SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 13 May 2024 Version 1

Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 000001191197
Product name	: PPG AQUACOVER ONE 645 APM YELLOW
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification 00454102	
Relevant identified uses of th	e substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	 Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
Company/undertaking identification	 PPG Industries Sales, Inc. and PPG Coatings (Philippines), Inc. 3rd Floor First Life Center 174 Salcedo St., Legaspi Village Makati City 1229, Philippines Tel # 00632- 752-6773/ Fax # 00632-752-6771
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC +(63) 2-395-3308 (CCN 17704)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	QUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 QUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 ercentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazard uatic environment: 28.4%	ds to the
GHS label elements		
Signal word	o signal word.	
Hazard statements	oxic to aquatic life. armful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	roid release to the environment.	
Response	ot applicable.	
Storage	ot applicable.	
Disposal	spose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional d international regulations.	, national
Other hazards which do not result in classification	ontains isothiazolinones. May cause allergic reaction.	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

CAS number

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

 Not applicable.

%	CAS number
1 - <3	112-34-5
<0.1	55406-53-6
<0.1	SUB141402
<0.1	13463-41-7
	1 - <3 <0.1 <0.1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fi	rst aid measures
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important symptoms/	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	ects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 35°C (41 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor
Recommended monitoring procedures		appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to or methods for the determination of hazardous d.
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	 contaminants. Emissions from ventilation or w they comply with the requireme cases, fume scrubbers, filters of 	d be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne ork process equipment should be checked to ensure nts of environmental protection legislation. In some or engineering modifications to the process reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measure	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the l Appropriate techniques should	e thoroughly after handling chemical products, before avatory and at the end of the working period. be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. efore reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with assessment indicates this is ne gases or dusts. If contact is po	an approved standard should be used when a risk cessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, ssible, the following protection should be worn, as a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with
Skin protection		

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard shou be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacture check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: butyl rubber
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other importar aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	1	Liquid.			
Color	4	Yellow.			
Odor	1	Characteristic.			
Odor threshold	:	Not available.			
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.			
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	;	>37.78°C (>100°F)			
Flammability	:	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: Not applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
		2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	210	410	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			L
рН	:	8.2			
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm ² /s			
Viscosity	:	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)			
		Media Re	sult		
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water Pa	rtially solu	ble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.			

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

			Vapo	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
		water	17.5	2.3					
Relative density	:	1.21							
Relative vapor density	:	Not available.							
Particle characteristics									
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.							
Evaporation rate		Not available.							

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Hazardous polymerization	 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

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AC	ute	TOX	icity
<u></u>	all	107	ion,

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.67 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-
reaction mass of mixed (3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7, 8,8,8- tridecafluorooctyl) phosphates, ammonium salt	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.047 mg/l	4 hours
pyrithione zinc	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.14 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	177 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
pyrithione zinc	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	4	24 hours	24 hours
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data ava	ilable on the mi	xture itself.		
Eyes	: There are no data ava	ilable on the mi	xture itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data ava	ilable on the mi	xture itself.		
Sensitization					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data ava	ilable on the mi	xture itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data ava	ilable on the mi	xture itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data ava	ilable on the mi	xture itself.		
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data ava	ilable on the mi	xture itself.		
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data ava	ilable on the mi	xture itself.		
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data ava	ilable on the mi	xture itself.		
Specific target organ toxici	ity (single exposure)				

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate reaction mass of mixed (3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7, 8,8,8- tridecafluorooctyl) phosphates, ammonium salt	Category 1 Category 2		trachea liver
pyrithione zinc	Category 1	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely
routes of exposure: Not available.Potential acute health effectsEye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: No specific data.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	188356.9 mg/kg
Dermal	113014.14 mg/kg

Other information

Contains isothiazolinones. May cause allergic reaction.

Section 12. Ecological information

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Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Acute EC50 0.186 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 0.067 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.049 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
pyrithione zinc	Acute EC50 5.513 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0082 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.889 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.0027 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	-	25 % - Inherent - 28 days	-	-
pyrithione zinc	-	39 % - 28 days	-	-

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	-	-	Inherent
pyrithione zinc	-	50%; < 28 day(s)	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	Low
pyrithione zinc	0.9	0.9	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and
	runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.

Philippines

Section 14. Transport information

IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user :Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 13 May 2024
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: EHS
key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
	Calculation method Calculation method

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.