# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision 22 May 2024 Version 2.02

# Section 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product code	: 00445090
Product name	: SIGMAZINC 158 BINDER
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	<ul> <li>Coating.</li> <li>Professional applications, Used by spraying.</li> </ul>	
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.	
Supplier's details	: PPG Coatings (Thailand) Co., Ltd. 15 Rama 9 Road, Kwaeng Huamark, Khet Bangkapi, Bangkok 10240 Thailand T: 662-319-4190 #224 F: 662-319-4189	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC 001-800-13-203-9987 (CCN 17704)	

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 29.600</li> </ul>
	28.6% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 50.5%

## Section 2. Hazards identification

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) Harmful to aquatic life.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.	-
Response	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.	
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

**CAS number** 

CAS number/other identifiers

: Not applicable.

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
✓-methoxy-2-propanol	20- <25	107-98-2
Silicic acid, ethyl ester	20- <25	11099-06-2
ethylbenzene	10- <20	100-41-4
xylene	5- <10	1330-20-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	1- <3	14808-60-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	1- <3	14807-96-6
methanol	1- <3	67-56-1
trimethyl borate	0.3 - <1	121-43-7

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess Eye contact	<ul> <li>sary first aid measures</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

 Potential acute health effects

 Eye contact
 : Causes serious eye irritation.

 Inhalation
 : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

 Skin contact
 : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

 Ingestion
 : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure (CNS) depression.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

### Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialis guantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For non-emergency Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from personnel entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. **For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". **Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been

opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
rethoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). STEL: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017). [xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)]
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. <b>Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017).</b> <b>[crystalline silica]</b> TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Description dust
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Respirable dust <b>Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017).</b> TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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methanol trimethyl borate			dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 328 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 262 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States). STEL: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
			TWA. 2 IIIg/III	
Recommended monitoring procedures	:		riate monitoring standards. Reference to nods for the determination of hazardous	
Appropriate engineering controls	:	contaminants below any recommende	Is to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive	
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measured	<u>res</u>			
Hygiene measures	:	eating, smoking and using the lavatory Appropriate techniques should be use	bughly after handling chemical products, before y and at the end of the working period. In the remove potentially contaminated clothing. Busing. Ensure that eyewash stations and tation location.	
Eye protection		Chemical splash goggles.		
Skin protection				
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
Gloves	:	For prolonged or repeated handling, u	se the following type of gloves:	
		Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PV/ May be used: nitrile rubber	A), Viton®, butyl rubber	

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance				
Physical state	:	Liquid.		
Color	:	Not available.		
Odor	:	Aromatic.		
Odor threshold	:	Not available.		
рН	:	insoluble in water.		
Melting point	:	May start to solidify at the following temperature: 0°C (32°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: water. Weighted average: -90.83°C (-131.5°F)		
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 20°C (68°F)		
Evaporation rate	:	Highest known value: 2.1 (methanol) Weighted average: 0.85compared with butyl acetate		
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	liquid		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 6% Upper: 44% (methanol)		
Vapor pressure	:	Highest known value: 16.9 kPa (127 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (methanol). Weighted average: 1.52 kPa (11.4 mm Hg) (at 20°C)		
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 3.33 (Air = 1)		
Relative density	:	1.18		
Bulk Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	:	1.18		
Solubility(icc)		Media Result		
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).		
Decomposition temperature	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).		

### **Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

Viscosity

: Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity       : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.         Chemical stability       : The product is stable.         Possibility of hazardous reactions       : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.         Conditions to avoid       : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.         Incompatible materials       : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.         Hazardous decomposition products       : Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides		
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.Conditions to avoid: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.Incompatible materials: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.Hazardous decomposition: Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition	Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
reactions         Conditions to avoid       : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.         Incompatible materials       : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.         Hazardous decomposition       : Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition	Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Incompatible materials       : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.         Hazardous decomposition       : Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition		: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.Hazardous decomposition: Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition	Conditions to avoid	
• • • • • • •	Incompatible materials	
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
Silicic acid, ethyl ester	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
methanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
trimethyl borate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.98 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	6.14 g/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
kylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary					

#### Skin

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

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Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
methanol	Category 1	-	-
trimethyl borate	Category 1	-	optic nerve

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2	-	hearing organs
	Category 1	inhalation	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	an cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsines izziness.	s or
Skin contact	lay cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin auses mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.	I.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Ingestion

: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

**Reproductive toxicity** 

: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	4427.56 mg/kg
Dermal	6114.2 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	40.13 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	5.23 mg/l

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains . methanol . Cannot be made nonpoisonous. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### Section 12. Ecological information

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#### **Toxicity**

Result	Species	Exposure
Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Daphnia	48 hours
	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l       Daphnia         Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water       Fish         Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water       Daphnia         Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water       Daphnia

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10	days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no d	lata available on the	mixture itse	lf.	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	6	Biodegradability
ethylbenzene xylene	-		-		Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
I∕-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
methanol	-0.77	-	Low
trimethyl borate	-1.9	-	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.		
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effe		

#### : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.		
	Disposal methods	Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and

# Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

Product code 00445090 Product name SIGMAZINC 158 BINDER Version 2.02

Section 14. Transport information

UN : None identified.

IMDG : None identified.

IATA : None identified.

# Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

: Listed

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

Harmful Chemicals List

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

#### **International regulations**

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 22 May 2024
Date of previous issue	: 10/24/2023
Version	: 2.02
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals</li> <li>IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> </ul>

### Section 16. Other information

UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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