SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 14 May 2024

Version 2.02

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name : SIGMAZINC 109 HS BASE

Product code : 000001020163

Other means of identification : 00327181; 00328664; 00350336

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

| Uses advised against | Reason |
|----------------------|--------|
| Not applicable. | |

Supplier's details:

Supplier : PPG Industries Colombia Ltda

Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)

Email address: : HazComLatam@ppg.com

Emergency telephone number

Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM)

+ 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 substance or mixture : SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

Target organs : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central

nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory

tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 4.9%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage

: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: 00327181; 00328664; 00350336

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|----------|------------|
| Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized) | 60 - 100 | 7440-66-6 |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane | 5 - <7 | 1675-54-3 |
| xylene | 3 - <5 | 1330-20-7 |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2 - <3</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<> | 2 - <3 | 25036-25-3 |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | 2 - <3 | 14807-96-6 |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | 1 - <2 | 107-98-2 |
| diiron trioxide | 1 - <2 | 1309-37-1 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | 1 - <2 | 64742-95-6 |
| ethylbenzene | 0.5 - <1 | 100-41-4 |
| zinc oxide | 0.5 - <1 | 1314-13-2 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Description of necessa | ary first aid measures |
|------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. |
| Inhalation | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. |
| Ingestion | If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. |

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| Notes to physician Specific treatments | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment. |
|---|---|
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

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Large spill

Product name

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|--|---|
| K ylene | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). |
| Tale, not containing assessment hores | TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). |
| | STEL: 369 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 184 mg/m³ 8 hours. |

Code 000001020163 Date of issue 14 May 2024 Version 2.02 **Product name** SIGMAZINC 109 HS BASE Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. diiron trioxide ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to procedures national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. **Appropriate engineering** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust controls ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure **Environmental exposure** they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye protection
Skin protection
Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves

: butyl rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Gray.

Odor : Aromatic.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 33°C (91.4°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.

Relative density : 3.22

Solubility(ies) : Media Result

cold water Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Viscosity : 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|--|
| Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized) | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5.4 mg/l | 4 hours | |
| , | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - | |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 23000 mg/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 15000 mg/kg | - | |
| xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - | |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <="1100)</td"><td>LD50 Dermal</td><td>Rat</td><td>>2000 mg/kg</td><td>-</td></mw> | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - | |
| , | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - | |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | >7000 ppm | 6 hours | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 13 g/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5.2 g/kg | - | |
| diiron trioxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5 mg/l | 4 hours | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10 g/kg | - | |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 3.48 g/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8400 mg/kg | - | |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - | |
| zinc oxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5700 mg/m ³ | 4 hours | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - | |

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--|------------------------------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours | - |
| . 31. 1 | Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae | Rabbit | 0.4 | 24 hours | - |
| | Skin - Edema | Rabbit | 0.5 | 4 hours | _ |
| | Skin - Erythema/Eschar | Rabbit | 0.8 | 4 hours | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 4 hours | - |
| xylene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | _ | 24 hours 500 | - |
| - | | | | mg | |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin Eyes Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

There are no data available on the mixture itself.There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

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| 3 | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|--|-------------------|---------|-------------|
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | skin | Mouse | Sensitizing |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity
Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|--|------|------|-----|
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | - | 3 | - |
| xylene diiron trioxide | - | 3 | - |
| ethylbenzene | - | 2B | - |

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central

nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory

tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|---|--|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering

redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

effects

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of Carcinogenicity

exposure.

Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| SIGMAZINC 109 HS BASE | 11328.7 | 5208.8 | N/A | 246.6 | 33.6 |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane | 15000 | 23000 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| xylene | 4300 | 1700 | N/A | 11 | 1.5 |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<> | 2500 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | 5200 | 13000 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| diiron trioxide | 10000 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | 8400 | 3480 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| ethylbenzene | 3500 | 17800 | N/A | 17.8 | 1.5 |
| zinc oxide | N/A | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Other information : Not available.

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Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|----------|
| Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized) | Acute EC50 0.106 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 354 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |
| | Chronic EC10 6.3 μg/l | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate | 21 days |
| | Chronic LC10 185 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 30 days |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l | Daphnia | 21 days |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Acute LC50 23300 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water | Fish | 96 hours |
| diiron trioxide | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia | - |
| zinc oxide | Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water | Algae | 72 hours |

Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | | Inoculum |
|---|-------------------|------------|-----------------|----------|--------------------|------------|
| ethylbenzene | - | 79 % - Rea | ndily - 10 days | - | | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life |) | Photolysis | <u> </u> | Biodeg | radability |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | - | | - | | Not rea | dily |
| xylene ethylbenzene | - | | - | | Readily Readily | |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| xylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | <1 | - | Low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | Low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : No coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | UN | Brazil (ANTT) | IMDG | IATA |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards Marine pollutant substances | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. Not applicable. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. Not applicable. | Yes. (Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)) | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. Not applicable. |

Additional information

: None identified. UN : None identified. **Brazil**

Risk number

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

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 000001020163
 Date of issue
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 2.02

Product name SIGMAZINC 109 HS BASE

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue : 4/3/2024 Version : 2.02 EHS

Key to abbreviations

: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

UN = United Nations

References : ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014

ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

English (US) Colombia 14/14