SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 13 May 2024 Version 5.02

| Section 1. Identification | | |
|---|---|--|
| Product code | : 00394792 | |
| Product name | : SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BASE Z(D) | |
| Product type | : Liquid. | |
| Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against | | |
| Product use | Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying. | |
| Supplier's details | : PPG Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803. Tel +65 68653737 | |
| Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) | : CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704) | |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
|------------------------------|---|
| substance or mixture | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 |
| | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract |
| | irritation) - Category 3 |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 |

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

1

| Signal word | : Danger | |
|-------------------|--|--|
| Hazard statements | Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. | |

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Precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms

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Section 2. Hazards identification

| Prevention | : ₩ear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling. |
|------------|--|
| Response | : Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage | : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| Disposal | : Not applicable. |

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture : |
|---------------------|
|---------------------|

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number EC number | : Not applicable. : Mixture. | | |
|---|---------------------------------|----------|------------|
| Ingredient name | | % | CAS number |
| vstalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | | 20 - <25 | 14808-60-7 |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | | 20 - <25 | 14807-96-6 |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>10 - <20</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<> | | 10 - <20 | 25036-25-3 |
| xylene | | 10 - <20 | 1330-20-7 |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin | | 5 - <10 | 25068-38-6 |
| benzyl alcohol | | 3 - <5 | 100-51-6 |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | | 1 - <3 | 78-83-1 |
| ethylbenzene | | 1 - <3 | 100-41-4 |
| Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,6-hexanediylbis[12-hydroxy- | | 1 - <3 | 55349-01-4 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8. SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessa | ary first aid measures |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. |
| Inhalation | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |

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Section 4. First aid measures

| Skin contact | : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. |
|--------------|--|
| Ingestion | : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| wost important symptoms/e | <u>rts, acute and delayed</u> | |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------|
| Potential acute health effect | | |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| Inhalation | Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. | |
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction | ion. |
| Ingestion | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Over-exposure signs/symp | <u>15</u> | |
| Eye contact | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness | |
| Inhalation | Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing | |
| Skin contact | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking | |
| Ingestion | No specific data. | |
| Indication of immediate med | l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary | |
| Notes to physician | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be de The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 h | |
| Specific treatments | No specific treatment. | |
| Protection of first-aiders | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropri mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the pers providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated cloth thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. | ate on |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

| <u>Extinguishing media</u> | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |

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|---------------|-------|------|

Section 5. Firefighting measures

| - | - |
|--|--|
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protect | ve equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and material for cont | ainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | 1 | |
|--|---|--|
| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|--|--|
| rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Silica, crystalline] |
| | TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | Respirable Workplace Safety and Health Act |
| | (Singapore, 2/2006). |
| | PEL (long term): 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| xylene | Workplace Safety and Health Act |
| | (Singapore, 2/2006). [Xylene] |
| | PEL (short term): 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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| Body protection | : | being performed and the risks involved a | re is a risk of ignition from static electricity, the greatest protection from static |
| Gloves | | butyl rubber | |
| Hand protection | | be worn at all times when handling chen this is necessary. Considering the parar check during use that the gloves are still should be noted that the time to breakth different for different glove manufacturer several substances, the protection time estimated. | rough for any glove material may be rs. In the case of mixtures, consisting of |
| Skin protection | | Chemical resistant importious device a | complying with an approved standard should |
| Eye/face protection | : | Chemical splash goggles. | auon. |
| Individual protection measu Hygiene measures | | eating, smoking and using the lavatory a | to remove potentially contaminated clothing. be allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety |
| Environmental exposure controls | | | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | : | | to keep worker exposure to airborne or statutory limits. The engineering controls oncentrations below any lower explosive |
| Recommended monitoring procedures | : | Reference should be made to appropria national guidance documents for method substances will also be required. | |
| ethylbenzene | | (\$ | PEL (long term): 152 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 50 ppm 8 hours. Vorkplace Safety and Health Act Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 125 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | | M (5 | PEL (long term): 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours. Vorkplace Safety and Health Act Singapore, 2/2006). |

Product name SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BASE Z(D)

