# SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 13 May 2024 Version 1

# Section 1. Identification

Product code	:	000001201699
Product name	1	SIGMATHERM 540 ALUMINUM
Product type	1	Liquid.
Other means of identification 00476795		
Relevant identified uses of th	e	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	:	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Uses advised against	:	Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
Supplier's information	:	PPG Asian Paints Private Limited 6A Shanti Nagar Santa Cruz (East) Mumbai - 400055 India
Emergency telephone number:	:	+91 22 6815 8700

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 46.5%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 51.2%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Storage	<ul> <li>environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> <li>Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national</li> </ul>

result in classification

**Other hazards which do not** : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. 1-methoxy-2-propanol [3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane ethylbenzene titanium tetrabutanolate	20 - <25 5 - <10 5 - <10 5 - <10 3 - <5 1 - <3	1330-20-7 64742-94-5 107-98-2 2530-83-8 100-41-4 5593-70-4
toluene	0.3 - <1	108-88-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/e	feo	ts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	on	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion		Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
		I attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	÷	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

#### Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without
		suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For non-emergency Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from personnel entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any For emergency responders information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". **Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
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### Section 7. Handling and storage

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Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene 1-methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene) Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). STEL: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
toluene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures	: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.</li> </ul>
ndividual protection measu	

Individual protection measures

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates his is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
Gloves	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:	
	Not recommended: nitrile rubber	
	Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), butyl rubber, Viton®	
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.	

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Clear.
Odour	: Aromatic. [Slight]
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 16°C (60.8°F)

Product code 000001201699 Product name SIGMATHERN		40 ALUMINUM	D	ate of issu	ue 13 May	y 2024	V	ersion 1
Section 9. Physica	il a	and chemica	l prop	erties				
Auto-ignition temperature		Ingredient name		°C	°F		Method	
		Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.		220 to 250	) 428 to	482	ASTM E 659	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.						
рН	:	Not applicable.						
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >2	21 mm²/s					
		Media	Re	sult				
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water	No	t soluble				
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.						
Vapour pressure	:		r Pressure at 20°C		Va	Vapour pressure at 50°C		
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa l	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2				
Relative density	:	1.17		Į_			I	I
Relative vapour density	:	Not available.						
Particle characteristics								
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.						
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.						

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products Hazardous polymerisation	<ul> <li>Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides</li> <li>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul>

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

# Section 11. Toxicological information

LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat Rat	1.7 g/kg 4.3 g/kg >5.2 mg/l	- - 4 hours
LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists		4.3 g/kg	- 4 hours
	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
D50 Oral			
	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.3 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Oral	Rat	7.01 g/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat		4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat		-
LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>11 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Oral	Rat	3122 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-
	D50 Dermal D50 Oral C50 Inhalation Dusts and mists D50 Oral C50 Inhalation Vapour D50 Dermal D50 Oral C50 Inhalation Dusts and mists D50 Oral C50 Inhalation Vapour D50 Dermal D50 Oral	D50 DermalRabbitD50 OralRatC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRatD50 OralRatC50 Inhalation VapourRatD50 DermalRatD50 OralRatC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRatD50 OralRatD50 OralRatC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRatD50 OralRatD50 OralRatD50 OralRatD50 OralRatD50 DermalRatD50 DermalRatD50 DermalRatD50 OralRat	D50 DermalRabbit13 g/kgD50 OralRat5.2 g/kgC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRat>5.3 mg/lD50 OralRat7.01 g/kgC50 Inhalation VapourRat17.8 mg/lD50 DermalRat3.5 g/kgD50 OralRat3.5 g/kgD50 OralRat3122 mg/kgC50 Inhalation VapourRat3122 mg/kgD50 OralRat49 g/m³D50 OralRat49 g/m³D50 DermalRat8.39 g/kg

### Irritation/Corrosion

1						
	Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
	xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitisation	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Specific target organ toxic	<u>ity (single exposure)</u>

mg

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
toluene	Category 2		-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	2	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effect	ts	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	13234.81 mg/kg
Dermal	4315.96 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	47.07 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	6.05 mg/l

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### Section 12. Ecological information

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<u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	Acute EC50 255 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 473 mg/l	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 55 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	-	37 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene [3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	-	-	Readily Not readily
ethylbenzene toluene	-   -	-	Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	2.8 to 6.5	-	High
heavy arom.			_
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II

India

Product code 0000 Product name SIGN		540 ALUMINUM	Date of issue 13 May	2024 Version 1
Section 14. T	ranspo	ort informatio	on	
Environmental hazards		No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	No	ot applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Additional informati	on			
UN :	None identi	fied.		
IMDG :	None identi	fied.		
IATA :	None identi	fied.		
Special precaution	s for user		<b>ser's premises:</b> always transpol Ensure that persons transporting dent or spillage.	
Transport in bulk ac to IMO instruments	cording :	Not applicable.		
Section 15. F	Regulat	ory informati	on	

#### International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

# Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 13 May 2024
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: EHS
key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

Procedure used to derive the classification

### Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	Calculation method Calculation method

#### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

India