	: May cause can	cer. Risk of cance	r depends on duration a	and level of expo	sure.

- **Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Reproductive toxicity** : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

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Product nam	ne SiGMADUR 5	50H BASE RAL 1003CO2174			

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMADUR 550H BASE RAL 1003CO2174	36752.4	5330.2	N/A	64.0	7.6
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	3.56
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
copper oxide	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
,	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)	72 hours
,	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l	Àlgae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC ≥50 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea)	21 days

Persistence/degradability

English (US) Colombia

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	- 83 % - Rea		idily - 28 days	-		-	
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Rea	idily - 28 days	-		-	
ethylbenzene			idily - 10 days	-		-	
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	9 % - Not readily - 29 days		-		-	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-		-		Readily	/	
n-butyl acetate	-		-		Readily	/	
xylene	-	-			Readily	/	
ethylbenzene	-	-			Readily	/	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
n-butyl acetate2.3xylene3.12ethylbenzene3.612-hydroxyoctadecanoic>6acid, reaction products with1,3-benzenedimethanamineand hexamethylenediamine		- 7.4 to 18.5 79.43 -	Low Low Low High

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been
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Section 13. Disposal considerations

cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(trizinc bis (orthophosphate))	Not applicable.

Additional inform	nation
UN	: None identified.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precauti	ons for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and	: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product
environmental regulations specific for the product	(including its ingredients).

6 May 2024

1.02

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of previous issue	: 8/9/2023
Version	: 1.02 EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.