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
|------------------------|--|
| Respiratory protection | : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | | |
|---------------------------|---|------|
| Physical state | Liquid. | |
| Odour | Aromatic. | |
| рН | insoluble in water. | |
| Boiling point | >37.78°C (>100°F) | |
| Flash point | Closed cup: 26°C (78.8°F) | |
| Evaporation rate | Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.59compared v butyl acetate | with |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | liquid | |
| Vapour pressure | Highest known value: <1.6 kPa (<12 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (2-methylpropan-1-ol). Weighted average: 0.8 kPa (6 mm Hg) (at 20°C) | |
| Vapour density | Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.54 (Air = 1) |) |
| Relative density | 1.2 | |
| | Media Result | |
| Solubility(ies) | old water Not soluble | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Lowest known value: 415°C (779°F) (2-methylpropan-1-ol). | |
| Viscosity | Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt) | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. |
| Incompatible materials | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| reaction product: bisphenol- | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2 g/kg | - |
| A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy | | | | |
| resin | | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2 g/kg | - |
| benzyl alcohol | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >4178 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1.23 g/kg | - |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 24.6 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2460 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2830 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------------|-------------|
| xylene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |
| reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | _ | - | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | - | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 Ul | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2 mg | - |

| Skin | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
|------|--|
| Eyes | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | e Route of exposure | Species | Result | |
|--|---------------------|--|-------------|---------------|
| Peaction product: bisphence A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin | | Mouse | Sensitising | |
| Conclusion/Summary | • | | | |
| Skin | : There are no da | ata available on the mixtu | ure itself. | |
| Respiratory | : There are no da | ata available on the mixtu | ure itself. | |
| Mutagenicity | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no c | data available on the mixt | ure itself. | |
| Carcinogenicity | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no c | data available on the mixt | ure itself. | |
| Reproductive toxicity | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no c | data available on the mixt | ure itself. | |
| Teratogenicity | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no c | There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | |
| Specific target organ toxi | city (single expo | <u>sure)</u> | | |
| Name | | Category | v Route of | Target organs |

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| xylene | Category 3 | | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Category 3 | | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|------|------------|----------------------|----------------|
| | Category 1 | inhalation | - |
| | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|------|--|
| | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Information on likely routes of exposure | : Not available. |
|--|---|
| Potential acute health effects | |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. |

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
|--------------|---|
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Short term exposure Potential immediate : Not available. effects Potential delayed effects : Not available.

| Potential delayed effects | Not ava | lable. |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Long term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | Not ava | lable. |
| Potential delayed effects | Not ava | lable. |
| Potential chronic health eff | 2 | |
| General | repeate Once se | damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or d contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Insitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed ow levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | No knov | n significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | No knov | n significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | No knov | n significant effects or critical hazards. |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|------------------------------|----------------|
| Øral | 18424.59 mg/kg |
| Dermal | 4896.26 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapours) | 24.21 mg/l |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 2.29 mg/l |

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------|
| A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin | Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l | Daphnia | 21 days |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 1100 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> | 48 hours 48 hours - |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the | mixture itself. | + |

Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|-------|----------|
| A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin | OECD 301F | 5 % - 28 days | - | - |
| ethylbenzene | - | 79 % - Readily - 10 days | - | - |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no o | data available on the mixture it | self. | |

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| x ylene | - | - | Readily |
| reaction product: bisphenol- | - | - | Not readily |
| A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy | | | |
| resin | | | |
| benzyl alcohol | - | - | Readily |
| ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| vylene reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin | 3.12 2.64 to 3.78 | 7.4 to 18.5 31 | Low Low |
| benzyl alcohol 2-methylpropan-1-ol ethylbenzene | 0.87 1 3.6 | - - 79.43 | Low Low Low |

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|------------------------------|

Section 12. Ecological information

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | UN | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

Additional information

| UN | : None identified. |
|------|--------------------|
| IMDG | : None identified. |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : None identified. |

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

History Date of issue/Date of : 13 May 2024 revision Date of previous issue 9/25/2021 Version 5.02 **Prepared by** : EHS Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships. 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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