SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue	14 May 2024
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Version 8.04

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE REDBROWN
- : 00247810
- : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu Sumare / SP, Brasil 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

English (US)	Brazil	1/15

Section 2. Hazard	Is identification
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow, eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, heart, bladder, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, central nervous system (CNS), ears.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 55.5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 60.9%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 60.1%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS)) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. **result in classification**

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
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Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	20 - <30	14807-96-6
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>15 - <20</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<>	15 - <20	25036-25-3
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	12.5 - <15	14808-60-7
xylene	7 - <10	1330-20-7
ethylbenzene	7 - <10	100-41-4
diiron trioxide	5 - <7	1309-37-1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	5 - <7	64742-94-5
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	3 - <5	7429-90-5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	3 - <5	78-83-1
1-methoxy-2-propanol	2 - <3	107-98-2
nonylphenol	1 - <2	25154-52-3
Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,6-hexanediylbis[12-hydroxy-	1 - <2	55349-01-4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	1 - <2	64742-88-7
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	1 - <2	64742-95-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
	English (US) Brazil 3/15

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Section 4. Fi	Section 4. First aid measures				

Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	÷	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	 If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	1	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,
-		drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused
		environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material.
		May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions	for	safe
handling		

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).		
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable		
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Silica		
	crystalline]		
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable		
xylene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil,		
xyiene	11/2001). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)]		
	TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
	TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.		
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil,		
,	11/2001).		
	TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
	TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.		
diiron trioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).		
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable		
	fraction		
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).		
	[Aluminum, metal and insoluble		
	compounds] TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable		
	fraction		
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil,		
	11/2001).		
	TWA: 115 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
	TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours.		
1-methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).		
	STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.		
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.		
	TWA: 184 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ACGIH TLV (United States).		
	TWA: 400 ppm		
	to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to		
	nts for methods for the determination of hazardous		
substances will also be req	uired.		
Appropriate engineering : Use only with adequate ver	ntilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust		

controls
 controls<

cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Individual protection measu	ires
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

		English (US)	Brazil	7/15
Relative density	: 1.2			
Vapor density	: Not available.			
Vapor pressure	: Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.			
Evaporation rate	: Not available.			
Flash point	: Closed cup: 26.4°C (79.5°F)			
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)			
Melting point	: Not available.			
рН	: Not applicable.			
Odor	: Aromatic.			
Color	: Brownish-red.			
Physical state	: Liquid.			
<u>Appearance</u>				

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Bulk density (g/cm ³)	1	1.2		
Solubility(ies)		Media F	Result	
	1	cold water N	lot soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.		
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingred	lients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occ	ur.
Conditions to avoid	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Incompatible materials	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reaction oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	IS:
Hazardous decomposition products	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following n carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides	naterials

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
₽́poxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
		English (US) Brazil	8/15

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1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhal LD50 Dern LD50 Oral	ation Vapor nal		Rat Rat Rabbit Rat				- 6) hours	
nonylphenol	LD50 Dern LD50 Oral	nal		Rabbit Rat		2.14		-		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.		nal		Rabbit			0 mg/kg	-		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Oral LD50 Dern	nal		Rat Rabbit		>500 3.48	0 mg/kg g/kg	-		
iight aromatio	LD50 Oral			Rat		8400	mg/kg	-		
Conclusion/Summary rritation/Corrosion	: There ar	e no data av	ailable or	the mixtu	ire itsel	f.				
Product/ingredient name	Result		Spe	cies	Score	•	Exposure	•	Obser	vation
xylene	Skin - Mod	erate irritant	Rabl	pit	-		24 hours 5 mg	500	-	
Conclusion/Summary										
Skin		e no data av								
Eyes		e no data av								
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data av	allable or	the mixtu	ire itsei	T.				
<mark>Sensitization</mark> Not available.										
Conclusion/Summary										
Skin	: There ar	e no data av	ailable or	the mixtu	ire itsel	f.				
Respiratory <u>Mutagenicity</u>	: There ar	e no data av	ailable or	the mixtu	ire itsel	f.				
Not available.										
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data av	ailable or	the mixtu	ire itsel	f.				
<u>Carcinogenicity</u> Not available.										
Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u>	: There ar	e no data av	ailable or	the mixtu	ire itsel	f.				
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC N	ITP							
vystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns) xylene	+	3 -	Known to	be a huma	an carc	inogei	n.			
ethylbenzene	-	2B -								

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: +

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Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

diiron trioxide

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no da

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2 Category 1	-	hearing organs central nervous system (CNS)

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow, eye, lens or cornea.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, heart, bladder, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, central nervous system (CNS), ears.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene ethylbenzene Selvent nametha (natroloum), haavy arom	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. 2-methylpropan-1-ol Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.	
Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	÷	Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.	
		English (US)	Brazil

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Skin contact				ful in contact with sk n allergic skin reactio	in. Causes skin irritation	. Defatting to th	e skin.
Ingestion		: N	lo known sig	nificant effects or cr	itical hazards.		
Symptoms rela	<u>ated t</u>	o the physical	, chemical a	and toxicological c	haracteristics		
Eye contact		p w	dverse symj ain /atering edness	ptoms may include tl	he following:		
Inhalation		re C re ir	dverse symp espiratory tra oughing educed fetal ncrease in fe keletal malfo	weight tal deaths	he following:		
Skin contact		p re d ci b re ir	dverse symp ain or irritatio edness ryness racking listering may educed fetal horease in fe keletal malfo	/ occur weight tal deaths	he following:		
Ingestion		s' re ir	dverse symp tomach pain educed fetal hcrease in fe keletal malfo	weight tal deaths	he following:		

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains of silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer dependuration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in ex- stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects s mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme case consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by abso through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to org vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearin expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liqui cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, dia vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term efforts oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.	nds on the n spray ccess of the uch as on the headache, es, loss of rption anic solvent g loss than d may arrhea and e effects
effects		
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
	English (US) Brazil	11/15

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Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	

- **Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Reproductive toxicity** : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE REDBROWN	5525.5	2949.5	N/A	32.4	3.7
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
diiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
nonylphenol	580	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours	
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-	
diiron trioxide	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours	
3 1 1	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours	
nonylphenol	Acute EC50 0.056 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours	
		English (US) Brazil	12/1	

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Section 12. Ecolo	gical information			
	Chronic EC10 0.003 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus		72 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Chronic NOEC 1 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magr</i> Fish	าล	21 days 96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days				-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
xylene ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	2.8 to 6.5	-	High
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
nonylphenol	3.28	154.88	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water p	partition	i.
coefficient	(Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

English (US)	Brazil	

Code	00247810	Date of i	issue	14 May 2024	Version	8.04
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Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	KSolvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic)	Not applicable.

Additional information

Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue	: 11/9/2023
Version	: 8.04
Prepared by	: EHS

Brazil

14/15

Code	00247810	Date of issue	14 May 2024	Version	8.04
Product	name	SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE REDBROWN			

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
	ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
	UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.